Royal West End the brand that made reputation. Leaders of 20 years. Rs. 185 only. WELLINGTON CYCLE Co. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

Experience dear money, hence benefit by other men's experience. ROYAL WEST END at Rs. 185 is the greatest investment. WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR CO. BOMBAY & POONA.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. VIII NO. 108 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1920. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England).
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.
SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDO CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are requested to be provision of Pass Ports.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
5th May	Margha	8258
10th "	Berlin	17324
12th "	Adolph Woerman	6257
18th "	Moree	6800
22nd "	Mandala	8246
29th "	Narkunda	15620

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALIA.

Date about.	Steamer.	
30th April	Naldera	16230 tons Has limited 1st saloon accomodate

SAILINGS TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Date about.	Steamer.	
30th May	Dilwara	Calling at Colombo
5th "	Himalaya	Calls Kobe & Yokohama

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AN PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamers	
8 p.m. 30th April	Lhasa	Karachi direct.
" "	Barjora	Persian Gulf Ports
6 p.m. 3rd May	Lima	Karachi coasting.
4th May	Rumetta	Bushire only.
6th "	Pareba	E & S Africa
6th "	Bandra	Persian Gulf Ports.
6th "	Lhasa	Karachi direct.
13th "	Bankura	Persian Gulf Ports.

Terms and Rates of Freights and passag ges P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be ar ranged with

MACKINON MACKENZIE & CO., Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tonnage	Arrival.	Departure
Portland Maru	T Itani	6866	24th April	7th May
Shinsei Maru	J.Yamamoto	2010	29th April	10th May
Meichi Maru	H. Shinohara	3191	1st May	11th May
Heimei Maru	R.Nakanishi	4366	5th May	15th May
Muroran Maru	K. Yamada	5170	5th May	8th May
Shinsei Maru	K. Konaka	3404	16th May	27th May
Kimi Maru	M. Murakami	3194	20th May	31st May

Arrives from New York and leaves for Calcutta.

For freight apply to:

T. TAGAMI, Manager.

Office Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
HEAD OFFICE:—OSKA, JAPAN.
Fleet.—127 Vessels, Gross Tonnage 462,960.
REGULAR SERVICE FROM BOMBAY JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamers	Captain	Arrival	Departure	Destination
Kotoku Maru	N. Wakatake.	19th Apl	7th May	Japan
Sanyo Maru	T. Inouye	21st Apl.	11th May.	"
Burma Maru	T. Takemura	8th May	20th May	"
Peking Maru		22nd May	2nd June	"

For Freight apply to:—

K. SHIMA, Manager.

Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

S.S. "LOYALTY."

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES.

8TH JUNE, 1920

FARES.

1st Class "A" Rs. 560.
1st Class "B" Rs. 520.
2nd Class Rs. 380.

A reduction of 10 per cent will be made on three or more full fares for families.

No berth will be registered without a payment of a deposit of Rs. 200.

The steamer is fitted with wireless telegraphy and all cabins have got electric lights and fans free of charge. The steamer also carries a fully qualified surgeon and also a stewardess.

There is no deck accommodation for servants.

VERY FEW BERTHS ARE NOW AVAILABLE FOR JUNE VOYAGE.

For passages and full particulars apply to—

Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co., Agents,
The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.
Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

Telegraphic Address: "JALANATH".
Telephone No. 114.

BANKING.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL $15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND... £ 1,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND. $28,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE: 49, Churchgate Street

OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkow	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

C. H. WILSON, Agent.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital authorised	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,55,799	9	0
Reserve Funds	13,29,592	8	0

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.
BRANCHES.

Amritsar	Hoshiarpur	Ludhiana
Bombay	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Multan City
Calcutta	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Delhi	Jhelum City	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Srinagar
Gujan	Lyallpur	Umballa City
Hapur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened a interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cents. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

RUPCHAND KAPUR, Manager

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
SAVINGS DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 2,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the name of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the rules and schedules on application at any of the Bank's

BANKING.

THE
BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD
Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Yen 80,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... Yen 37,500,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Yen 7,080,000
HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEH, FORMOSA

BRANCHES:

LONDON	YOKOHAMA	KARENKO
NEW YORK	MOJI	KEELUNG
SHANGHAI	AMOY	MAKUNG
HONGKONG	CANTON	TAITOH
SINGAPORE	FOOCHOW	SHINCHIKU
BATAVIA	HANKOW	TAICHU
SEMARANG	KIUKIANG	TAMAN
SOORABAYA	SWATOW	TAKOW
TOKYO	ARO	TAMSUI
KOBE	GIRAN	TOWEN
OSAKA	KAGI	BANGKOK

The Bank has also a LARGE NUMBER OF CORRESPONDENTS at HOME and ABROAD.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened and FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE Business transacted.

K. TAKEMURA, Manager

56, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE
SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen 80,00,000
PADI-UP CAPITAL ..... Yen 2,62,50,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Yen 6,250,000
HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA.
BRANCHES:

Bombay	Kure	San Francisco
Bingomachi	Kurume	Seattle
Dotonbori	Kyoto	Semba
Hakata	London	Shanghai
Hankaw	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	Nakanoshima	Toriaburacho
Hyogo	New York	Wakamatsu
Kawaguchi	Nihama	Yanai
Kobe	Onomichi	Yokohama

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

J. SATO, Manager.

Churchgate Street, Bombay.
Post Box No. 389.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1880.

Subscribed Capital .....Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital .....Yen 61,000,000
Reserve Fund .....Yen 28,000,000
Head Office: YOKOHAMA.

Branches:—
Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Dairen, Fengtian, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yuan, Kobe London, Los Angeles, Lions, Manila, Nagasaki Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Rio de Jangiro, San Francisco, Seattle Shanghai, Shimonoseki Singapore, Soura baya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tokio, Tsingau, Vladivostock.

CURRENT DEPOSIT accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

O. AIZAWA, Manager.

Post Box No. 284, Hornby Road, Fort.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital £1,500,000
Paid-up Capital £750,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders £750,000
Reserve Fund £750,000
HEAD OFFICE:
14, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	New York
Colombo	Karachi	Penang
Delhi	Kota Bhru	Rangoon
Galle	(Kalantan)	Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. A. ROBERTSON, Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BANKING.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.
Branches: London, Calcutta, Cawapore Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.
Sub-Branches—
Bombay—Share Bazaar, 20, Apollo Street. Shroff Bazaar, 227, Shaik Memon Street.
Calcutta—Bara Bazaar.
London Office—
2 White Lion Court, Cornhill, London, E.C.

Authorised Capital ..... Rs. 12,50,50,000/-
Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 7,58,72,400/-
Paid-up Capital ..... Rs. 1,50,31,368/12
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/- to Rs. 1,00,000/- at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum. If the balance to the credit of any account does not fall below Rs. 25,000/- at any time between 1st January and 30th June interest will be allowed during that period at 3½ per cent. per annum. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 2/- half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at the rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.

PURCHASES AND SALES of Securities and Shares effected.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

L. D. L. BUCKLEY, General Manager.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANT BANK, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE:—Apollo Street, Fort.
BRANCH:—Mumbadevi, Bombay.

	Rs.
AUTHORIZED AND ISSUED CAPITAL	10,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	10,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 97,497

DIRECTORS.
The Hon. Mr. GUCULDAS KAHANDAS PAREKH, Chairman.
The Hon. Mr. MAHOMED HAJEEBOY. (Messrs. Hajiboy Lalji and Co.).
GOPALDAS TRICUMJI JIVANDAS, Esq., (Messrs. Tricumji Jivandas).
B. K. GHOSE, Esq.
LALJI GOVINDJI, Esq., (Messrs. Bhuvandas Govindji and Co.).
NARANJI DAYAL, Esq., (Messrs. Premchand Chhaganlal).
JAINARAIN HINDUMAL DANI, Esq., Managing Director.

CURRENT DEPOSITS:—Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS:—Interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS:—Interest allowed at 5½ per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 and upwards for twelve months. Rates for short term deposits may be ascertained from the Bank.

LOANS, CASH CREDITS and OVER DRAFTS given on approved securities.

LOCAL DEMAND BILLS collected free of charge.

Copies of rules may be obtained from the Bank on application.

GAJANANAIN HINDUMAL DANI, Managing Director.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD
ESTABLISHED 7th SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH—Ahmedabad.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,0
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,00
RESERVE FUND	66,00,00

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGH OUT THE YEAR. On sums exceedin Rs. 1,00,000, interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed whis does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year o for shorter periods at the rates of interes which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK accounts opened on favourable terms—Rules on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW, Manager.

THE BOMBAY WIDOW'S PENSION FUND LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1878.
No. 315, Hornby Road, opposite J. N. Petit Library.
Funded Capital Rs. 2,32,000.
Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.
Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.
The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.
Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation, is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed, Rates of subscription are very moderate, 30 per cent. Surrender Value if are the wife predeceased. Twelve months grace if occupation is lost.
Commission to canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to, GAJANNAN SADANAND DESAI, Secretary and Treasurer.

JUST RECEIVED.
Just Received, a fresh consignment of Georgette blouses, dresses, ladies' underwears, underskirts, combinations, Knickers, night-dresses, Kimonos, Chemises, Camisoles, Sunshades, Bonnets; Childrens' frocks and all and every article of wear
FOR
LADIES OF FASHION AND SOCIETY.
AHMED E. ESSA ALI
MERCER, MILLINER AND LADIES' DRESSMAKER.
Telegraphic Address "ZIYA" Telephone No. 479.
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LIMITED
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
GRANTS
5% PER ANNUM ON MINIMUM MONTHLY BALANCES.
Interest allowed on deposits received up to the close of the 6th day of each month
Weekly withdrawals Allowed. Maximum balance Rs 10,000 on any single account

OPEN DAILY FROM 4 TO 8 P. M.
THE BOMBAY COMMERCIAL MUSEUM.
The Permanent Exhibition
OF COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS
AT GIRGAUM TRAM TERMINUS.
Admission Free.

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS HAS PROVED
the permanency and superiority of
"INKOTINE" INKS
and that is why—
they are exclusively used in all the Government offices of the Bombay Presidency.

Do. Particulars and Prices write to:—

G. S. RANADE & CO.
GOVERNMENT INK CONTRACTORS
[BOMBAY No. 4.

Shirts (neglige Soft)	.. Re. 1-8 per doz.
,, (Dress)	.. .. ,, 3 ,, ,,
,, (New)	.. .. ,, 3 ,, ,,

LAUNDERED READY FOR WEAR at the
Diamond Jubilee Washing Co.
Hamam Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

WANTED.
WANTED AGENTS throughout India to sell copies of "How to Become a Qualified Accountant." Indispensable to Accountancy Students and others desirous to know the requirements of Accountancy Profession in India. Pages 302. Price Rs. 1-8. Liberal Commission to Agents and Booksellers. Please apply to S. A. SHARANDHAR, 56, Medow Street, Fort, Bombay.

A Resolution

We will send to the best of our ability our Famous Benares articles as follows

(1) Beautiful, Hardwear, Economical and Finest
COSSI SILK SUIT PIECES
Each piece for one complete suit, Rs. 12 per piece

(2) Benares Sarees, in best styles and workmanship, Price, Rs. 35 upwards each.

(3) A set of 36 Brass Kitchen Toys suitable for children as their playful and instructive organs. Price, Rs. 5 per set.

(4) A set of Cossi Silk (a) Two handkerchiefs (b) Two pairs Socks (c) Two Soft collars Rs. 3 per set.

(5) Brass Gods and Goddesses, such as Rama, Krishna, Durga, Lakhshmi, Monkey-god, etc., Rs. 2 each.

(6) A set of 12 coloured painted wood toys, such as elephant, horse, camel, cow, etc., Rs. 5 per set

(7) Tobacco or Surti pills and powder, Price, Rs. 10 to 40 per seer.

Readers! This resolution is open to you by— Those offers can be yours. Order this very minute from :—

GOOD LUCK COMPANY,
Benares City.

AIR

Propelled, outboard, modern, portable engine, attachable to ordinary boats.

If you desire Speed, Simplicity and Satisfaction do not fail to inspect this before you buy any.

50, Church Gate Street, Fort
BOMBAY.

—Clubwalla & Co.—

FIRE ! FIRE!! FIRE!!

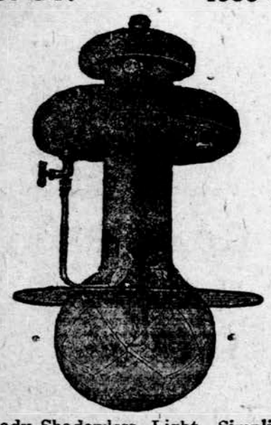
Nobody's Safe

from an outbreak of fire. Don't let yourself be lulled into a False Feeling of Security—get the real protection of the Most Effective Chemical Fire Extinguisher.
have already been the means of saving many a life.

SOLE AGENTS :
THE "ROYAL" FIRE EXTINGUISHERS
LONDON, EASTERN AND AMERICAN TRADING Co.,
HUMMUM STREET.
BOMBAY.

"ALADDIN,"

The Wonderful Lamp.
500 C.P. 1000 C.P.



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The Brilliant Kerosine Arc Lamp
FOR
Municipalities, Clubs, and Messes, Large Institutions and Halls.
Highly recommended for Theatres and Places of Amusements
Sole Agents in India,
S. Bannister & Co. Ld.
THE LAMP WAREHOUSE
50, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY
Telephone 2800.
Telegrams "ALADDIN BOMBAY"

FAIR OPPORTUNITY

TO ALL CONCERNED IN SECOND HAND MACHINERY

We have Engines, Boilers, Gas Plants, Lathes, Drills, Pumps, Gins, etc., etc., in our stock for ready disposal.

Send for the complete list NOW
ENGINEER & CO.
BOMBAY. No. 3.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA
LIMITED.

(Registered under the Indian Companies' Act VI of 1882 on 21st December.)

BRANCHES—Calcutta, Karachi, Lahore, Amritsar and Jharia.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	.....	Rs. 1,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	.....	Rs. 1,00,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	.....(30-12-19)	Rs. 49,90,000
RESERVED FUND	.....	Rs. 14,00,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances over Rs. 500 from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods. Rates on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS allowed on approved securities at favourable rates.

Purchase and Sale Securities at best rates available effected WITHOUT COMMISSION.

DETAILED RULES and further particulars on application.

AUDITORS, Messrs. A. F. FERGUSON & Co., Chartered Accountants, act as weekly auditors of the Bank.

HEAD OFFICE,
Alice Buildings, Hornby Road, Bombay.
S. N. POCHKHANAWALA,
Manager

JUST ARRIVED

ARMOURED & SUCTION
HOSES
BRASS, COPPER & LEAD
TUBES
MANILA, COTTON & WIRE
ROPES
From the Smallest Size,

ALL BRITISH

HATIM ATTARI & Co.,

SHIPCHANDLERS & CONTRACTORS,
24-26, NagdeviStreet, BOMBAY.
TELE. 4612. TELEG. 'NAILS'

JOT IT DOWN

ON YOUR

Mind Tablet

THAT OUR

E' TRUSS ACTINA

Famous Nature Cures, the "E" and the "A", are universally acknowledged to be the best boons to mankind. The former priced at rupees fifteen only is a sure cure for Functional weakness, lost Virility and Wrecked manhood, while the latter priced at rupees twenty-five and annas eight only, is a safe and certain remedy for all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Head and Throat. V.P.P. charges extra for both. Thousands sold in India. Highest references. Each worth its weight in gold and many times over. Unobtainable elsewhere. Detailed booklets for one or both, as desired, free on application to—

Rai B. S. Bhandari, M.A.,
BATALA (PUNJAB)

Common Sense Rat Exterminator.

(TRADE MARK REGISTERED.)

Phone No. 2031. Telegram: INSTALL—Bombay

Beware of spurious preparations cheap but absolutely worthless bearing names which are colourable imitation of the Registered Trade Mark only meant to mislead.

Insist upon demanding the **Common Sense Rat Exterminator.**

THE FATAL BANQUET
The food which the rodent is so eagerly devouring, is COMMON SENSE Rat Exterminator. This paste not only clears a building of rats and mice but by drying up the carcases absolutely prevents the unpleasant results attending the use of inferior preparations.
Common Sense Mfg. Co., Toronto, London, Bombay, Tokio, Buenos Ayres, Buffalo and Australasia.

DAMAGE BY RATS.

Vide the "Times of India" of October 2nd, 1919.

"Rats and Mice are responsible for 60 Crores of Rupees worth of damage annually."

"Rats and Mice Destruction Bill about to become Law in Great Britain"

"The Rat is the most expensive of all the animals maintained by men."

"A single Rat consumes food worth Rs. 4 every year."

"Owners, Occupiers of land, Builders, Ships and other Vessels liable under the said Act to a Fine of £20 for neglecting to take necessary and reasonable steps to destroy Rats and Mice, and to prevent infection."

STOCK AT ALL CHEMISTS.

Common Sense Rat Exterminator Stores,
J. N. Petit Institute Building, Hornby Road
(Entrance from Napier Road), Fort, BOMBAY.

Oxygen Gas Supplied Day & Night

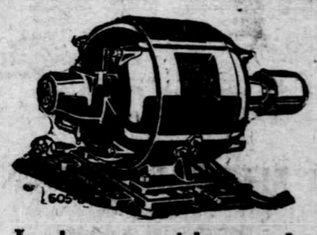
READ MEDICAL OPINION ON OUR TRUSSES

Dr. G. K. R. Asstt., Med ca Officer, Burma Mines Ltd. writes : "I am in receipt of your Surgical Instruments Catalague as well as the Safe-Guard Truss you made to my order and sent per V. P. P. I am highly pleased with it and please accept my sincere thanks for same. I would now request you to kindly make one self reducing belt for general abdominal support."

YOU ALSO GET YOUR TRUSS OR BELT MADE BY US.

(Bombay Surgical Co.)
Opposite West End Cinema, Charni Road, BOMBAY.

Electric New Motors and Dynamos



Standard Voltages. Always in Stock. For Immediate delivery upto 100 H. P. Prices defy competition. Complete Estimate for wiring Installation etc.

would be sent on application

THE
International Engineering Co.,
ENGINEERS & CONTRACTORS
British Hotel Lane, 46, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Telegrams:—THINENCO. Telephone No. 2985.

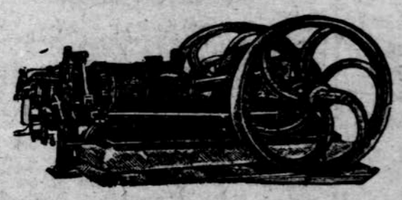
THE IONIC PHARMACY

Fever Drops (144	1—0—0		
Germicide (general preventive)	0—10—0	Neo-Thymoline, (best organic antiseptic for gargles.)	0—14—0
Disinfecting fluid (1 pint bottle)	1—0—0	Cologne Water (First quality 3 oz. net)	1—0—0
Influenza solution	0—10—0	Cod-liver Oil Emulsion	1—8—0
Liver Solution	1—4—0	Universal Embrocation	1—0—0

THE STANDARD CHEMICAL WORKS.

For further particulars write to :— **M. J. GAJJAR,**
22 24 C. P. STREET, near HONGKONG BANK, FORT, BOMBAY.

IMPERIAL CRUDE OIL ENGINES



Low Consumption
Really Reliable
High Efficiency

THE LATEST IMPROVED TYPE

Also other kinds of machinery such as Grinding Mills, Oil Mills, Pumps of all kinds, Colour grinding machines, Saw Benches, Baling Presses, Cylinder Oils, Beltings, and Mill Gins stores always in stock.

P. G. MASKER & Co., ENGINEERS & CONTRACTORS Apollo Street Bombay.

SHAHABAD STONE

Available in any Thickness from ¼ inch to 24 inches
Very useful and economical for,
Floorings, Arches, Copings, Window Sills etc.
Apply Direct to
SITARAM LAXMAN & SON
SHAHABAD STONE CONTRACTORS
to H. E. H. The NIZAMS, GOVT. and other estates in H. E. H.'s DOMINIONS.

Depots :-
SHAHABAD-Deccan
Wadi Junction
Chittapur N. G. S. Ry.

Offices :—
Ganesh Khind Road, Poona
Bank Street, Fort, Bombay
Tele: Add. SHABADLADI, Bombay.
Telephone No. 4231.

FORD CAR OWNERS

Can save time and worry by ordering all spare parts and accessories from

R. T. MEHTA & Co,
Near West End Cinema,
CHARNI ROAD, BOMBAY No. 4.

CONSUMPTION

Hundreds of Letters from patients have been published in the "Chronicle" during the past three years.

Representatives of leading papers have been shown letters from eminent patients and convinced that I have cured many cases.

Lieut.-Colonel I.M.S. advised me not to treat more than

500 PATIENTS A MONTH.

My patients live in India, Burma, Ceylon, Straits, Australia, E. Africa, Scotland and England.

Indian gentlemen writes 22 April:
"I saw Miss Cumberland. She gave excellent evidence of your most successful treatment."

NEXT VISIT BOMBAY
Orient Hotel.
4 May—2 to 6 p.m.
5 May—10 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.

REV. G. R. WALTERS,
B.A., T.C.D., M.A., LL.D.
Address letters:
Northcote Lodge, LONAVLA.

Structure Steel

	Rs. Per cwt.
Angles, Iron 1½ x 1½ x 3/16	— 2
Do. 2½ x 2½ 3/4, 5/16, 3/8...	— 20
Do. 3 x 3 x 3/8, 5/16	— 20
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Tees, Iron 2½ x 2½ x 3/4, 5/16	— 20
Round Bars 3/16 x 1/4	— — 23
Steel plates 1/4, 1/4, 5/16, 3/8	— 18/3
Soft spelter	— — — 36
Steel shafting 2" to 4" 15 to 24ft long	— 35/40
Galvanized pipes, various sizes ½" to 4"	
Expanding Metal, every size	
Crow Bar, steel, Octagon	
Tool steel, Hexagon	

THE
UNION STEEL Co.
No. 1 Apollo St., Rogay Building.

SHANTI

HAIR REGD BRAIN.

This Oil is most indispensable to the young and old. It is unique in its efficacy, cures unbearable headache, removes mental disorder and helps to concentrate one's mind.

Again this is unique in its Trade Mark. Purchasers are requested to examine the above on the table while purchasing

Price, Rs. 1-4-0. Postage extra

Wanted Agents everywhere

For further particulars apply to the SECRETARY
Yogabala Mantralaya,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY No. 1.

Our booklet will tell you how to do it. Write a post card today :—
ANNAPURNA COOKER Co.
Near Cinema Girgaum.

GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
PROF. AMES'.
Electro-Tonic Pearls

These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclinations for work, study or business, general debility and all result of overwork and dissipation. In case of premature old age and weariness after slight effort, these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.

Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0.
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-4-0.
V. P. charges Annas Four Extra.

SOLE AGENTS,
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL COMPANY.
Market, BOMBAY.

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TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

BUILDINGS—Land and Buildings FOR SALE to suit your requirements are offered by MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE "EMPIRE" is a BRITISH-MADE TYPEWRITER. Hence efficiency combined with durability. Sole Agents, CITY SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING STUDIO, 281, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

MOTORS & ACCESSORIES

FORD PRICES AGAIN REDUCED.—4 seater Touring Car, Rs. 2,500; 2 seater Runabout Rs. 2,300. FORD AUTOMOBILES (India), LTD., Hughes Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 707, Telegram "Autoford."

AN absolutely new five seater FORD CAR and famous latest five seater OVERLAND CAR for immediate sale. Cheaper than anywhere you can buy. Owner leaving. Apply Box No. 495, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
650

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A COMPOUNDER. Apply personally to Dr. J. L. DESAI, Hira Bag, C. P. Tank, Girgaon.
651

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—PIANIST and VIOLINIST. Apply Box No. 521, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
737

WANTED—A quick SHORTHAND TYPIST. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 520, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
736

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—Competent TYPIST for the General Office Work. Apply TARAPORVALA & BHAROOCHA, 7-10, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.
721

WANTED—A fast and accurate TYPIST immediately. Apply personally to the MANAGER, ARYAN TYPEWRITING COMPANY, Girgaum Tram Terminus, Bombay.
727

WANTED IMMEDIATELY by well-known firm, a competent SHORTHAND-TYPIST. Apply Box No. 518 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
716

WANTED—A MANAGER having perfect knowledge of Estate, only experienced men need apply to H. R. MEHTA, Sir Mangaldas House, Lamington Road.
643

WANTED—LEDGER CLERK with good knowledge of Accounts and Typing. Apply Box No. 516, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
714

WANTED—CUSTOMS CLERK, well experienced in Import clearance. Apply Box No. 515-A, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
713

WANTED—An experienced Indian practical SUGAR EXPERT, who can manage a Centrifugal Sugar Factory. Apply to:—STANDARD SUGAR MILLS, LIMITED, 2 and 3, Lallbazar Street, Calcutta.
613

WANTED—Competent CLERKS for a first class Firm in Bombay. Apply stating terms with copies of testimonials to testimonials to Box No. 473, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
576

WANTED—A STENOGRAPHER for the Gwalior State Trust, Ltd., Lashkar Gwalior, with a good knowledge of English at Rs. 75 per mensem. Apply stating age, qualifications and speed to the MANAGER.
680

WANTED—TUTOR to teach children up to 5th Standard for two hours daily. Lady preferred. Apply Box No. 507, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
689

WANTED—A COMPANION for a young girl of 11 years to ride with from 5 to 7 p.m. Must be a very stylish side saddle rider. Pony provided. Apply to Box No. 492, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
642

WANTED—A smart TYPIST and CORRESPONDENCE CLERK, none but those having previous experience need apply, Good chance to a really competent man. See personally ENGINEER & Co., Pydhoni Tram Junction.
729

WANTED for a large Newspaper Company in Bombay a competent MACHINEMINDER to take charge of Newspaper printing machines during night. Apply with copies of testimonials stating references and the lowest salary expected to Box No. 500, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A qualified MEDICAL OFFICER either L. M. & S. or M. B. B. S., and a COMPOUNDER for a pilgrim ship sailing shortly. For particulars apply to the PERSIAN GULF STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD., 19, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.
726

WANTED—Experienced PROFESSORS of distinguished qualifications to teach English, Economics, Sanskrit, Persian, Philosophy and Mathematics, for the Raja Ram College, Kolhapur. Pay according to qualifications. Apply with testimonials to KUNWAR HUKAM SINGH, President, Arya Pratinidhi Sabha, U. P., Rais Angai District, Muttra.
685

WANTED.

WANTED A SPACIOUS GODOWN in the vicinity of Fort must be dry, airy and of slabbing floor. Apply DURGADAS RADHA KAM, 20, Churchgate Street, Fort.
682

WANTED—OFFICE ROOMS immediate occupation, vicinity of Fort. Communicate Box No. 505, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
687

WANTED—A BRICK-MAISTRY conversant with the burning of bricks in a Butt's pattern kiln. Apply with certificate to WALCHAND CONSTRUCTION Co., Love Lane, Mazagon, Bombay.
641

WANTED.

WANTED—TRAILORS such as are used with Traction engines for carrying load capacity 3 tons and up. Quote price, specification and conditions. Apply to Box No. 523, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
744

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A LUCRATIVE CONCERN dealing as general Merchants and Commission Agents on Fram line near Girgam Terminies. Apply to Box No. 513, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
702

MILL MACHINERY—Thousands of Spindles and Looms for sale. Apply for further particulars to Box No. 497, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
665

READI—New 20 B. H. P. Super Diesal Crude Oil Engine, one-inch hydraulic tubes tested five tons, Marelli Electric Fans, cart weighing scales, Cameron pumps, Stewarts' Cotton Presses, Hills' Boilers shortly, expected. DREWET CHOWNA, Church Street.
554

TO BE LET.

TO LET—ROOMS, suitable for Offices and Godowns and Shops in Great Western Buildings in Apollo Street and Bakehouse Lane. Run sharp to Messrs. JETHMAL NARANDAS and Co., in Rooms Nos. 119-120, to avoid disappointment.
645

PUBLIC NOTICES.

FOR SALE.

ONE 3 BOWL FRICTION CALENDER MACHINE by Messrs. J. H. Riley and Co., 54in. on Cotton with Steam Engine complete. In good working order. Can be inspected at the EBRAHIMBHOY PABANEY MILLS, De Lisle Road.

Bombay, 4th May, 1920.
709

NOTICE.

CIVIL ENGINEER WANTED to plan and construct Factory Building, Dwelling houses, water service and 10 miles of light railway. Estimated cost about Rs. 6 lakhs. Work to be completed within 2 years. Only those having Building and Railway experience should apply with copies of testimonials and stating salary expected to:—Messrs. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS & CO., 65, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
666

NOTICE

REQUIRED two ladies on the post of midwife and health visitor for Bhopal Municipality. Candidates must have passed medical or at least midwifry or nurse examination.

Salary Rs. 100 and Rs. 25 carriage allowance.

Apply to the

EXECUTIVE OFFICER,
Municipal Board, Bhopal.
631

NOTICE.

WANTED—for a High School in an Indian State in Gujarat, energetic young men as teachers.

1 B.A., (Science) or B.Sc., Salary Rs. 75—16—140.

4 I. E., Salary Rs. 50—8—80.

The time-scale for increment is three years. Preference will be given to experienced teachers and those taking active part in games. Apply sharp with copies of testimonials, to Box No. 498, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
663

TO MOTORISTS.

AUCTION SALE of Motor Cars and Motor Cycles on Sunday 9th instant at 5 p.m. at "Tankerville" opposite Scott & Co., Gowalia Tank Road, by MOTOR EMPORIUM, 1 D Grant Road, Bombay.
648

NOTICE.

WANTED AT ONCE for Government Workshops, Delhi.

Moulders
Patternmakers
Carpenters
Locomotive Fitters
Riveters
Boilermakers
Steelwork erectors
Platelayers
Millwrights
Electricians
Oil Engine drivers
Khalasies.

Only first class men need apply. Good pay and Government quarters provided at small monthly rent.

EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
3rd Project Division,
656 P. O. Pahargunj, Delhi.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP between me and Messrs. KESHAV DHONDU BHAGWAT, NANCHAND DEVCHAND, CHUNILAL RAICHAND and TRICUMJI KALIDAS in the business carried on in the name and style of Messrs. R. K. MODY & CO. and the Petrol Supplying Company at Nagdevi Street, Lamington Road, Colaba, etc. in Bombay, has been DISSOLVED on the 29th day of February, 1920 and from the 1st. day of March, 1920, I alone am carrying on business in the said name and style. No person except myself has got any right to carry on business in the said name or style and I am not liable for any dealings or transactions entered into or that may be entered into by any other person under the said name or style.

R. K. MODY,
Sole Proprietor,
R. K. MODY & CO.,
and
The Petrol Supplying Co.
703

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

OWNER leaving India, FOR SALE BY AUCTION on the 9th instant at MOTOR EMPORIUM, LIMITED, Tankerville, ONE DEDION CAR, 4-cylinder, 18-H. P. with 6-seated cabrio-lette body by Mulliners London, which can be totally closed or opened whenever required. By name lighting set, zenith carburetter, new lining hood and paint complete.

ONE ARROL JOHNSON CAR, 11.9 H. P. 4-seated, with Sankey detachable wheels, shock-absorbers, zenith carburetter.
730

NOTICE.

ADVERTISER wants to purchase a decent bungalow with up-to-date accomodation, on Napean Sea. Warden, or Peddar Road, Cumballa Hill, Malabar Hill, New Marine Lines or Colaba, and is willing to spend from one to 4 lakhs; no broker needed. Apply Box No. 519, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
731

D. C. & A. C. ELECTRIC MOTORS

and

DESK FANS

Large Stock.

B. KHAN & Co.,
204, Hornby Road.
696

GRAND BUNGALOW FOR SALE.

GRAND SPECIOUS BUNGALOW on Malabar Hill for sale. Brokers should apply to Box No. 499, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
668

THE MOOLJI HARIDASS MILLS, LTD.

NOTICE OF STATUTORY MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the STATUTORY MEETING of the Members of the above Company pursuant to section 77 of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 will be held at the Registered Office of the Company "Henshaw Building," Bank Street, Fort, Bombay on THURSDAY, the 6th day of May, 1920, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

Dated this 16th day of April, 1920.

By order of the Board.

MOOLJI HARIDASS & S. NARANJI & Co.,
Agents.
527

TO MEDICAL PROFESSION. NOVOCAIN

NOW

AVAILABLE.

THE ORIGINAL NON-IRRITANT LOCAL ANAESTHETIC. Does not contain Cocaine. Six to seven times less Toxic. Safest and most reliable Local Anaesthetic.

Gold Medal International Congress of Medicine, 1913.

Prices and literature on application.

Manufactured by:

Messrs. SACCHARIN CORPORATION, Ltd., (London).

Sole Agents India, Burma and Ceylon:—

Messrs. F. RUTTONSHAW & CO.,
Oak Lane, Bombay.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Nippon Yusen Kaisha's s.s. "MEICHI MARU" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival from Japan via Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo and requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for Claims are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

T. TAGAMI,
Manager,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

FOR SALE.

OFFERS will be received up to noon on 18th May, 1920, by the PAYMASTER-IN-CHARGE, Royal Naval Depot, Bombay, for the purchase of the twin screw steel gunboat (wood and copper sheathed).

"BRITOMART"

with her engines, boilers and all fittings and stores now on board as she lies in the Government Dockyard.

DIMENSIONS:—

Length 180 feet. Breadth 33 feet.
Displacement 710 tons.
Horse Power—900 N.D. (1300 F.D.)

The fittings and stores comprise auxiliary machinery, anchors and cables, pumps and fire engines, electric light plant and Steam Cutter.

The purchaser must remove the vessel from the Government Dockyard or moorings within seven days of purchase at his own risk. No guarantee can be given with the engines or boilers, which are in good condition, or in regard to any other part of the ship. Twenty five per cent. of purchase money to be paid on acceptance of tender, balance before the vessel is removed from Dockyard or moorings. The acceptance of tenders is subject to decision of the Admiralty by whom a reserve price has been fixed.

No guarantee is required that the ship will be broken up.

Applications to view the ship and examine details of stores for sale with the ship, conditions of sale and any further particulars should be addressed to:—

THE PAYMASTER-IN-CHARGE,
Royal Naval Depot,
B. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay.
651

A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTORS

A going furniture concern in Delhi with influential Government and other connections is now open to consider offers for partnership or for outright sale. Has also got a sufficiently long lease of extensive premises centrally situated which are now almost impossible to secure in Delhi even at fabulous rates owing to the coming Royal Visit. Only Bonafide enquiries accompanied by references entertained. Apply to Box No. 510, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
695

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE,

TENDERS for the supply of SEVENTEEN PAIRS OF BULLOCKS for meat van service, at the Bandra Slaughter Houses, will be received up to 1 p.m. (B. T.) on the 12th day of May, 1920.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and should be delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant.

Forms of contract specification, etc., can be seen at the office of the Superintendent of Markets, who will give all information that may be required, on application.

(Sd.) H. B. CLAYTON,
Ag. Municipal Commissioner.

Municipal Commissioner's Office
Bombay, 3rd May, 1920.
720

NOTICE.

MESSRS. MEHTA DALPATRAM and LALJEE wish to inform their clients that they will be shortly removing their office to the premises at the junction of Medows Street and Oak Lane above Messrs. D. Merwan & Co., Clients are therefore requested to take away all papers and documents in old matters whether attended to by the present firm or by the old firms of Messrs. Mehta and Dadachanji or Messrs. Mehta and Dalpatram within three weeks from the date hereof on the expiry of which period the same will be destroyed.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1920.

MEHTA DALPATRAM & LALJI.
719

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

RE: SALE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT KANDEWADI.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that AHMED ABDUL SATAR, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the property which he has contracted to purchase from RAMCHANDRA KRISHNARAO TELANG, SHANKER KRISHNARAO TELANG, MANGESH KRISHNARAO TELANG, DINANATH KRISHNARAO TELANG and RANGNATH KRISHNARAO TELANG, all of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, and which is described in the Schedule hereto to our client.

Any person having any claim or interest by way of sale, mortgage, gift, inheritance, lease, lien, share, easement, or otherwise to or affecting the said property or any part thereof is hereby required to give notice thereof to the undersigned at their office at No. 48, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the matter will be completed without any regard to any such claim or interest as aforesaid and all such claims, if any, will be deemed to have been waived.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground containing by admeasurement 357.38 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 51, New No. 558, Old Survey No. 493 and New Survey No. 7498 together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 790, Street No. 1 and which said premises are situate at Kandewadi in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by the passage of Kandewadi Lane, on or towards the West by a wall of the said dwelling house or outhouse and a public Road on or towards the North by the compound wall of the said dwelling house and a public Road and on or towards the South by the house of Dinanath Kashinath Padye.

Dated this 5th day of May, 1920.

V. S. DABHOLKAR,
For Messrs. Pandia & Co.,
740 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

RE: SALE OF PROPERTY AT MAHIM CROSS ROAD, BAZAR ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBBY GIVEN that KHATIZABAI daughter of Haji Tyeb Gani, of Bombay, Halai Memon Mahomedan inhabitant has contracted to sell the property belonging to her and described in the schedule hereto to our client.

Any person having any claim or interest by way of sale, mortgage, gift, inheritance, lease, lien, share, easement, or otherwise to or affecting the said property or any part thereof is hereby required to give notice thereof to the undersigned at their office at No. 48, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the matter will be completed without any regard to any such claim or interest as aforesaid and all such claims, if any, will be deemed to have been waived.

SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground admeasuring 392 square yards or thereabouts situate on the East side of Mahim Cross Road, Bazar Road, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 460, New No. 4252, Old Survey No. 106 and New Survey No. 29 with the messuages bungalow and buildings standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under G Ward No. 4932 and Street No. 260 and which cess on pension and tax land payable to the Collector of Land Revenue was redeemed on the 25th day of May, 1900 and which said land buildings and premises are bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East formerly by the Cart late of Lalji Valji Khoja and now the property belonging to Tulsydas Ramji Kuba on or towards the South by the property of Tulsidas Ramji on or towards the North by the house late of of Damodar Ramchandra and now belonging to Gangaram Tukaram Virker and on or towards the West by the said Mahim Cross Road Bazar Road.

Dated this 5th day of May, 1920.

V. S. DABHOLKAR,
For Messrs. Pandia & Co.,
741 Purchaser's Attorneys.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. EDULJI SHAPURJI SABAVA has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property free from incumbrances. Any person or persons having or claiming any right, title, interest, claim, or demand to in or upon the said property by way of indenture, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 91-93, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of quit and ground rent tenure containing by admeasurement one hundred and seven and five-ninth square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 763, New No. 5990, Old Survey No. 294 and New Survey No. 5391, together with the messuage, tenements, or building standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under A Ward No. 1679, Street No. 17 all which premises are situate at and on the South side of Ghoga Street within the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the East by the house of Dorabji Bapuji Pallonji Ranji, on or towards the West by the house of Bai Jaiji Bapuji Hathwaid, on or towards the North by the said Ghoga Street and on or towards the South by a sweeper's passage and partly by Banaji Agiary and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Vendor.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1920.

D. J. MANTRI,
For Messrs. Khandvala & Co.,
718 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that GANPATRAO KRISHNARAO RAO, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, claim, or demand in to upon or in respect of the said property or any portion thereof by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Collector of Land Revenue at Bombay, the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes and to the undersigned at their office No. 11, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard reference to such claim or claims, if any, and the same, will be considered to have been waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Bandra on the South side of Bandra Hill Road, in the Registration Sub-district of Bandra, District Thana, containing by admeasurement 12,089 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under non-agricultural No. 166, Survey No. 26, Pot Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8; Survey No. 189, Pot Nos. 1, 2; Survey No. 190, Pot Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and Entry Nos. 2465, 67, 1713, 1717 and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Nos. 126, 126 A and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the property formerly of Pallonji Ranji and partly of Cowasji Gora and now of Raghunath Mukund or Pestonji A. Wadia, on or towards the West partly by the property of G. Gonsalves and partly by the property of Jao Doming Rana and partly by the property of A. Perreira, on or towards the North by the property of Doming Fonseca and Batty Fields and on or towards the South partly by the said Bandra Hill Road and partly by the property of Joseph Bocarrs.

Dated this 5th day of May, 1920

PURNANAND & CLUBWALLA,
733 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that PREMJI VISRAM, of Bombay, Bhatia Hindoo Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client JOSHI LILADHAR VALJI. All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 121, Esplanade Road, in Old Agra Bank Buildings, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the tenements messuage and buildings standing thereon situate in the registration Sub-District of Bombay, on the East side of Vadgadi or Bandari Street and containing by admeasurement 162 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 1058, Collector's New No. 6756 Old Survey No. 661 and New Survey No. 2207 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward B No. 1766, Street Nos. 3/7 and bounded, on or towards the East by the Dariastan Road, on or towards the West by the Vadgadi or Bhandari Street, also called Garibdas Lane, on or towards the North by the house formerly of Dharamsey Jewa and afterwards of Manekbai, wife of Tricumdas Premji and on or towards the South by the Thakurdwar Temple.

Dated this 5th day of May, 1920.

CAPTAIN & VAIDYA,
734 Purchaser's Attorneys.

KATOL

The best insecticide Ans. 9 per tin.

JAPAN INSECT POWDER CO.

Princess St., Bombay.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ABDUL KARIM HAJI SATTER has contracted to sell our client Mr. IBRAHIM HAJI MOOSA, the undermentioned property and that all persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon the said land hereditaments and premises or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required within 14 days from the date hereof to make the same known in writing to the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay or to the Collector of Bombay, or to the undersigned at their offices within the Fort, at 135, Esplanade, Fort, Bombay, or that otherwise, the sale will be completed without any regard for such claim if any and that the same will be considered as having been waived and void.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece or parcel of quit land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate and being outside the Fort of Bombay and abutting on the East side of Mahomed Ennoos Doctor street, formerly known as second Don Tad Road, without the Fort in the registration Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay. The said ground contains by admeasurement one hundred and seventy-two square yards and six-ninths of another square yard be the same a little more or less and is registered in the Books of the Collector of Bombay under New No. 1491, New Nos. 7238 and 7251, Old Survey No. 2591, New Survey No. 2931 and is assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under B Ward No. 2134, Street Nos. 353-355 and is bounded as follows namely, on or towards the East partly by the property of Mahomed Haroon Kader and partly by the property of Karmalibhoy Dhanji, on or towards the West by the property of Jackeria Haji Alli, on or towards the North by the property of Lalji Doongersey and on or towards the South by the property of Haji Abba Haji Esmail Jackeria.

Dated this 5th May, 1920.

TYABJI DAYABHAI & Co.,
742 Purchaser's Attorneys.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that GOVINDJI RAGHUNATH, of Bombay, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the sam known in writing to us in our Office No. 14 K, Hammum Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of field or Varkhas land, situate at Ville Parle Registration Sub-District Bandra, District Thana, containing by admeasurement 2287. 65 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Entry Nos. D603, D536, C3436, Survey Nos. 251, 252, 252, Pot Nos. 3, O, 25 Felni No. V.V.O. and bounded on the North by waterway (or Nalla) on the South by a strip of land belonging to the said Govindji Raghunath and reserved for Road purposes and beyond that by the property of the said Govindji Raghunath, on the East by the vacant land of Dhanji Ladha and on the West by Private Church Road and which said premises were formerly in the occupation of Essufally Mahomedally and are now in the occupation of the said Govindji Raghunath.

Dated this 3rd day of May, 1920

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
725 Purchaser's Attorneys.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS, BOMBAY.

No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay
Tel. No. 521.

SALE TO-DAY AT 3-45 P. M.

AUCTION SALE of 594 bags of ground nut seeds, Madras taken delivery of by Messrs. Manchand Walchand & Co., under protest from Messrs. Velji Shivji & Co. Under instructions from Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher & Hiralal Solicitors for Messrs. Manchand Walchand & Co. and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Velji Shivji & Co. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, THURSDAY, the 6th May 1920 at 3-45 p.m. (S. T.) at Godown at Messrs. Manchand Walchand and Co., at Musjid Siding Road, Dana Bunder. 594 bags of Groundnut seeds Madras taken delivery of by Messrs. Manchand Walchand & Co. under protest from Messrs. Velji Shivji & Co. and which goods are not of the contract quality.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale and the goods will be inspected at the said godown at Dana Bunder.

AUCTION SALE OF THE EFFECTS OF A DECEASED LADY.

Under instructions from H. C. B. Mitchell Esq., the Acting Administrator-General of Bombay, and the Administrator of the Estate and effects of the late Manchhabai, widow of Chunilal Vijbhookhandas, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 24th May, 1920, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at their Auction Rooms, at No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the effects of the said deceased lady consisting of:—

Milner's safe, cupboard, chairs, bedstead, clock, brass and copper pots, wearing apparels, etc., and silverware, such as box, lota, cups, vatkas, dish, silver watch, etc., and gold ornaments such as medalias, chain, etc.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 6th May, 1920.

MESSRS. MUSSAJEE JAFERAJEE.

Under the kind instruction received from the Officer-in-Charge Divisional Clothing Depot Kirkee, Messrs. MUSSAJEE JAFERAJEE, Government Auctioneer will hold a public auction at Clothing Depot, Kirkee, Arsenal on FRIDAY 7th May, 1920, at 2 p.m. of the following Stores:—

A large quantity of Woollen and Cotton Army Clothing, Blankets, Great-coats, Shirts, Towels, Hats, Trousers, Coats, Pyjamas Mosquito Curtains, etc.

Messrs. MUSSAJEE JAFERAJEE,
Government Auctioneers.

Bombay, 4th May, 1920. 649

SALES BY AUCTION.

TO MOTORISTS.

AUCTION SALE of Motor Cars and Motor Cycles on Sunday 9th instant at 5 p.m. at "Tankerville" opposite Scott & Co., Gowalia Tank Road by MOTOR EMPORIUM, LD., Grant Road, Bombay. 647

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

On Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists.

AUCTION SALE OF JEWELLERY OF VARIOUS KINDS.

On SATURDAY, the 8th instant at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHTA and Co., well sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 25 Medows Street, Fort ,by order of the Bank concerned and on account and at the risk of Messrs. C. Vorhaid and Co.,

Jewellery of Various kinds such as Necklaces, watches, Bracelets Brooches, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF 34 BALES DYED CHADARS OF THE BAMONJI PETIT MILLS.

On SATURDAY, the 8th instant at 3 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the open ground opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully Mulji Jetha Market by order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of Mustafa bin Abdul Latiff.

34 bales dyed chadars of the Bamonji Petit Mills No. 67.

SALE ON FRIDAY, THE 21ST MAY 1920.
AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE PLOT OF LAND AT ELPHINSTONE LAND ESTATE FRERE ROAD.

On FRIDAY, the 21st of May at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will, under the instructions from Mr. Bherulal Sitaram, the owner of the property, sell by Public Auction at the premises the following Plot of Land.

All that piece or parcel of land situated on the Elphinstone Land Estate in the island of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-district of dandeu containing by admeasurement 355 to 9 square yards or thereabouts assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under new Survey No. 3186 and by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward No. 4456 and Street No. 156/162 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards North by the Kallian Street, on or towards the South and West by the property belonging to the trustees of the Fort of Bombay and on or towards the East by the Frere Road.

Further particulars, conditions of sale and inspection of title deeds can be had of the Vendors attorneys Messrs. Malai Modi and Runchordas at their office at Medows Street or of the undersigned.

SALE ON SATURDAY 22ND MAY 1920.
AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY SITUATE AT 2ND KUMBHARWADA STREET.

On SATURDAY the 22nd of May at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will, under the instructions from Mr. Bherulal Sitaram, the owner of the property, sell by Public Auction at the Premises the following property.

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate and being without the Fort of Bombay on the Eastern side of 2nd Kumbharwada Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 135 sqr. yards or thereabouts registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 3116 New No. 10012 Old Survey No. 4457 and New Survey No. 5634 assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No.s. 7630 and 7631 and Street Nos. 245 and 1 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the east by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by the 2nd Kumbharwada Street, on or towards the North by the house of Bapuji Sorabji and on or towards the South by the house of Thacker Jeyaram Shivji..

Further particulars, conditions of sale and inspection of title deeds can be had of Vendors, Attorneys Messrs. Malvi Modi and Runchordas at their office at Medows Street or of the undersigned.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 6th May, 1920.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pearl White
The Peerless Fearless Serial Queen
IN
THE BLACK SECRET
The feature Serial de Luxe of
MYSTERY, LOVE & ADVENTURE
The Second Instalment this week.

PATHE GAZETTE
The latest and best news film

PATHE REVUE
owing the wonders of the world in Art, Science, Travel and Sports.

A MODEL INSTITUTION COMIC.

IMPERIAL
"ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW."

TIME—7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. daily.
Saturdays and Sundays Matinee:
3-30 and 5-15.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE
EMPRESS
To-day at 6-30, 8-15 & 10, p.m.
9TH, 10TH AND 11TH EPISODES
"The Iron Test"
"The Iron Test"
"The Iron Test"
Featuring
ANTONIO MORENO and
CAROL HOLLOWAY
Episode 9th.—
"THE PIT OF LOST HOPE"
Episode 10th.—
"IN THE COILS"
Episode 11th.—
"THE RED MASKS PREY"
THRILLS that THRILL
SEE THEM AT YOUR FAVOURITE PICTURE THEATRE.
This week 9th, 10th & 11th Episode of
"THE IRON TEST"

THE EXCELSIOR
To-day at 6-30 p. m.
"The Chattel."
"The Chattel."
Featuring
PEGGY HYLAND.

ONLY TWO DAYS MORE.
To see the Magnificent Extravaganza of 1920.
"Ali Baba
Ali Baba
Ali Baba
AND THE
Forty Thieves"
The most sumptuous, luxurious, and glorious photoplay produced by
WILLIAM FOX
William Fox has surrounded this world-renowned story with all Oriental Splendour of the original Court and City of the Great Caliph Haroon-al-Rashid.

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers (Bombay) will present to-day and to-morrow.
"Ali Baba and the Forty Thieves"
the story, which is one of the most interesting in that famous old Persian Classic, "The Arabian Nights."
"Ali Baba and the Forty Thieves"
is so wonderfully different from the usual Picture—so unusual in theme and action.

Do not fail to see this gorgeous William Fox Super-Production at the
West-End Cinema
(New Churney Road)
Four Shows Daily: 5-30; 7; 8-45; 10-15 p.m. (S.T.)
COMMENCING SATURDAY NEXT, 8th MAY
Messrs. K. D. and Brothers (Bombay) will present the Great Morality Play of the Age.
"Why I Would not Marry"
(6 parts—7,000 feet)
produced by
WILLIAM FOX.
Curtained against the future are a woman's eyes. Blindly she gropes her way through the tangled maze of life. Suitors come. The plead their cause. Spring and youth conspire to add still more mysteries to the future. And so, with veiled eyes, the young girl takes the vital step.

And then the future reveals itself in grim reality. What it reveals, see for yourselve in
"Why I Would not Marry"
on Saturday next, at the
WEST-END.

AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE
Friday 9-30 p.m.
The Variety Entertainer
Prices: Rs. 3, 2, and 1.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE
RENDEZVOUS OF THE CULTURED
GRAND OPERA SEASON
RUSSIAN GRAND
OPERA Co.
TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT
'LA TRAVIATA."
7th—PAGLIACCI AND CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA.
8th—IL TROVATORE
9th—THE NIGHT OF LOVE
10th—LACME
11th—LA TOSCA AND SPECIAL BALLET.
12th—LA TRAVIATA
13th—THAIS
14th—MADAME BUTTERFLY
15th—BARBER OF SEVILLE AND SPECIAL BALLET.
16th—ROMEO AND JULIET
Matinee Saturday 8th at 5 p.m.—"Pearl Fishers"
OVERTURE AT 9-30 EACH NIGHT.

NOTE.
Special Motors.
The Phoenix Taxi and Transport Service Co.'y Motors. at 12 annas a mile on the estimated distance.
Special trams.
ONE CAR to Colaba via Girgam from the Opera House Tram Terminus.
ONE CAR to Victoria Gardens from the Opera House Tram Terminus.
ONE CAR to Prince's and Victoria Docks from the newly opened Sandhurst Bridge Tram Terminus—which is opposite to Royal Opera House.
Night Prices Rs. 10, 7, 5, 3 & 2. Boxes from Rs. 90 downwards.
Matinee Prices Rs. 7, 5, 3, 2, and 1. Boxes at prices based upon about Rs. 7/- per seat.
BOOKING AT S. ROSE & CO.
(Balcony Seats can also be booked.)
PICTURE PROGRAMME.
Thurs. & Friday at 6-30 p. m.
The Five-reel Vitagraph Photoplay
"Beauty Proof"
Northwest Mounted Corporal risks life in wilderness to save man he had arrested and whom he recognizes as the wrecker of his home.
Also a Rollicking Comic.
A DELIGHTFUL ENTERTAINMENT.
Prices: Re. 1-8; Re 1; Ans. 8 and 4.
(Seats in Side Boxes Rs. 2.)
(Dress Circle Boxes at Rs. 5 each.)

EMPIRE THEATRE
To-day at 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p.m.
The Greatest and Most Powerful Stage Success of years transplanted to the Screen.
"The Lion and the Mouse."
An Absolute super-production is Six Crashing Reels.
In the Old Fable the Mouse becomes the Lion's ally, but in our picture the Mouse not only traps the lion but throws a spell around the Lion's Cub and compels him to ensnare his Sire.
Featuring
ALICE JOYCE
As the girl Mouse who brought to his knees a big financial Lion and at the same time loved his son.
PATHE'S PICTORIAL
and
PATHE GAZETTE

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR
To-Night ! To-Night ! ! At 9-30 p.m.
MAURICE E. BANDMAN
Presents the
Bandman Comedy Co
TO-NIGHT THURSDAY, 6th May, 1920
At 9-30 p.m.
"NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH."
FRIDAY, 7th May, 1920
"THE NAUGHTY WIFE."
Saturday, 8th May, 1920 and Sunday, 9th May, 1920
"GOOD NIGHT NURSE."
PLANS at Rose & Company up to 6 p.m. After 7 p.m. plan for To-Night's Attraction at the Theatre.

Empire Theatre
Under the Distinguished Patronage of Major-General W. B. James, G. O.C., Bombay Brigade.
Grand Boxing Contest
Grand Boxing Contest
Grand Boxing Contest
AND
Physical Display
FRIDAY, May 7th, 1920. at 9-30 p. m.
Under the Direction of
Prof. V. NOEL.
Exhibition of Swordsmanship and Musical Muscular Control by Sergt: A. R. Hawkes, the Hercules of India.

8 Round Contest.
CPL. MARSH
12st, Present Heavy Weight Champion of India.
vs.
NICK LONGMAN
12st., G. I. P. Ry,; Winner of Many Fights

10 Round Contest.
DRIVER LAMBERT
9st. 6lbs.
vs.
BANDSMAN BLAKE
9st. 4lbs.

8 Round Contest.
MILTON KUBES
10st. 7lbs., Late Overseas Forces.
vs.
PTE. FLANNERY
10st. 7lbs., Challenger for Welter Weight class.

6 Round Contest.
DRIVER QUINLAN
8st. 6lbs.
vs.
PTE. AMERSHAM
8st. 4lbs.

REFEREE.—T. ADAMS, Esq., Supdt., Victoria Terminus, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay.
PLAN & BOOKING at ROSE & Co.

THE GREEN EYED MONSTER
IS PORTRAYED MANY A TIME IN MANY A DRAMA
In the Theme of "MAHABHARATA."
he is Personified Practically everywhere
YOU SEE HIM IN
Draopadi Vastra Harana
MAY be—it might do your—Some good Some day. The Picture has a Special message
FOR LADIES TOO
Are you Coming? Bring the entire family.
its OUR advice
Four Houses a day 5-15, 7-0, 8-45 & 10-30.
CINEMA MAJESTIC
The House Showing Selected Pictures only.

COMMERCIAL

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

CLOSING PRICES

Months.	Liverpool, May 3rd To-day's price
April.	23 30
May	24.28
June	25.12
July	24.92
Aug.	24.65
Sept.	24.44
Oct.	24.14
Nov	23.78
Dec.	23.62
Jan.	23.53
Feb.	23.33
Mar.	23.15

Tone:— Steady.

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months:	Liverpool, May 3rd To-day's price.
May	..
June	..
July	23.04
Aug.	..
Sept.	..
Oct.	24.22
Nov.	..
Dec.	23.78
Jan.	23.62
Feb.	..
Mar.	..
April	..

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

	Liverpool, May 3rd
4 0 Bengal Good	13.75
" " Fully Good	14.50
" " Fine	15.00
" No. 1 Oomra Good	13.50
" " Fully Good	19.50
" " Fine	20.10
" Broach Good	21.35
" " Fully Good	21.85
" " Fine	22.35
" Broach Seinds Good	13.57
" " Fully Good	14.32
" " Fine	14.81

AMERICAN MARKETS.

	New York, May 3rd
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	11,000
Day's Export to Great Britain	8,000
" to Continent	20,000
Futures at New York July	38.20
" Oct.	36.20
" Jan.	34.50
Spot Cotton; at New York	41.45
" Orlean	41.0/
Futures at New Orleans May	38.10
" Oct.	36.82
Fair Rio Coffee (N1. 7 Quality)	18 1/4
Demand Bills	3.58.50
Silver Commercial Bars	110⅛

MONEY MARKETS.

	London, May 3rd
Rentes 3%	52 3/8
Bar Silver Spot	65 1/2
" 2 months hence	65
Closing Tone of Silver:—Declined owing to the continental sales steady.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 7 per cent since 15th instant.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	6 5/8
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	6 7/8
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	7
" " 6 "	7 1/2
Bar Gold (per oz.)	108
Interest day to day loans	4 1/2
" 7 day market loans	5 3/8
Consols 2½%	47
Rupee Paper 3½%	83½
Indian Stock 3½% (Sterling Loan)	83
Government Securities 3%	58
Ex On London at Paris; France	62.80

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

	London, May 3rd
WHEAT.	
Rosario Santa Fe—62 lbs. afd	94
Australian—61 lbs. Paid Nominal	96
SHARES.	
Chartered Bank	£78
Hongkong Bank	£15 1/2
National Bank	£94
SEEDS.	
Linseed, Yellow Guzerat, 414 lbs. ex Ship May-June sellers	£43 1/2
Rapeseed, Brown, Cawnpore 416 lbs ex-Ship May-June Q lots	£38
Linsed Calcutta April June Sellers Dull	£43
Linseed Afloat to U. K. To s	77,000
Linseed, Bombay per 416 lbs. ex-Ship April-May Sellers	£45
Linseed, Argentine (La Plata) May-June Buyers	£17
Cottonseed, Bombay (sound delivered per ton) May June Sellers	£17
Toria Rapeseed:—May-June Sellers	£41 1/2
JAVA SUGAR.	
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Aug.-Sept. Sellers	83
Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay Aug.-Sept. Sellers	81/8
Do. do. Karachi Aug.-Sept. Sellers	85

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, May 5.

The Marwadi bazaar opened at Rs. 434 for Fully Good Broach July-August declined to Rs. 431 and gradually improved to Rs. 439. At 3 p.m. the quotations were Rs. 443 for Broach July-August and Rs. 466 for April-May, while Oomra May was Rs. 299, July Rs. 321, and Bengal May Rs. 221 and July Rs. 244, the tone of the market being better all round. Broach July-August after touching Rs. 443½ declined to Rs. 438½, and the bazaar closed at Rs. 439. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 439, Advanced to Rs. 441, and closed at Rs. 443.

For ready cotton the requiry has been moderate.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

			Rs.
Fully Good Broach	.. ..	April-May ..	466½
Fully Good Broach	.. ..	July-Aug. ..	443
Fully Good Bengal	.. ..	.. May ..	299
" "	.. ..	.. July ..	323
Fine Oomras	.. ..	.. May ..	225
" "	.. ..	.. July ..	244

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARDS,

QUOTATIONS, 5th MAY 1920.

			Rs.
Fully Good M.G. Bengal	.. ..	May ..	214
Fully Good M.G. Bengal	.. ..	July ..	238
Fully Good M.G. Broach	.. ..	April-May ..	463
Fine M.G. Oomras	.. ..	May ..	225
Fully Good M.G. Broach	.. ..	July ..	243

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Descriptions.	Super Sea.	Fine.	F.G.	Good.	Delivery.
M.G. Bengal	..	240	230	220	Ready.
M.G. Sind Punjab	..	2 0	220	200	..
M.G. Oomras No. 2	345	315	285	..	..
Central P. No. 1	400	375	330	..	..
M.G. Central No. 2	380	355	310	..	..
M.G. Broach	..	510	490	475	..

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc. for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 4th May 1920

Cotton	24,214 Bales
Wheat	12,412 Qrts
Linseed	7,197 "
Rape etc	7,919 "
Gingellyseed	52 "
Poppyseed	988 "
Jerusalem	316 "
Cast-seed	1,122 "
Rice	143,201 "
Myrabollams	6,368 "
Cut-sawed	12,633 "
Wt. sawed	952 "
Drum	2,157 "
Jewut	110 "
Halos	Nil.
Barley	2,5 0 "
Barkree	256 "

WHEAT AND SEEDS QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 5th 1920; 3-30 p.m.

Ready	Bank Terms	Rail Delivery
	Rs a p	Rs a p.
Wheat White Delhi 70-80	63 0 0	0 0 0
" " Cawnpore 70-80	62 0 0	0 0 0
" Karachi Bengal	61 0 0	0 0 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	12 0 0	12 0 0
" Cawnpore	13 0 0	13 0 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	13 4 0	13 12 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	13 4 0	13 12 0
" Thin	14 12 0	15 4 0
Tilseed, White 85-15	93 0 0	15 6 0
" Oil at 73-25	93 0 0	15 6 0
" Grain 20-50	80 0 0	15 0 0
" Black	70 0 0	14 0 0
Coodyseed, White	13 0 0	16 12 0
Groundnuts	85 0 0	17 0 0
Mowrawed	45 0 0	8 8 0
Barley	45 0 0	.. ..
Castor seed	1 .. 53 0 0	11 4 0

Forwards	Rs a p.
Wheat May	0 0 0
Linseed May	14 13 0

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 5th 1920.

	Market Rates:
Bank Telegraphic	2 2 3/4
Bank Demand	2 2 13/16
Docs. Acceptance Bm/s	2 3 7/8
Tels. Demand	65½
American Dollars	229
Hongkong	216
Shanghai	303
Japan	113
Singapore	105½

Market steady.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKE

Bombay, May 5.

Bar Gold ready Rs. 21-10-0.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London 2/2 3/4.
D. D. on London 2/2 7/8.
Credit 3 Msd/a 2/3 1/2.
D. D. on Paris frcs. 675.
Credit 3 Msd/a frcs. 750.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 112.
60 Days sight Rs. 106.
American Cross Rate 83.86.
Paris Cross Rate frcs. 63.10.
London Silver Spot D. 64 3/8d.
London Silver forward D. 62 3/8d.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent. War Loan 88.
5½ per cent. War Loan due 1929-32 99.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 81.
4 per cent. Perminable Loan 91.
3½ per cent. Paper 58.
4 per cent. Port Trust long dated 64.
4 per cent. Port Trust short dated 64½.
4 per cent. Municipal long dated 63.
4 per cent. Municipal short dated 90.
4 per cent .City Improvement Trust long dated 63.
5 per cent Municipal Tansa 88.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 91½ to 92½.

BANK RATES.

Bank of Bombay 8 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 7 per cent.
Bank of Madras 8 per cent.

SHARES.

The market opened weak but closed steady at the fall.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Ahd. Advance 2900 N., By. Cotton 1474, By. Dyeing 3760, By. Uniteda 2250 N., Century 1325,, Cent. India 5465, xd., Colaba 3240, Coorla 3350, Crescent 725, Currimbhoy 1245, David 1615, Fazulbhoy 1782, Finlay 1470, Ind. Malwa 670, Kastoorchand 2750, Kohinoor 4425, Madhowji 4400, New Great 1000, New City 4100 N. Pearls 1315, Premier 310, Shapurji 350, Simplex 1095, Swan 1370, Swadeshi 5770, Tata Mill 2850, Andhra Valley 790, Alcock 1160, By. Burma 805, By. Burma New Issue 305, Bt. Burma Petrol: 23/8, By. Tramway 1080 By. Steam 485, Bundi 58, Ind. Cement 620 N., Katni ord. 307½, Katni defd. 1725, New India Insur: 29/8 pr. Shivraipur 34, Tata ord. 196/4, Tata defd. 1045, Tata Hydro. 1230, Tata Oil 515, Scindia Steam, 17/8 pr. Tata Bank 58.

COLOUR MARKET.

(From our Correspondent.)

Bombay, May 5.

The market for all Dyes excepting Alizarine is dull. The demand from the mofussil has enhanced its value to Rs. two thousand per drum of 448 lbs. The arrival does not cope with the demand and thus the confidence has been regained by the merchants for this Dye. The other Dyes are not in great demand and buyers get concession rates. Limited business is reported in reds; Sulphers are ruling easy.

The quotations are:—
Congo-Red Rs. 4-4-0 to 4-12-0 per lb.
Magenta Crystals Rs. 22 per lb.
Alizarine Rs. 1,900 to 2,100 per drum.
Auramine Rs. 6 to 7 per lb.
Methyl Violet Rs. 9 to 10 per lb.
Direct Green Rs. 5 per lb.
Sulpher Black Rs. 1 to 1/8-0 per.

The National Development Coy. Ltd. has been formed at Rangoon with a capital of Rs. 10 lakhs to undertake industrial and commercial enterprise of every kind. The directors are all Burmans principally connected with the Y.M.C.A. and the Burma Reform League.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Final M.B.B.S. Examination, Results University Hall 12-45 p.m.
The Tata Power Co., Ltd., Statatory Meeting, Navsari Bldgs. 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).
The Mail Steamer Mova with the outward Mails of the 22nd ultimo is expected to arrive/Bombay at 2 p.m.
The National Financing and Commission Corporation, Ltd., Extraordinary General Meeting, 39-41, Apollo Street, 4 p.m. (S.T.).
Mails for Seychelles, Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. Taroba will be closed at the General Post Office at 9 a.m. Correspondence for Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will be also be forwarded by this steamer

Domestic Occurrences.

DEATH.

MAVJI—Dinshaw Burjorji Mervanji Mavji (Government Pensioner, Currency Bank), father of Burjorji, Phirozsha and Ardesher, and father-in-law of Khurshed ji Edulji Bisni and of late Munchershaw Hormusji Dubash, died last night. Aged 76. Funeral this evening 3 p.m. (B. T.) at Gungaram Terrace Tardeo Road, opp. Byramji Jeejibhoy's Bungalow.

BAND AT P. V. M. GYMKHANA.

The Band of the 1/13th G. I. P. Railway Battalion (I.D.F.) will play at the P. V. Mary Gymkhana this evening at 6-30.

LONDON NEW YORK CROSS RATE.

A press communique states:—
It is notified for general information that the London New York cross rate on the 4th instant was 386¼.

BAND AT CHOWPATI.

The Band of the 1/13th G. I. P. Railway Bn. (I. D. F.) will play at the Chowpati Band Stand this evening commencing at 6 p.m.

CITY MORTALITY.

121 deaths occurred from all causes in Bombay on Tuesday as against 207 on the corresponding day of last year and 122 on that of 1917, 2 attacks and 1 death from plague, 4 attcks and 1 death from small-pox and 6 attacks from influenza and pnumonia, were reported on Tuesday.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION.

Urgent private telegrams at triple rates may be accepted for Aden, Cyprus, Hedjaz (Arabia) Palestine, Perim, and Syria via Bombay or Eastern.

KNOCKED DOWN BY MOTOR CAR.

The Deputy Coroner concluded the inquest into the death of Mr. G. G. Bonnell, Assistant General Manager, Singer Sewing Machine Company, who died of injuries received in a motor accident on Waudby Road.

Mrs. Annis May Kelly stated she was driving in a taxi-car No. 4116 on April 24 and as they were going along the deceased came suddenly in a motor cycle and throwing his hands towards the car he caught the witness' leg. The car stopped at once and the motor cycle fell. The car was on the left side of the road and was not going fast; the horn was sounded.

Mrs. Kenneth Florence said the deceased came on to the right hand side of the car; she did not notice whether the horn was sounded, and did not hear the deceased say anything.

Inspector C. F. Davidson said when he visited the place he found the deceased lying on the footpath. The motor-cycle was about the middle of the road opposite Home Street and the taxi about four yards away facing the Victoria Terminus. When questioned in the hospital the deceased said he had lost control of the machine in taking the curve and that it was his own fault. The road was not being repaired at the place of the accident.

The jury returned a verdict of death from injuries sustained by the deceased having been accidentally knocked down by motor-taxi No. 4116 whilst he was turning into Waudby Road from Home Street on his motor cycle.

BENEFIT OF DOUBT.

Before Mr. G. R. Khairaz Deputy Inspector Klein charged Durabshah Edulji with driving his motor car in a such and negligent manner so as to endanger human safety. Mr. B. H. Daroowalla defended.

It was stated for the prosecution that on April 30 at about 6 p.m. F. W. Good-hand, of the Eastern Bank was driving his car along the Esplanade Road and while entering the Mayo Road the accused's car came up from Apollo Bunder and collided with the complainant's car. The prosecution stated that the accused's car was being driven at an excessive speed while the complainant's was going slowly. The accused applied his brakes immediately and no serious accident occurred. On the other hand the complainant said he was in a hurry to go home and he did not lodge a complaint with the police about the accident, but gave his name to the policeman. He also stated that he was on the proper side of the road and that it was for the complainant to give way to the traffic on the main road.

The Magistrate after visiting the place, gave the accused the benefit of doubt and acquitted him, in view of the conflicting evidence.

KING OF TONIC

Makardhvaj

Full of Gold, Silver, Amber, Kasturi and other precious ingredients. This celebrated oldest hereditary Yakuti will make you young—will remove all your weaknesses and will give you permanent unique strength. Price Rs. 10 per 40 pills. The oldest, and well-known Factory which has received medals from every Exhibition. Please ask for free Price List.

DHRAKSHASHAV

It destroys the sole cause of all diseases, Constipation, It gives hunger. It acts as a purgative. It ensures sleep—and it makes the face rosy. It is sweet in taste. One big bottle Rs. 2/-.

Unza Ayurvedic Pharmacy

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.
Factory—Unjha (Near abemount.)
BRANCH:—Ahmedabad, Richey Road.

"THE NIGHT OF LOVE."

OPERA BOUFFE OR OPERETTA.

It was a night of laughter and great amusement at the Royal Opera House on Tuesday night when "The Night of Love" was produced by the Russian Grand Opera Company, and just suited those who have felt that the great grand operas required much study, too much study for some people, in order that enjoyment should be forthcoming. The shortage of petrol had a very big effect on the attendance for the ten-rupee seats were but sparsely patronised, but judging from the prolonged and hearty applause, the other parts of the house were better occupied. It certainly seemed, after so much grand opera, that "The Night of Love" was incongruity, and from that point of view, was so much rubbish. Still there is a real story, and a good story running through the operetta by Valentinoff, and the introduction of well known and popular grand opera airs assisted in placing "The Night of Love" far above many of the trashy musical comedies that have been seen in Bombay, and other parts of the world.

Valentinoff is not a well known composer to the English speaking peoples, but he has written half a dozen such opera bouffe successes, and "The Night of Love" has met with conspicuous success in Russia. It is in the nature of a pot pourri. Even the "Merry Widow" waltz song was introduced on Tuesday night besides airs, which have become, so popular from "Pagliacci," "Faust," "Les Hugenots," "Il Travatore," "Carmen," "Les Cloches de Corneville" and others which we recognised. Whether musical comedy, opera bouffe, comic opera, or operetta, "The Night of Love" had the merit of being performed by people who could sing, people who could act, and by a chorus where the harmony of four parts was a distinguishing feature of the whole presentation. There was much dancing and some of it was character dancing and present day ball room dancing. The entertainment was as chock-full of a fun as an egg is of meat and it compelled laughter.

We were put into a good humour very early in the operetta with the full of motion production, the more or less modern dressing, and the exceptional brightness of the ensemble. That bass profundo, Mr. Voinoff, who played the character of Nasink, a captain, was made up in a manner which disguised his identity, but his resonant voice was there, and a little later, there was a laughing duet by Messrs. Busanovsky the tenor and the bass, assisted by a very strong chorus, which narrowly escaped a repetition. A beautiful duet by Messrs. Busanovsky and Ulianoff was a big effort on their parts. The Misses Burskaya and Sasonzova engaged in a duet the like of which has seldom been heard in Bombay, and then we enjoyed the melody of the great "Faust" trio. But all through the operetta there were sparkling numbers of more or less 'popular" character, and although one does not associate this "popular" stuff with the Russian Grand Opera Company, its presentation provided an example of the versatility of the talented visitors.

It would not be too much to say, that if the Russians played "The Night of Love" again, and Bombay people were told exactly the character of the operetta, it would appeal to a great number of musical loving people for whom grand opera was something in excess of their comprehension. There are some right down character parts in "The Night of Love." Miss Feodorova was Mary, an old lady who played her part in an exaggerated manner which did hurt the character at all, and Mr. Voinoff made an excellent low comedian. He entered into the spirit of the character of the captain. Mr. Busanovsky was the leading juvenile, the hero of the piece and the herone was Miss Sasonzova was the runaway lover of Mr. Busanovsky. Miss Burskaya as the young widow, Karolina, was a bewitching personality, and one almost excused the unfaithfulness of others who proffered attention upon her.

On looking at the future engagements it will be seen that "The Night of Love" will be repeated on Sunday night, and those who want a good laugh, and at the same time hear some spirited music of the light side in musical art, will be advised to attend the Grand Opera House where they will laugh and grow fat. We have seldom laughed so immoderately as we did last night. "La Traviata" will be staged to-night, particulars of which will appear elsewhere.

"LA TRAVIATA" TO-NIGHT

The standard grand opera "La Traviata" by Ginseppe Verdi, will be presented to-night at the Royal Opera House. The story is based upon the novel "The Lady of the Camelias" by Alexander Dumas, and the period is altered so as to be contemporary with Louis XIV.

The frail Violetta Valery forms the acquaintance of Alfred Germont, and for love of him abandons her questionable life. They live an idyllic existence in the country until during Alfred's absence his father comes to Violetta and tells her that the future of Alfred and the fortunes of his sister have been destroyed by his connection with her. With growing remorse she listens to the pathetic words of old Germont, and through his influence leaves her lover, giving as explanation a desire for her old gay existence. In order to drown her grief, she plunges more widly than ever into dissipation, and when met by Alfred at an entertainment is insulted by him. Violetta's admirer, Baron Douphal, challenges Alfred, and Violetta, already far from strong, is made seriously ill by the excitement. Old Germont, moved by compassion, and realizing that Violetta's love is sincere, gives his consent to the union of the lovers Alfred hastens to her side, understanding at last that Violetta had sacrificed herself for his sake, comes to beg her forgiveness and she dies in his arms.

ACT I.—CHAMBER OF VIOLETTA.

Ensemble of the guests. Drinking song, Alfred and Violetta: "Who merrily enjoys this life"; Alfred's confession of love: "A year ago—so lovely so charming"; Chorus: "Soon shines the light of day"; Scene and aria of Violetta: "Strange, very strange", and "'Tis he, his handsome face."

ACT II.—CHAMBER IN A COUNTRY HOUSE.

Alfred's scene: "Far from thee"; Aria: "Her eyes' magic charm"; Scene and duet, Violetta, Germont's father: "Mademoiselle Valery?" and "God gave me a daughter"; Scene, Violetta Alfred: "What are you doing?" Scene of Alfred and aria of Germont: "In Provence, by the Sea."

ACT III.—AT FLORA'S HOUSE.

Scene and masked gypsy chorus: "We are gypsy girls", Chorus of bull-fighters: "From the circus at Madrid". Scene Violetta, Germont and Alfred. Violetta: "Alfred, you know not my love."

ACT IV.—BEDCHAMBER OF VIOLETTA.

Scene between Violetta, Annina and physician. Violetta reads letter of Germont, giving his consent to her union with Alfred: "Farewell past days of joy!" Scene and duet, Violetta, Alfred: "Oh, you my life, you my highest joy"; Aria, Violetta; "O great God": Finale: Germont, Violetta, Alfred. Death of Violetta.

IMPERIAL.

Commencing to-day and till the rest of the week the third instalment of the Black Secret, will be shown at the Imperial. Pearl White in her long and successful serial career under Pathe, has never had a role that fitted her so perfectly as that of Evelyn Erith, the heroine of the Black Secret. Her peculiar talents for furnishing thrills, for dominating through sheer personality and doing things that are typically pearl white are given the fullest play. The programme includes the latest Pathe Gazette, the usual weekly interesting film Magazine, the Pathe Review and a Luke Comic teeming with laughs.

HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

BANDRA DEFAMATION CASE.

AN UNUSUAL APPLICATION.

Lilly Paul
vs.
1. Manchershaw B. Wadia.
2. Meherbai Framji Bharucha.

(Before the vacation Bench composed of the Hon. Mr. Justice Shah and the Hon. Mr. Justice Kajiji.)

The vacation Bench of the High Court was engaged yesterday morning in hearing an interesting though unusual application on behalf of the second accused in this case to the effect (1) that under Section 435 of the Criminal Procedure Code, the High Court should send for the record and proceedings of the case before the Magistrate at Bandra and after examining the same quash the proceedings against her and (2) that the proceedings against her should be stayed pending the hearing of the application.

Mr. S. G. Velinkar instructed by Mr. Kanga of Messrs. Chitnis Motilal and Kanga, appeared for the petitioner.

In her petition the lady stated that she was the sister of one Dorabji Framji Bharucha who died at the Parsi General Hospital in May 1919. On 14th May, 1919, the first accused who was a relation of the deceased, addressed a letter to the District Superintendent of Police, Thana, in which he stated that the deceased had died of certain injuries and that he had been practically beaten to death. It was further stated in that letter that the deceased had been for some time past in the clutches of a convert woman of doubtful character and the deceased's sister (namely the petitioner here) had told him that the deceased complained that this woman and her badmashes had beaten him to death and therefore the case required investigation by the police. The complainant Lilly Paul alleged that she was the woman referred to in that letter and she therefore instituted criminal proceedings for defamation against both the accused in the Magistrate's Court at Bandra on 23rd August, 1919. The Magistrate issued process and the evidence as first recorded on 20th January, 1920. The delay was caused by a petition for transfer of the case made by the first accused, and certain other applications. The petitioner stated that she took no part in any of these applications. Since 20th January, there had been sixteen hearings in the case, in twelve of which she had been represented by pleaders and she had to incur heavy expense. On 23rd April, 1920, the Magistrate framed a charge.

She stated that she knew nothing about the letter of 14th May, 1919, written by the first accused to the Deputy Superintendent of Police, Thana, and she had not authorised the first accused to write such a letter. The first accused in his examination by the Magistrate had also not stated that he was authorised by her to write the said letter. The first accused had stated to the Court that he was going to call thirty-five witnesses. On her part she did not wish to call any witnesses or to examine any of the prosecution witnesses further. She had therefore thrice applied to the Magistrate to separate her case from that of the first accused pointing out that there was no evidence on the record to connect her with the publication of the said letter. But the Magistrate refused her application. On the 1st of May her counsel once more requested the Magistrate to dispose of the case against her as she did not want to cross-examine the prosecution witnesses any further or to call any witnesses on her behalf. But the Magistrate did not accede to her request.

There was nothing in the documentary evidence adduced in the Magistrate's Court to connect her with the alleged defamation. She had been put to enormous trouble, and her health suffered a good deal by the strain and worry. If the first accused was going to call 35 witnesses, the trial would be a lengthy one entailing great anxiety and expense on her. She therefore submitted that their Lordships should interfere in this case as an exceptional one. Counsel for the petitioner submitted these facts to their Lordships and proceeded to refer to the evidence adduced before the Magistrate.

RULE GRANTED.

Mr. Justice Shah said that at this stage both he and his brother Kajiji thought that counsel should not refer to any evidence. His Lordship further characterised the application as an unusual one.

After counsel's further arguments on the same line as set out in the petition, their Lordships granted a rule and made it returnable on the 27th instant.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

The following is the statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Central Bank of India Ltd., Bombay, for the day ended 30th April 1920.

LIABILITIES.

Capital subscribed Rs. One Crore, Capital Paid up Rs. 49,90,000; Reserve Fund Rs. 14,00,000; Fixed Deposits, Current Accounts, etc. Rs. 8,36,61,000; Sundries Rs. 8,53,000; Total Rs. 9,09,04,000.

ASSETS.

Cash Credits and Overdrafts on Government and other authorised securities Rs. 3,40,54,000; Loans Government and other authorised securities Rs. 2,38,56,000; Bills Discounted Rs. 75,25,000; Sundries Rs. 21 42,000; Cash in hand, at Banks and Investments in Treasury Bills. War Bonds, Paper Municipal Bond, Debentures, etc. Rs. 2,36,27,000; Total Rs. 9,09,04,000.

NADIAD NEW ENGLISH SCHOOL

Rao Bahadur Govindbhai Hathibhai Desai, Chief Justice, Baroda State, presided over the Annual Prize distribution Gathering of the New English School, Nadiad on the 1st instant. the proceedings opened with the report of the head Master, which by the increased number of students in the School and the results obtained at various Examinations, pointed out the extraordinary progress the school had made during the year.

The President after giving away the prizes, congratulated the manager in his address, for the arduous and disinterested pains he took for the School. He was glad to find that the school had made good progress during 19 years. The proceedings terminated with the singing of the National Anthem.

REVERSE COUNCILS.

A press communique states:—
It is notified for general information that the rates at which Reverse Councils will be sold on Thursday the 6th May 1920 will be as follows:—
For Immediate Telegraphic Transfers 2s. 5 3/16d. per rupee.
For Deferred Telegraphic Transfers 2s. 5¼d. per rupee.

MAHUVA BUNDER GRIEVANCES.

The Mahuva Mahajan with the hon. secretary of the Passengers and Traffic Relief Association, Mahuva branch had called on Mr. Tudor Owen and Sir P. D. Patani, some time back with regard to the Mahuva bunder grievances. A reply has been received stating that "proper steps will be taken to give such facilities as could be given."

REVERSE BILLS.

To the Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—The Government in their recent communique on the subject dated 22nd April told us that "the large sales of Reverse Bills and the marked recovery of Dollar sterling exchange have now brought into closer conformity the market rate of exchange and that based on the rupee equivalent in gold. In the changed circumstances and the greater ability shown by the market to support exchange the Government intended to revert to £1,000,000 weekly."

Now I don't know if it was intended to convey in the above that the bringing together of the Government rate and the market rate was due to the sales of Reverse Bills. If it was, then it is quite an unfounded assumption to make. The bridging of the difference between the two rates was merely a fortuitous coincidence owing to the New York rate moving up. Now that that rate is going down the gap between the Government and the market rates is again widening and show most conclusively that the continued sale of Reverse Bills is a useless waste of our sterling resources, which we ought to conserve for really adverse days.

I and others have repeatedly pointed out that at present our balance of trade was not adverse and that therefore there was no justification whatsoever for these Reverse Bills and the figures for the trade of India for 1919-20 recently published clearly prove this. We there find that the total net private exports were 108.29 lakhs.

Against it:—Council Bills were paid in India for, 34.55
T. T. by Bank of Montreal 2.26.
Enfaced rupee paper 1.34.
Interest on rupee paper .28.
The total hence is 38.43 lakhs which deducted from 108.2, lakhs shows a nett favourable balance of 69.86.

This would have been the nett balance in favour of India and it would be big enough in all conscience as it would be four times that of 1917-18. However, by the sales of Reverse Bills the Government have made it still worse because,

Reverse Bills have been sold during the period for 18.58 lakhs.
Add above balance of trade 69.86 lakhs.
Nett balance in favour of India 88.44 lakhs.

Will the authorities be good enough to now take their own figures given above and tell us how the sales of Reverse Bills are justified by the trade situations?

The sales are clearly not justified by the trade figures and they have also failed to be of any use in steadying the rate of exchange as we are absolutely at the mercy of the New York rate and the only good they have done to anybody is to put several crores of Indian money into the pockets of people who had no rights whatsoever to them. From 5th February to 7th May there will have been sold £29 million of these bills. The average rate will be in the neighbourhood of 2s. 6d. The Currency Committee valued down our sterling assets to Rs. 10 per £ and arrived at a loss of Rs. 38½ crores on these sterling assets The £29 million sold at 2s. 6d. say at Rs. per £ means an additional loss of 58 million rupees to India.

May we ask Mr. M. de P. Webb or any other defender of the Government policy, why India has been made to sacrifice these 58 million rupees? What good has it done to us? Why does Government still persist in this misguided policy? Is it still prestige?—Yours, etc.,

B. F. MADON.

Bombay May, 5.

BANDRA MUNICIPALITY.

To the Editor of the "Chronicle."

Sir,—I was most delighted to read the long letter appeared in your valuable paper of the 28th April, 1920.

I will not go on touching all the points subscribed by your influencial correspondents, as your correspondents now feel upset at the hands of the president, but influential persons, would not have assisted the poor rate-payers and voters if any such irregularities had been suffered at the hands of any of the present councillors. In short there is no doubt that sanitation in Bandra is most shameful. I have had to complain on an occasion only a few months back to the chairman Sanitary Committee and I received a printed post card acknowledging receipt of my complaint re. so and so and stating that the matter was under consideration, without mentioning date of my complaint. I regret to say that up to-day, I have received no final reply so also the lights in Bandra are too poor in the Indian residential quarters. The principal duty of the municipal body is to protect life and property of the rate-payers i.e., health and property viz., medicine, sanitation and accident by fire. Has any councillor upto now moved in the matter, even for a fire engine? There is only an old small hand pump with a broken hose.

The Election Rules are defective. The wards are too many within the small Municipal Area. Five wards would be more than enough. Much better to have a General Election without wards.—Yours, etc.,

A RATE PAYER AND VOTER.

Bandra

At a meeting of the Association of Master Printers (Lahore) on the 4th instant, it was unanimously resolved that the "C. and M. Gazette" men had struck for no valid reason and unless the striker return to work on Wednesday morning, the Association would dismiss all union men in their employ.

* * * *

The Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta has delivered judgment in the case in which H. E. Blake, a clerk in the employ of Messrs. O'Brien and Gwyther, Turf Accountants, was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 7,875. Disagreeing with the prosecution story the Magistrate acquitted the accused.

PEACE CELEBRATIONS.

ADOPTION OF COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

A meeting of the Bombay Peace Celebration Committee was held at the Corporation Hall, Bombay, on Wednesday, General James presiding.

The statement of receipts and disbursements, presented by the Hon. Mr. Phiroze, C. Sethna, Honorary Treasurer, showed that the fund amounted in all to Rs. 39,759, out of which Rs. 87.530 were expended as follows:—Rs. 17.554 for feeding poor and donations to institutes and hospitals; Rs. 53,260 for entertainment to children; Rs. 12,207 for military sports; Rs. 844 for aeroplane, Rs. 597 for displays and illuminations, and Rs. 3,066 for office and general expenses. The balance left mounted to Rs. 52,229.

The Committee adopted the report, and the motion of Mr. H. P. Mody, appointed a sub-committee, consisting of General James, H. E. the Admiral or in his absence the senior naval officer, Sir Robert Aitken, the Hon. Mr. Phiroze C. Sethna, the Hon. Mr. Purshotamdas Thakoredas, and Mr. V. A. Dabholkar, to report upon the best manner in which the unspent balance should be utilised, it being understood that the money should be used for the benefit of soldiers and sailors, both British and Indian or their families, in Bombay.

DEATH OF AN INDIAN HISTORIAN.

The death is announced of the well-known Indian historian and archaeologist, V. S. Dalal late Political Superintendent, Revenue Branch of the Baroda state. The deceased gentleman graduated in 1898 at the age of 19 and won the Narain Vasudev Scholarship in biology. After getting the Pandit Bhagavanlal Indraji Prize he published in 1914 a history of India from the times of the Rigveda, the attempt being the first of its kind from an Indian scholar. The second volume of the series is in the press. The first volume has been highly spoken of by scholars. By nature he was modest, frank and diligent at work.

TENNIS.

THE AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP.

E. M. Bearlein beat E. A. C Druce in the Challenge round of the Amateur Tennis Championship by three sets to nil which means that E. A. C. Druce won the final and then lost to the holder of the championship. E. A. C. Druce is the youngest of three brothers—"W. G.", "N. F." and "E.A.C.", the first two having been really great cricketers in their day. The youngest was born in June 1876 so he is in his 44th year. E. M. Baerlein first won the Tennis Amateur Championship in 1912 and after losing to the Hon. N. S. Lytton in 1913, he beat J. Crane by 3 sets to love in 1914 when the holder did not accept the challenge. Between 1915 and 1919, the championship was not played Sir Edward Grey, the great politician was Amateur champion in 1889, 1891, 1895, 1896 and 1898 and Eustace Miles won in 1899 to 1910, except in 1904 when Vane Pennell won the title and in 1907 and 1908 when Jay Gould was victor. E. M. Baerlein also won the Amateur Racquets championship this year.

RELIANCE FOUNDRY STRIKE ENDS.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, May 4.

With reference to the strike at the Reliance Foundry and Portland Cement Works, it is announced by the South Indian Industrials that the strikers have joined duty yesterday. The strike in the Reliance Foundry lasted for 34 days and in the cement works for 17 days. Mr. H. M. Ebrahim Sait, Managing Director, on behalf of the Board of Directors of the South Indian Industrials notifies expressing the Company's thanks to its numerous customers for the support they gave the company at the time of the stress due to the strikes in waiting patiently for their orders being executed till the strike was over. Every possible effort will now be made to expedite execution of pending orders.

(Continued from column 6.)

which Gindell, the Poona custodian had least expected. The attack was kept up for a couple of minutes. Thereafter Mordecai made a few opening, but Poona forward movement had by then become slow and no advantage was taken of the openings made. After changing ends for the second five minutes' play, Hyde ran down from the bully-off dodging past the backs and scored the second goal for the Hornets. No further score was recorded and the game ended with the final score:

HORNETS ..... Two goals.
POONA UNITED ..... Nil.

The teams were:—
Hornets:—Goddard; J. James and H. James; C. Rodrigues, Race and Runcorn; Windsor, Croning, N. James, Hyde and J. Rodrigues.

Poona United:—Gindell; Symonds and Dubois; Hale, Perrie and Millard; Nazareth Irani, Littlewood, Allen and Mordecai.

Umpires:—Messrs. Nagporewalla and S. D'Souza.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

Grant Medical College v. National Sporting Club.

FRIDAY'S GAME (Semi-final).

*N. W. Ry (Lahore) v. Lusitanians.

SATURDAY'S GAME.

Hornets v. Winners of Grant Medicals & National Sporting Club.

HOCKEY IN BOMBAY.

HORNETS (2) BEAT POONA UNITED (0).

AN EXCITING FINISH.

Quite a large and enthusiastic crowd witnessed the trial of strength between those two teams on the Bombay Gymkhana ground on Wednesday, when the Hornets ran out winners by two goals to nil after a very close and even struggle in which the beaten team on whom the majority of spectators had pinned their faith, put up a gallant fight and more than once were within an ace of scoring. Taking over periods of the usual duration the exchanges were slightly in favour of the Poona team who missed more open chances of scoring than the Hornets' forwards. The game came in interesting flashes, the real fight being between the two half-lines, which played their parts extremely well, both in defence and in helping the forwards. It was a ding-dong affair, the sides being very evenly matched. The Hornets were handicapped having had to do without Downes, undoubtedly their best forward, who was an unwilling absentee through injury, while the visitors from Poona had out the identical eleven which had drubbed the Bombay Gymkhana last week. There were a few unpleasant episodes during the game, which marred the enjoyment of the occasion. For full fifty minutes the attacks were returned with counter-attack and both goals had some narrow escapes. But during the last ten minutes the Poona forwards romped roung the Hornets' defence in vigorous style; but try as they would, they failed to get the better of the opposing defence, which had to gallop for all they were worth to stave off the repeated determined onslaughts. The full-time arrived without any score being registered and the teams changed sides for playing the extra ten minutes' game. The Poona visitors during this extra period fell off most unaccountably with the result that the Hornets scored twice during this ten minutes' play and inspite of desperate attempts the visitors failed to net even once, thus crossing calculations of their most sanguin supporters. In fairness to the beaten side it should be stated that they played a clean sporting game throughout and extended the local team quitesully and they had the hardest of luck in not being able to score even once. Whatever might be the result of the games it must be admitted that they were a better balanced team than the Hornets' combination. Symonds, Perrie, Millard Mordecai and Littlewood played best for the Poona team, while, J. James, C. Rodrigues Race and Hyde were most in evidence for the local team. Both the teams kept up hot pace throughout, but the Hornets tasted better than their opponents as was evident from the result of the extra 10 minutes' play.

THE GAME

Fast exchanges characterised the operations from the start and play was confined to midfield for the first five minutes from the bully-off. The Hornets made a rush, but Perrie stopped Norman James' career by neatly robbing him of the ball. Mordecai had the next chance and sprinting down the left and centred but before the inside Poona forwards, J. James cleared the coast with a hard shot. The attack was continued but the brother James and C. Rodrigues stood unwavering. During such anxious moment matters looked rather gloomy J. James being penalised for "sticks" within his own twenty five. From the "free" that followed the Poona forwards made a rush for the Hornets' goal but Nazareth was whistled back for lying off-side. Exchanges grew very even thereafter as pitted against judicious half-back, neither set of forwards could show up to any appreciable advantages. Irani receiving a pass from Hale made an opening for the Poona forwards whose combined passing bout bore no fruit, an attempt at Hornets' goal by Littlewood shooting wide of the mark. The brother James were tower of strength and all attempts at clever dodging in the danger zone, were quickly nipped in the bud. The Hornets' forwards then retaliated and the Poona goal had a narrow escape Norman James missing the net by inches. Some bustling movements followed and they played both the stick and the ball if not the man. Some more attacks were followed by counter-attacks and after a few corner-shots had proved abortive on each side, the team, changed sides with the score-sheet blank.

The exchanges during the greater part of the second moiety were faster than ever, but as the game wore on the Hornets were kept mainly on the defensive, Goddard having had to clear the coast on more than on occasion. No score was recorded in spite of the Poona 'forwards' strenuous efforts. Soon after the whistle sounded "full time."

An extra ten minutes play was then decided upon, the teams changing sides after five minutes' play. Ere the game in this half of the extra period, Norman James scored the first goal for the Hornets, the ball slowly rolling inside the netted area.

(Continued in column 5.)

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By typing error, our advertisement appearing in the Local Papers stated "NOFLAME PAINT, IS ABSOLU ELY INFLAMMABLE". This should have read "ABSOLUTELY NON-INFLAMMABLE" as proved by a test made by British Air Board.

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NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Monthly Subscribers to the "Bombay Chronicle" are requested to note that on and after 1st May, 1920, no reminders will be sent to them for Renewal of their Monthly Subscriptions. They are, therefore, requested to pay in their Renewal Subscriptions before the date of expiry in order to avoid the stoppage of copies.

GENERAL MANAGER,
"Bombay Chronicle."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

S. P. GUZDAR.—We regret we cannot publish your letter.
"A MEMBER".—You must first bring the matter to the attention of the Committee of the Institute.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Thursday, May 6, 1920.

GENERAL DYER'S DEFENCE!

General Dyer has reached England and given an interview to the "Daily Mail." With consummate audacity, he talks like a man with a grievance, and goes the length of criticising the composition of the Hunter Committee. Now that he is a free man, relieved of military duties, he is at liberty to say what he likes, but he himself is not clear as to the status occupied by him. It is not clear whether he is dismissed from the Army, and while his connection with the Army is still a matter of doubt, he has appeared in public with his verdict on the Hunter Committee. Just after the Newington tragedy, Madras journal came out with an interview with the accused, but the venture was condemned as a disgraceful interference in anticipation of judicial findings. The Hunter Committee was not judicial tribunal; but while we are advised to regard all criticisms as unfair because the matter is *sub judice*, we have one of the arch-criminals of the Punjab, dilating on his conduct and condemning the constitution of the Committee which, according to him, disapproved of his most laudable action. General Dyer had, however, some nice points to make for himself in his egregious interview. The first consists of a charge of irregular procedure against him. Though he held his commission, was he not asked to quit India? One of the Moderate conemporaries, now specialising in habits of co-operation, was moved, on the news of the General's departure, to restate its revived belief in British justice. It asked readers to notice how British justice, relentlessly, made General Dyer go out of the country, because of his massacre one year ago. We do not see any incidence of justice, British or poetic, in the order served on General Dyer.

But he is himself scandalised at the tardy and frivolous proceeding! The reflection of twelve months has not affected the gloating impenitence with which he described the feat of butchery before the Hunter Committee. He says that the order to fire was his "horrible and dirty duty," and indulges in a mild jibe at the authorities who had twelve months to decide on an issue which afforded him only thirty seconds. This story of thirty seconds, made to elicit sympathy, is absurd because, on his own admission, he had marched with the determination to fire. It was not a hasty act of unwisdom; he confessed to premeditation and contended that his action was wise and merciful. Moreover, the case against him is unanswerable, not merely because he fired, but because he indulged in the sport till he, sighing, found his munitions exhausted. The decision to fire, in thirty seconds, is made out to be a matter for sympathy, but worse than the firing, was the foul purpose for which it was kept on. "I fired and fired well"; for what? Not to disperse the crowd. Now he says that if he had ot fired his 'little force would have been swept away." Even now, the gallant officer has not learnt that the chief count against him is the savage ruthlessness with which it was continued till munitions ran short. This improvised risk of his force having been liable to be swept away, is an absolute invention. Lord Hunter asked: "Before you dispersed the crowd, had the crowd taken any action at all?" General Dyer replied: "No, Sir. They had run away, a few of them." Further:—

Q.—In firing, was it your object to disperse?

A.—No Sir. I was going to fire until hey dispersed.

Q.—Did the crowd at once start to disperse as soon as you fired?

A.—Immediately.

The crowd was, as a matter of fact, trying to escape in panic. The risk of the armed soldiers being swept away, is lying nonsense.

General Dyer declared that every Englishman in India approved of his act. Evidently it is a libellous estimate of English character to imply that every Englishman in India is a cut-throat and miscreant enough to revel in massacre. Very few Englishmen would do in like circumstances what General Dyer did at Amritsar, but if he takes advantage of the silence of Europeans, honestly interpreting it as approval, the blame is not altogether his. There is a small class of Englishmen who frankly abhor the Punjab atrocities, but men like Mr. Andrews, Dr. Macnicol, Mr. Horniman and Mr. Fraser, of course, never count in the Dyer-scheme of Government. A second class of Englishmen there is, who secretly favour the exertion of a strong hand, but who think that the Punjab tragedy was too much of a good thing. In any case they do not want to create any fuss, to the detriment of prestige; nor do they want to deal strongly with the errant, as they would prefer again, for the sake of prestige, to let byegones be byegones so long as it is Indians who are bludgeoned. They are a very respectable lot. The third class consists of the friends of Dyerism, including the folk that sang: "He is a jolly good fellow" as General Dyer left Jullunder, and not excluding certain members of the superior hierarchy who believe "in teaching them a lesson," etc. The first class will always protest at the use of needless violence and cruelty. The second class will always keep quiet at the sight of wrongs. Of the rest, General Dyer is a specimen with all their worst features exaggerated, and no good characterestic to relieve them. But General Dyer is sure that every Englishman in India approves of his action. That may be one of his half-witted notions or it may be designed to enlist sympathy in Britain as if the issue were purely racial. It is not. General Dyer has done a crime against humanity. Whether Englishmen, who have conveniently put off judgment, will, later, agree with us or not, we shall wait and see. Will General Dyer's belief about the attitude of his countrymen be justified?

REFORMS AND SUBJECTS OF INDIAN STATES.

There appears to be some uncertainty as to the position of the subjects of Indian States under the Reforms Scheme. We published the other day a communication from a Marwari vakil who has heard from "a very reliable source" that the Government of India have declared that the Marwari community settled in British India, not being British subjects, are not entitled to take any part in the coming Council elections. If the correspondent is correctly informed, the decision of the Government of India is bound to give rise to a good deal of dissatisfaction not only among Marwaris, but also among subjects of Indian States who have been long domiciled in British India and who are, for all practical purposes, as good as British subjects. The Government of India's ruling goes directly against the recommendation of the Franchise Committee, who observed: "thus while maintaining the disqualification of persons who are not British subjects we have recommended that this bar should not apply to the subjects of Native States in India." Moreover, the decision of Government scarcely agrees with the fact that the Marwari Association has been allotted a seat in the Bengal Legislative Council under the reformed constitution. In the electoral rules of this Council, which were published last week, there is no express bar against non-British subjects seeking election. The official wording of the qualifications of an elector runs as follows: "Every person will be entered in the electoral roll who has a place of residence in the constituency" and who pays certain taxes. No doubt, under this provision not merely subjects of Indian States, but persons of non British nationality such as Spaniards, Portuguese, and French will be entitled to vote. The rules of the Bombay Legislative Council, on the other hand, are more definite and expressly lay down that no person can exercise the franchise who is not a British subject. This anomaly between the rules of the Bengal and Bombay Councils must be removed by an early and authoritative declaration from the Government of India. Otherwise, confusion and unnecessary difficulties are bound to arise through the misinterpretation of the rules in the different provinces.

We hope the Government of India's decision in regard to the position of the subjects of Indian States is not really what it has been represented to be. To deny the franchise to the subjects of these States would be not only casting a slur on them, but, in practice, such an exclusion would entail very considerable confusion and hardship. There are hundreds of thousands of these people who have made British India their permanent domicile and their social and commercial interests ars vitally bound up with those of British Indian subjects. They are liable to all the taxes which are imposed on British subjects. Hence, discrimination between the two in the matter of franchise would be not only a matter of difficulty but also unfair to them. We can understand the reluctance of Government to accord to these people privileges which are denied to British Indian subjects in the Indian States but having regard to the attempts that are being made to promote harmonious relations and even active co-operation between these States and the Local Administrations in British India, it is only fair that the recommendation of the Franchise Committee should be accepted by the Government of India.

Notes of the Day.

"Wait and See."

Thus a Burma contemporary:

Having purchased the whole concern known as the "Burma Spectator," I am bringing this issue out as a one man's show. I have been asked what my policy was going to be and although the policy of this paper had already been declared at its birth, I do not think a repetition will do any good, however to satisfy the appetites of my readers and the public, I should like to say, that my policy will always be to adopt myself to the requirements of my readers, to speak in plain terms where such is required and to ever do any best to the betterment of the country in which, at present, I have my being. I shall not presume to create any sensation and if I ever speak at all it shall always be to be fair and square, temporate and just. I do not propose to embarass the Government or the public unnecessarily. This should satisfy the most pessimistic and the most optimistic. Finally I can only say "Wait and See."

We sincerely hope the whetted appetite of the readers of our contemporary is now satisfied and they will be content to "wait and see."

The Fall of Kieff.

The fall of Kieff is a real surprise, and most people will hesitate before getting confirmation of the news which looks like a coup of American papers. If the news is true, there is no doubt that it will affect the situation South of Russia in a most profound manner, giving a fillip to the campaign of Denikin which we understood had collapsed beyond recovery. The Bolsheviks are said to rush up reinforcements, so that the battle for the possession of the city may continue. Besides Denikin's forces, the only alien nation which is carrying on war against the Communistic Republic is Poland. The report avers that Ukrainia and Poland made a combined bid for Kieff and succeeded in wresting possession, while the Republic was engaged in industrial conscription. The opinion of Poland's Foch, namely Pilsudski, is immaterial, since he with natural patriotism, exalts the Pole as the superior of the Russian in all respects. The Red Army is one of the surprises of Lenin's reign and of its efficiency there can be no doubt. If therefore the Bolsheviks are determined on attempting the recapture of Kieff, the possession of Kieff by the Denikin forces cannot be accepted as the last word on the situation.

Mr. Pal on Reform Act.

The output of Mr. Bepin Chandra Pal on the Reform resolutions of the Congress has to be measured in scores of columns, but as he reflects on the question from day to day he is carried from one fantastic assertion to another. After veiled allusions to open obstruction, Mr. Pal in his latest contribution to the "Independent" writes: "To work for the success of the Montagu Reform Act would mean a repudiation, not only of the Amritsar resolutions, but of everything that the Congress has repeatedly urged and claimed since the Lucknow session." No doubt the Montagu Act repudiates our claim to self-determination, but there is no reasons why we should not press our claims before the British nation, without necessarily discarding the present advantages which we had better exploit to the utmost extent. The Moderates hope to create a new Heaven and a new Earth out of the Act. Mr. Pal goes to the other extreme, but let us not be preachy till the elections are over and we are able to measure the merits of the Act.

Mr. Montagu as Viceroy?

An apparently well-informed correspondent, who has just returned from London, discusses in "Capital" the respective merits of some of the persons whose names have been mentioned in connection with the Indian Viceroyalty. Lord Chelmsford is due to retire on 5th April 1921 and since the Indian tour of the Prince of Wales is timed to come to an end about the first week of the same month, the question of prolonging his lordship's stay in our midst need not arise. Already public opinion has been flouted by the refusal of the Cabinet to recall Lord Chelmsford. The persons so far named as being in the running, or being likely to be offered the post, are Lords Selborne, Donoughmore, Islington, Wimborne and Haig and the Duke of Northumberland. Some of these are known to have either declined the honour or repudiated the suggestion that they were aspirants for the post. Among the other names mentioned by the correspondent of "Capital" are Mr. Montagu, Lords Willingdon and Ronaldshay and Sir George Lloyd. If Mr. Montagu could, indeed, be prevailed upon to accept the appointment, all India, barring, of course, a few die-hards of the Anglo-Indian press who are affected by anti-Jewish malady, will hail it with the utmost satisfaction. But it is, perhaps, too much to expect such a statesmanlike appointment to be made by a Cabinet in which the reactionary influence of the Curzon-Milner group is predominant. It has been stated that Mr. Montagu himself would prefer the Chancellorship of the Exchequer to the Indian Viceroyalty. In that case, though the direct loss to India will undoubtedly be great, there will be some consolation in the fact that in the Cabinet at least, if not at the head of the India Office, we may count on his personal influence being weilded on the side of the progressives in this country.

Claims of Provincial Satraps.

As to the claims of the provincial Satraps, it will be impolitic to nominate any one of them to the post. Lord Willingdon, the senior among the candidates, has proved himself to be too pliant to be the proper person to exercise the high responsibilities of the appointment. Neither in Bombay nor in Madras has he shown that he has the capacity to translate into action the sympathies which he possesses towards the aspirations of Indians. In the new Era which is dawning on India we want a person who is capable not only of independent judgment but also of independent action and that action and that judgment must be inspired by at least a high sense of rectitude and fair-play towards the children of the soil, if genuine affection, born of intimate knowledge with their traditions and activities, is not quite possible to cherish. Neither Lord Willingdon nor Lord Ronaldsay have yet demonstrated that they possess these essential qualifications. On the other hand, their administrative records, as is well-known, are tarnished by grave and inexcusable blunders.

Youth Can Wait.

As to Sir George Lloyd, his Indian experience is too short for him to be called upon to fill the exalted post of Viceroy. Again, though Sir George's youth need not necessarily be a drawback, he has, to be quite frank, since assuming charge of this Presidency, developed characteristics and tendencies which make not a few among his Excellency's admirers—among whom we count ourselves—increasingly apprehensive as to the future trend of his administration. There are traits in Sir George's personality, such as his love of work, his frankness of manner, his strict impartiality, and quickness of decision, which have endeared him to the people whose destinies are temporarily placed in his charge, but there is the danger of Sir George over-estimating the judgment of officialdom, not excluding his own. He may—as we have no doubt he will—overcome these tendencies and may prove to be in the end, an ideal administrator, fully realising the promise of his early days here, but obviously as the youngest of satraps, he can afford to wait for higher honours.

The Gujerat Sabha.

The Gujerat Sabha of Ahmedabad, the premier political institution of Gujerat, working under the guidance of Mr. Gandhi, has just issued the report of its work during 1919. The Association deserves to be congratulated on the good record of work done during the year. Through its efforts a Famine Relief Committee was formed in Ahmedabad during the last famine and it distributed help in the form of clothes, grain and fodder. During the influenza epidemic the Sabha started a relief fund which did immense work in Ahmedabad and villages around it. It distributed pamphlets when there was an apprehension of the epidemic of cholera spreading in Ahmedabad, it started a fund for the Tilak-Chirol case, and interested itself in many other local activities. The Committee of the Sabha laid a statement of evidence on the disturbances at Ahmedabad before the Hunter Committee. The immediate need of the Society is a well-equipped library. It has appealed to the public to help to supply this need.

Health and Food.

The year ending September, 1919, was a terrible year for the United Provinces. The number of deaths reached the figure of 36 lakhs or 8 per cent. of the total population of the provinces. The Report of the U. P. Board of Revenue reveals the fact that out of the 36 lakh deaths as many as 32 lakhs were due to 'fever' of different sorts, mostly influenza. The Report says: "Every effort was made to relieve sufferers, and the willing co-operation of non-officials is cordially acknowledged by some district officers; but no normal or hastily improvised organisation could be wholly successful and it is to be feared that the economic effects of this epidemic will be felt for years." The condition of the United Provinces is more or less the condition of every province in the country. Poverty-stricken and underfed, the people are in large numbers succumbing to disease. To remedy the abnormal conditions extraordinary and organised steps in the direction of sanitation and medical relief are required and not the niggardly arrangements that prevail. But that will not be enough. The problem is largely one of insufficiency of food and housing accommodation. The first thing the people want is nourishing food and ventilated abodes. Unless this need is satisfied to hope for any appreciable improvement in the health of the country will be vain.

Wanted Definite Policy.

The Bombay Improvement Trust Board have done an excellent thing in requesting the chairman to supply them with detailed information regarding the concessions, financial and otherwise, which they have so far given and will be prepared to give in future to societies and communities for building houses for their members. It is obvious that no fixed policy in these matters has been followed by the Trust so far. The details asked for now should help the Trust to formulate a considered policy and to avoid mistakes such as would have been involved in undue concessions to a particular community like the Europeans, so recently proposed. In view of the great housing programme which the Government and the Trust are jointly undertaking, it is essential that both of them should have definite policies to guide them in aiding the public to house themselves on co-operative lines. It will be seen that the British Government are busily engaged in drawing up the scheme of financial assistance which will meet the requirements of the public. The public of this city also would be greatly benefited if the Improvement Trust formulated the general conditions on which financial and other assistance could be given by them. The housing programme of the Trust needs also to be materialy expanded. Their estimate of 4000 tenements per annum is too narrow to meet the requirements of the situation.

A Dyerite.

The "Englishman" writes:—

"A correspondent asks why should not Sir Michael O'Dwyer be appointed Governor of Ireland and General Dyer Commander-in-Chief. Of course our correspondent intends this to be sarcastic, but we think it would be a very good thing for Ireland."

SINN FEIN ASCENDANCY

BRITISH GOVT. "ALL BUT DEPOSED."

"LORD FRENCH MUST RESIGN."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., May 5.

The "Morning Post" learns from Dublin that the British Government has been defeated and all but deposed by the Sinn Feiners owing to the impotence of the Irish Executive. The correspondent says that the facts of the situation have been withheld from the British people. He states that the Sinn Fein hungerstrike policy would have been broken by the Government's firmness when the sudden reversal of the policy undid the work of long anxious months. Furthermore the House of Commons were recently told that parole had been extracted from the hunger-strikers. This was a fiction.

The correspondent declares that Lord French must resign as his return to Ireland would be interpreted as the final abject surrender to the Sinn Fein. He points out that the loyal servants of the Crown, who are risking their lives in carrying on their duties, have been overthrown and the humbler servants have been surrendered to Sinn Feiners' vengeance. The "Morning Post" vouches for the trustworthiness of the correspondent and the authenticity of his information.

GOVERNMENT OF IRELAND

NO CHANGE OF METHODS OF ADMINISTRATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 3.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., May 5.

It is understood that the recent conferences of the Ministers on the Government of Ireland led to the conclusion that no change of the methods of administration was at present possible and that while the Government is anxious that the discussion on the Home Rule Bill shall be carried on in an atmosphere of conciliation and goodwill there can be no relaxation of the efforts of the Irish Government to protect life and property. Mr. Lloyd George on his return from San Remo approved the steps taken by his colleagues. Despite rumours to the contrary, Lord French will remain in office.

SINN FEIN PARLIAMENT.

RECOGNITION BY DUBLIN CORPORATION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 3.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., May 5.

The Dublin Corporation has passed a resolution by 38 votes to five acknowledging the authority of the Dail Eireann, the so-called Sinn Fein Parliament, as the duly elected Government of the Irish people and undertaking to give effect to any of its decrees affecting the Corporation.

ECHO OF STRIKE RIOTS IN DUBLIN.

JIM LARKIN SENTENCED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 3.
Recd. 9-30 p.m. May 5.

New York.—Jim Larkin the leader in the great strike riots in Dublin in 1913 has been convicted of criminal anarchy and condemned to indeterminate sentence of from five to ten years' hard labour.

ENEMY MERCHANTMEN IN BRITISH PORTS.

ALLOCATED TO BRITAIN FOR TEMPORARY MANAGEMENT.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., May 5.

It is officially stated that excluding the captured prizes, 348 former enemy merchantmen with a tonnage of over a million and a half have been detained in the British ports or allocated to Britain for temporary management since the armistice. The final ownership has not yet been determined.

IMPERIAL WAR GRAVES COMMISSION.

THIS YEAR'S COST £2787,000.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., May 5.

Mr. Churchill states that the cost of the Imperial War Graves Commission for the current financial year is estimated at £2,787,000 sterling, of which £515,000 will be borne by the Dominions, India and the Colonies.

PERIL IN PENCILS.

An inspector from the Ministry of Health, inquiring into the outbreak of diphtheria at Ramsey, Hunts, considers that the disease may have been spread by school children exchanging pencils. He has taken the pencils away for examination, and meanwhile the children are supplied with a pencil each.

PARIS STRIKE.

DOCKERS AND SEAMEN.

OUTLOOK SERIOUS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., May 5.

PARIS.—It appears that a large proportion of railwaymen and miners have no intention of obeying the strike order. The latest news indicates an improved situation on the railways but the outlook as regards the dockers and seamen is serious. There have been several attempts at sabotage of the railways. In one case, a train was derailed and a volunteer driver killed.

INDIANS IN EAST AFRICA.

MR. JOYNSON HICKS' REPLY TO MR. BENNETT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., May 5.

In a letter to "The Times" Mr. Joynson Hicks, M.P., referring to Mr. Bennett's letter regarding Indians in East Africa, says that if India is to have self-government, she must at least permit it to the other members of the Empire. She will soon be free to make rules with regard to influx of, say, negroes from Zambesi to Bengal and Bombay, but she cannot claim to dictate a different policy to Africa. British East Africa has declared in favour of being a white land in a similar way to Australia and New Zealand.

PRINCE OF WALES AT WANGAUM.

REPLIES TO ADDRESSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 3.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., May 5.

Wanganui.—The Prince of Wales replied to the addresses presented at various centres on returning to the south along the west coast. Speaking at Hawera the scene in the past of the historic fighting between the Pakeha (White Strangers) and the Maoris, the Prince said that nothing pleased him more in New Zealand than the evidence he found everywhere that the Pakeha and the Maoris were now one people in their devotion to the Dominion Empire and the King.

There was much enthusiasm at Wanganui where the Prince inspected a large body of returned soldiers, nurses and cadets. Subsequently he visited the Collegiate School where three hundred boys gave him a vociferous welcome.

CANADIAN COMBINE OF STEEL, COAL & SHIPPING.

STEP APPROVED BY GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., May 5.

The "Daily Telegraph's" Montreal correspondent states that the combine of Canadian steel, coal and shipping interests which has been consummated is the greatest economic development of Inter-Imperial history. The capital of the concern is a hundred millions sterling. It will be known as the Empire Steel Corporation and its object is to associate Canada's iron and coal deposits with Britain's steel-making experiences and financial resources. English interests will be represented by Col. Grant Morden M.P.

The Canadian properties acquired include the Dominion Steel Corporation and the principal Canadian shipbuilding properties and steamship lines. Colonel Grant Morden declares that the amalgamation will probably lead to other great Empire industrial partnerships which, he opines will consolidate the Empire and develop its resources to the fullest, putting the Empire as a whole, in a position successfully to compete for trade in the world's markets. The "Daily Telegraph" believes that the Canadian Government approves the step on these grounds.

COUNTY CRICKET.

SURREY BEAT NORTHANTS BY 299 RUNS

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., May 5.

Surrey to-day beat Northants by 299 runs. In the second innings Hobbs scored 114, being the first century registered this season.

P. AND O. BANKING CORPORATION.

ISSUE OF SHARES AT PREMIUM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., May 5.

"The Times" understands that the capital of the P. and O. Banking Corporation will be five million sterling divided into half-a-million ten pound shares. It had been decided at present to issue a quarter-million shares at a premium of two and sixpence per share. Eighty thousand applications have already been received. Preference will be given to the P. and O. stock-holders.

ORDERED TO GO!

DYER IN LONDON.

WANTS TO DEFEND HIMSELF!

TWO NEW PLEAS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., May 5.

General Dyer has arrived in England. Interviewed by the "Daily Mail" he declared it was his "horrible and dirty duty" to give order to fire at Amritsar. If he had done wrong, he should be court-martialled. Instead he had been ordered to go, although he had not been told to resign his commission. While the authorities were twelve months in deciding about him he had only thirty seconds to decide at Amritsar.

He declared that every Englishman in India approved his act and emphasised that if he had not fired his little force would have been swept away.

He stated that the Hunter Commission consisting of three (four?) white men of whom one had no knowledge of India and three Indians had apparently condemned him. He considers he ought to have an opportunity to defend himself.

RESIGNED!

PLEA OF BAD HEALTH.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

The "Pioneer" understands General Dyer who has been in bad health for some time, recently resigned his command and has subsequently proceeded to England.

DETERRENT PUNISHMENT DEMANDED.

BY MADRAS LIBERALS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
MADRAS, May 5.

The Madras Liberal League has adopted the following resolution:—"The Madras Liberal League hereby deputes the Hon. Mr. C. Y. Chintamani to represent it in England in connection with placing before Parliament its views in regard to the Punjab occurrence and also in connection with the Rules and Regulations under the Reform Act. The League authorises Mr. Chintamani to press for adequate and deterrent punishment to be meted out to the officials responsible for the catastrophe in the Punjab and for due compensation to sufferers."

A SCHEME FOR RAILWAY ORGANISATION.

NATIONALISATION DISCARDED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., May 5.

According to "The Times" the Ministry of Transport is competing the task of a great scheme for railway organisation. Nationalisation has been discarded. The main principle is to maintain the management and control of the present great companies intact with the Ministry supervising the trade requirements of the country, assisting the companies to remove the hindrances of the past legislation and promoting co-ordination of working for the elimination of an expensive and unnecessary competition. The Ministry proposes that the Government should assist the railways to attain a higher standard of efficiency. The scheme includes the elimination of the companies owning sections of the track which they do not operate.

IMPERIAL CABINET ORGANISATION.

STATEMENT BY MR. BONAR LAW.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., May 5.

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. P. Hurd, Mr. Bonar Law stated there had been no development of the Imperial Cabinet organisation since the decision announced on August 19th, 1918, with regard to the Dominion Prime Minister's communicating directly with the Premier of the United Kingdom and the Dominions, being entitled to representation at the meetings of the Cabinet in London.

The whole matter would be discussed at the Imperial Conference which it was proposed to hold in 1921 to consider the inter-Imperial constitutional relationships. In accordance with the resolution at the last Imperial Conference, communications were maintained with the Dominions and important papers of Imperial concern were forwarded weekly for the information of the Dominion Prime Ministers. The reason why no Cabinet organisation in England was continuously considering the Imperial matters was that the Dominion Ministers did not think it suitable to have a representative.

Official and Personal.

Mr. D. J. Murtrie, Deputy Director-General of Post Office will proceed to England on the 10th instant on long leave prior to retirement.

H. H. the Thakore of Palitana while on a visit at Mahuva bagged a ferocious tiger, measuring 7 feet 10 inches, which was doing havoc in the villages surrounding Mahuva.

14 young men accused under Section 121 I. P. C., were arrested at Chergaonmedi and Pahari in the Jhansi District. Many of them are of a very tender age. It is reported that the arrests are in connection with the wire cutting of last year at Chergaon station.

INDEMNITY ACT.

MR. POLLOCK ON ITS POWER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., May 5.

Speaking on the indemnity Bill, in the House of Commons, Mr. Pollock said that Clause Seven gave power by the Order in Council to apply to Bill to India. Amritsar was not in mind when the question of extending this Bill to India was considered. It might be necessary to apply the powers of this Act in order that some defence might be open to persons, who could be sued in respect of the actions for which there was no indemnity under the legislation already passed in India.

Mr. Pollock said that the act had been passed in India granting indemnities for the acts done during a considerable period. There was no such thing under the Indian system of government as the "Government Department" or any officer similar to the Attorney-General in England and the D.O.R.A. passed here was not applicable to India. Special legislation had been provided in India but the Secretary of State for India was a possible defendant for the actions which previously could be brought against the East India Company and the power to sue him at home still existed under the legislation of 1858 and 1915.

SIR J. C. BOSE'S CRESCOGRAPH.

LONDON UNIVERSITY PROFESSORS' TESTIMONY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 9-30 p.m. May 5.

"The Times" to-day publishes letters from eight professors of the University College, London and the Imperial College of Science including Professor Rayleigh declaring that they are satisfied that Sir Jagadish Chandra Bose's crescograph correctly records the growth of plants.

CHEAPER FOOD COMING.

FORESHADOWED BY MR. BLAKEMORE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 2-15 p.m., May 5.

Mr. Blakemore, President of the Trade Conference at Bournemouth, foreshadowed that cheaper food was coming including the reduction of sixpence on butter, fourpence on lard, fivepence on tinned beef and ninepence on tinned fruits.

Meanwhile the housewives have not yet discovered dropping the tendency. The general prices, especially of drapery and other materials, are advancing weekly.

CONTEMPLATED FLIGHT.

JAPAN TO AMERICA ACROSS PACIFIC

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 3.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., May 5.

Shanghai.—Ferrarin has arrived here. He stated in the course of an interview that he was considering the question of extending his flight from Japan across the Pacific to America.

FALL OF KIEFF.

SUCCESS OF THE POLES.

PILSUDSKI INTERVIEWED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 3.
Recd. 9-30 p.m. May 5.

New York.—A Warsaw message to the Associated Press of America says that the Poles have entered Kieff.

LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 1.45 p.m., May 5.

The reported fall of Kieff follows on the remarkable series of successes by the combined forces of the Poles and the Ukranians which have resulted in an absolute debacle for the Bolsheviks. It is understood that Pilsudski's forces entered Kieff on May 2nd. It is stated that the Bolsheviks are rushing up the troops, but the blow had fallen when the Red Armies were being converted into Labour Armies.

It is likely profoundly to affect the situation on the southern front where Wrangel with the remnants of Denikin's forces is already moving. It is noteworthy that Pilsudski is Poland's Foch—a popular hero, who has striven during his life-time for polish independence.

Interviewed two months ago he declared that the Bolsheviks were bad soldiers and that the Pole was a far better man, who had ways beaten them. He concluded by saying that it was impossible for the les to be defeated.

POLES CAPTURE FASTOFF MILITARY STATION.

PROPOSAL FOR OPENING NEGOTIATIONS WITH SOVET GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 3.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., May 5.

Warsaw, May 3.—It is officially announced that the Polish forces have gained possession of the Fastoff military station and captured twenty-five thousand prisoners, 120 guns, 418 machine-guns and great quantities of material in the first five days of advance.

The Soviet Commissariat for Foreign Affairs has proposed the opening of peace negotiations at Grodno or Dialystok. The Poles have been everywhere received in a friendly manner especially at Jitomir.

ALLIES' ATTITUDE ON POLISH OFFENSIVE.

PRESS CRITICISM VOICED IN COMMONS

(Reuter's Special Service)

The press criticism of the attitude of the Allies towards the Polish offensive was voiced in the House of Commons this afternoon by Capt. Wedgwood Benn, who suggested that the Government should refer the question of Polish advance to the League of Nations under Article 11 of the Covenant.

Mr. Bonar Law replying emphasised that the Government were unable to advise the countries adjoining Russia with regard to their course towards the Soviet Government or accept the responsibility for their actions. The Government were not at present prepared to adopt the [illegible]. Mr. Bonar Law pointed out that this was not the beginning of a new [illegible] had been no cessation of hostilities between the Poles and the Bolsheviks. Article 11 laid down that the League would act, if it thought it wise and effective.

PALESTINE AS A JEWISH STATE

FUTURE MUST BE DEFINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 1-45 p.m., May 5.

Mr. Moses Gaster, the well-known authority on Jewish matters writing in the "Standard" urges that the work of founding Palestine as a Jewish State should follow the primitive example of those who established colonies in the olden times, despite hardships, trials and fears. The present schemes for development of Palestine could mean the establishment of a British colony for the Jewish people where the latter would work and be subject. He urges that the future of Palestine must be decided and defined and that there should be no exploitation nor philanthrophy.

BEDOUINS RAID JERICHO.

TROOPS IN PURSUIT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, May 3.
Recd. 9-30 a.m., May 5.

Jerusalem.—The Bedouins raided Jericho and drove off forty-eight cattle. They escaped in the direction of Nebimousa, but troops are pursuing them.

AN ESSAY IN "CO-OPERATION."

BENGAL GOVT. AND REFORMS RULES.

"ADVISORY" COMMITEE'S REVELATIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
CALCUTTA, May 5.

The Hon. Sir Deraprasad Sarbadhicary, Mr. P. C. Mitter, Mr. A. Suhrwardy and two other members of the Committee of the Bengal Legislative Council formed, on the suggestion of the Governor, for the purpose of advising the Government regarding rules of election under the Reform Scheme have issued a statement, that their Committee was not consulted by Government regarding some of the matters that have taken place in the Government's draft Election Rules. While some [illegible] were never placed before the Committee, the recommendations of the majority of their Committee had not been given effect to in certain matters and that the scheme as a whole and some of its most important provisions by themselves were never placed before the Committee.

ROBING HIS FATHER.

PRIVATE GETS ONE YEAR'S R. I.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
ALLAHABAD, May 5.

To-day at the Allahabad High Court before Sir Grimwood Mears, Chief Justice, Private Parsons was charged with theft in building. It appeared the accused in May last, broke into a box belonging to his own father at Lucknow and stole about Rs. 300 and a gold ring. After the occurrence the accused wrote a pleading letter to his father begging for forgiveness. The accused said he wanted the money to get divorce from his wife. The accused in court pleaded "not guilty" and claimed to be tried. The evidence of the accused's father and uncle were taken. The father said he promised forgiveness to his son if he undertook to lead in the future a God fearing life. The prisoner threw himself on the mercy of the court and the Jury, who returned a unanimous verdict of "guilty." The Chief Justice sentenced Parsons to one year's rigorous imprisonment and gave the prisoner some wholesome advice.

[illegible] PASSAGES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
May 4.

The European Association has received a [illegible] from the Government [illegible] from Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Coy., Bombay, that preference [illegible] of berths on the P. and O. [illegible] given to applicants who can satisfy the Company that they are in urgent need of passages for reasons of severe ill-health. In order to obtain this preference passengers must produce medical certificates establishing the grounds on which [illegible] priority is applied for.

ALIGARH MUSLIM UNIVERSITY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, May 4.

At the end of March last the Education Member received a deputation from the promoters of the Aligarh Muslim University with a view to discussing the constitution of the future University. The result was eminently satisfactory and complete unity was reached on all outstanding points. The proposals are now under consideration by the Government of India. The scheme is largely based on the Benares University Act, but contains various new features suggested by the report of the Calcutta University Commission. In view of the efforts made by the Mussalman community and the history of the movement in the past the promoters and the new Member for Education are to be congratulated on bringing the project within a reasonable distance of completion.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
SIMLA, May 5.

The storm in bay is crossing coast near Kyankpyu and will break up in hills within thirty acres. Rainfall has been nearly general and at places heavy in Burma. A few falls have occurred also in Bengal and Assam. Western disturbances has given local rain and snow in Kashmir.

The Chief amounts are:—Mergui one and a half inches, Moulmein one, Rangoon two, Akyab six, Kyankpyu, Minbu five, Yamethin two, Mandalay four, Lashio one and a half, Maymyo three, Cox's Bazar, Jalpaiguri a half, Sonamarg and Gras a quarter.

Forecast:—Decrease of rain in Burma and Kashmir.

HUNTER COMMITTEE REPORT.

"CLEAVAGE LIKELY TO FOLLOW RACIAL LINE."

ST. NIHAL SINGH'S FORECAST.

"The Hindu" publishes the following cable dated London April 30, from its special London correspondent:—

London has beenplacarded announcing Mr St. Nihal Singh's article forecasting the Hunter Report in to-day's "Daily Graphic." He predicts that upon fundamental issues of policy and political psychology members of the Committee will disagree. The cleavage is likely to follow the racial line, probably not one Indian signing the majority, nor one Briton, the minority report.

While he cannot conceive that Dyer will be exonerated even by the majority he is apprehensive that military authorities may be asked to deal with him. He says in that case Indians will be dissatisfied.

He does not expect from the majority any condemnation of firing from air or armoured cars. He says an attempt may even be made to justify such action on the plea of military necessity, but expects that Indian members will strongly condemn it. He believes the report is unlikely to enter into details of the question of the future use of aeroplanes in similar contingencies. He emphatically states that Indian opinion will insist that adequate representation be accorded to Indians commanding Indian confidence upon any committee that may be appointed and that the inquiry must be open.

He predicts that the conflict of opinion between majority and minority will reach the acutest stage over the nature of the disorders though doubts of even the majority is likely to find the outbreak as the result of organised conspiracy or connected with German or Bolshevist or other enemies of Britain but fears the majority may support the official view namely that disorders amount in fact to open rebellion and upon that basis may justify Martial Law. He thinks the minority is likely to consider the disorders as mere riots which had been quelled before the introduction of Martial Law. Regarding Martial Law administration he is not hopeful of condemnation from majority except possibly regarding the trial under the Martial Law ordinances of Indian leaders accused merely of sedition and such matters as compelling Indians to crawl and students to walk miles in heat and flogging. The article concludes with an expression of confidence that it will be proved that disorders were not premeditated nor inspired or aided by outside agency and that officials in the Punjab Criminal Inteligence Department relied in reports and became nervous.

MAHRATTAS IN CONFERENCE

TRACES OF NON-BRAHMIN CRY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, May 5.

The third session of the Maratha Political Conference under the auspices of the All-India Maratha League met at the Vijanand Theatre, Poona, on the second and third of May Rao Saheb Jadav of Satara presiding. There were three hundred delegates from all the district sof the Deccan. Resolutions were passed demanding communal representation for Marathas through separate electorates, rejecting the reserved seats, limiting the term "Maratha" to greet Shivaji's caste which is to include Kunbis of the Deccan, recommending village panchayats to be granted petty civil and criminal powers, substitution of Talatis for Kulkarnis in all the Deccan British districts, praying the Government not to shirk the responsibility of introducing free and compulsory primary education by entrusting the Department Department to popular control, and appointing an educational minister from non-Brahmin castes in the new councils. The meeting also passed a vote of censure against the "so-called" district and provincial conferences met at Junnar, Rahimatpur, Sankeshwar, and Sholapur held in the name of the masses and expressed regret at the Government not granting commissions to Maratha soldiers. The meeting strongly censured the Sankeshwar Jagadguru for forcibly entering the temple and polluting the idol of Bhawani at Tuljapur which is a Maratha deity.

The president in his address advocated union among Marathas and urged the Government for separate electorates for Marathas. The audience numbered about two thousand on both the days among whom were a number of Maratha ladies.

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DR. P. J. MEHTA

TROUBLE WITH CUSTOMS AUTHORITIES

(From a Correspondent.)

RANGOON, May 4.

On arrival from Calcutta, Monday last, Doctor P. J. Mehta was asked by the customs authorities to open his baggage for examination. He refused on the ground that other passengers' baggage was passed without examination and there is no duty payable. His bagage is now with the Customs authorities. Government is requested by wire to order immediate delivery. Inconvenience is caused without it. No reply is received yet.

FIRE AT AHMEDABAD.

DEATH OF TWO PARSI LADIES.

(From our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, May 5.

Yesterday night there was a big fire in the house of Gulam Ali Latif at Kalupur. A result two Parsi ladies were burnt to death. Two children had to be thrown out from windows. The damage is estimated at Rs. 30,000. The Parsi family of Br. Beramji Vaidya has lost everything and become quite helpless. The houses which is destroyed by fire, has been covered by insurance.

It is said that help was not received in time from the Municipality and plentiful water was not available.

TWO DESTRUCTIVE FIRES IN LUCKNOW.

OLD WOMAN MISSING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, May 5.

A big fire occurred yesterday evening at 30 p.m. in the Fatehgunj Grain market, hen a pucca house of a Bania was completely destroyed. The fire brigade did what it could, but, unfortunately, there as little water in the pipes and the rigade had to wait for high pressure pply. The people of the vicin'ty helpin extinguishing the fire, about thirty en drawing out water from a large well the locality till 10 p.m. An old woman d a cow, which were inside the house when fire occurred, could not be traced.

There was another fire at about midnight in the Aminabad, when five shop ere burnt. The amount of damage is ot known in the latter case, but in th rmer the damage is reported to be heavy th these fires are reported to hav riginated from fireworks.

"THE INDEPENDENT."

MR. PAL BECOMES EDITOR.

(From our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, May 3.

Babu Bepin Chandra Pal joined "The Independent" as editor-in-Chief and works without prejudice to his editorship of the "Democrat". The policy of "The Independent" will remain as it has been.

Practically the whole Editorial staff has been reorganised. Mr. Amal Home who conducted "The Tribune" during the Martial Law days in Lahore in the absence of Mr. Kalinath Roy, has joined the staff of "The Independent." It is understood that arrangements are made for regular London service and efforts are being made to organise an Indian news service, provincial and interprovincial. Some changes for the better seem also to have been made in the Managing Department. Hopes are expressed that "The Independent's" aspirations to be the first daily in upper India would be realised.

NEW URDU DAILY FOR LAHORE.

(From our Correspondent.)

LAHORE, May 1.

An Urdu weekly entitled the "Home Rule" is to be published from Lahore about the 2nd week of May. The paper, whose editorial charge is entrusted to L. Amar Nath Shad, editor, of the "Daily Insaf," is intented to preach for "Home Rule" for India.

"Jail story of the Punjab Leaders as told by themselves"—an illustrated book in vernacular will be given free to the subscribers of the "Home Rule."

MOTOR CAR IMPORTS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, May 5.

2651 Motors Cars were imported into British India during March last and of these no less that 2,556 came from th United States and 68 from the United Kindom. During the past official year the number of cars imported was 9925 alued at Rs. 263 lakhs against only 400 valued at over Rs. 10 lakhs in the preceding year. Of these 9925 Cars 9353 ere shown to have come from the United tates 448 from United Kingdom 17 from aly and 3 from France. The country of rigin of most of the cars imported from e United States is, however, Canada. Bombay imported 4213, Calcutta 3452, Madras 966, Burma 689 and Karachi 605.

MADRAS STOCK EXCHANGE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, May 5.

It is calculated that about 2,600 transfers have been registered in the Madras Stock Exchange during the last sixteen days' working of the exchange. All those transfers were for cash, no transfer being registered for forward delivery.

AFGHANISTAN.

AIM OF BRITISH POLICY.

(From our Correspondent.)

MUSSOORIE, May 4.

Past twelve months have seen a very great change in the orientation of policies in higher Asia. Principalities and powers have come to know one another and one another's intentions more clearly. In some cases this had meant greater suspicion and a drawing apart, in others it has meant a drawing closer and a deeper appreciation of each other's attitude and ideals. In which of these opposing directions have the relations between Great Britain and Afghanistan moved? Past six years have been an exceedingly difficult time for Afghanistan because the extreme segregation of its people made it hard for Afghan statesmen to estimate the reliability of news received or policies suggested to the country for adoption. Unless this fact is kept in mind it is impossible to estimate the standing and present tendencies of the leading Afghan statemen. year or two ago a leader may have adopted strong policy in one direction who to-day show himself prepared whole heartedly to discuss quite another group of considerations. The change does not of necessity involve suspicion of the bona fides of his altered attitude. The fact on which he based his former actions have changed or become suspect and the inferences he based upon those facts come up before him in consequence of reconsideration. The Afghan envoys maintain reticence in expressing views outside the conference hall, but it may be hazarded that the first week's deliberations at the Mussooree Conference have given them clearer insight and greater confidence in the British attitude towards their country. Our policy is plain but none the worse for being put plainly. If Afghanistan decides to quit the hermit-like attitude of the past she has very great future, for the situation resulting from the great war is uniquely favourable to her emergence. In this development she will have cordial support of Great Britain whose rulers realise the advantage of having a neighbour that is peaceful flourishing and contented. If the young Amir therefore keeps this laudable object in view there will be no body better pleased than the British Government and nobody more willing to extend sympathy and a helping hand in difficulties that may arise. Prudent statesmanship will show that there are many more advantages to be gained by frank friendship than by jealous suspicions of British intention and actions. If the result of the Mussoorie Conference is favourable it will be admirable both for India and Afghanistan but more especially for the latter power. Amir Abdur Rajmer laid the firm foundation for future progress of the country. The time for building an edifice of progress on the foundation so provided has arrived. But building can only proceed if public unsettlement vis. A vis India is laid at rest.

FIELD FOR AFGHAN ENTERPRISE.

In a few days' time I hope to be able to send you an abstract of Afghan intentions regarding industrial progress. Meanwhile, on may point out the large field open for Afghan irrigation, especially along the Helmand river where scientific control of water would yield crores of revenue to the Amir. Regarding the mineral wealth of the country greater caution will be needed for its exploitation to avoid the risk of overhaughty development by doubtful international adventures. But, progress in this direction if wisely controlled need not be too slow to deprive the present Amir of the rewards of such development and enterprise. Whole hearted co-operation among the Amir and his advisers with the Indian Government in securing complete removal of the present causes of friction will provide conditions under which expectations of all progressive Afghans can be realised.

As a result of the great war Afghanistan is in a position to emerge as a centre of Mahomedan influence in middle Asia and vindicator of Mahomedan civilisation before the world. The British Government recognises this future as clearly as or perhaps more clearly than the Afghans themselves and it is unreservedly eager to further that ambition, if Afghanistan will only appreciate the bona fides of our attitude in this respect. The Indo-Afghan relations will be placed on a satisfactory footing in Western Asia after existing unsettlement has subsided. Two courses are now open to the young Amir. He may adopt the views of the unenlightened and unprogressive party in his country and improvish himself and his people and banish all hope of progress by an era of dark suspician against Great Britain and everything Great Britain does or he may rule in Kabul like another Haroun Ali Rashid at Bagdad surrounded by counsellors as enthusiastic for progress as himself and firm in his confidence that each step in the progress, wealth and enlightenment of Afghanistan will be cordially welcomed by a friendly and sympathetic India. Suspicious disappear slowly unless they are openly discussed. The aim of the Conference at Mussooree is that both the countries should meet suspicions face to face and clear it out of the road of Afghan progress. This then, put shortly, is the aim of the British policy in its relation with the Afghan kingdom and this is the intention of the Mussooree Conference.

The life of the present Bengal Legislative Council has been extended upto the date on which the new reformed Council comes into existence.

The Mail Steamer Manora which left Bombay on the 17th ultimo arrived Marseilles on Tuesday the 4th instant.

FALSE NOTES AND COINS.

COUNTERFEITING IN SIND.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KARACHI, May 4.

Recently there has been a sudden increase in Sind in the circulation of counterfeit 5 rupee currency notes and coins of lower denomination. The police department have had an exceedingly anxious time tracing the place of origin of these counterfeit notes and coins and few days go succeeded in discovering an elaborate set of counterfeiting machinery and false coins of various denominations of the value thousands of rupees in the village of Saundo near by. The case is now before court.

On Sunday morning another clever arrest was made in Karachi of Prabhatgir Aneshgir, Bawa by caste who kept an eating house near Jamila theatre and lived a small room in the compound attached the shop. The police suspecting the man's movements and as a result of their investigations discovered that he was a counterfeiter. His shop was raided on Sunday morning and a wooden mould with four anna lead piece still in it and about a dozen false coins just finished were found concealed under the earth below the hearth. The Police also recovered from his house several other instruments used in the process of perfecting counterfeit coins. esterday the man was challenged before the city magistrate of Karachi and further hearing is postponed.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, May 5.

The market for Jute Shares was quieter to-day without much business passing; there was a strong inquiry for coal shares most favourite stocks being unobtainable at quotations rates. In the Miscellaneous section fair turnover of business took place Cotton shares being easier..

The following were the closing quotations:

Coal:—Albion 25/12, Baraboni 14/4, Bansdeopur 43/4, Bhalgora 39/8, Bhulanbararee 49/4, Burrakur 49/8, Small lot, Caledonian 12, Damagurria 50/8, Empire 9, Fularibad 13/8, Ghusick 25/12, Gopalichuck 11/12, Kinuri 12, Kesonda 30/12, Marine 13/4, Nodiha 14/12, New Manbhoom 51/8, Sendra 35/4, Singaran 12/4, Standard 75/12.

Jute:—Albion Prefs 107, Belvedere 7 per cent. prefs 110, Craig 3/6, prem, Empire 83, Howrah 44/12 ex Dividend, Kamarhatty 950, hanknarrah 752 small lots, Khardah 630, Lansdowne 500, Reliance 47/8 ex-Dividend, Standard 774 small lot, Waverley 19.

Miscellaneous:—Automatic Tools 9/4 small lot, Auto Bolts and Nuts 9/4, small lots, Alpha General Insurance 1/2/ discount par, Acme Oil 7/12, Ahmadpur Kutwa Railway 5/4, Atlas Construction 13, Bank of Bengal 1/35, Bengal Telephone 270/8, Bengal Potteries 1/4 pref. Bengal Bridge and Bolts 9/4, prem, Bengal Lakhsmi Cotton 280, British India Corporation 14/4 small lot, British India Corporation (def) 20, British Ceylon Corporation 21/6, British India Tobacco 10/6, Burmah Finance and Mining 12/2, Calcutta Chrome small lot—, Dunbar Cotton 590, Fairbairn Lawson 8 per cent preferred 1/ prem, Frank Ross (Calcutta) 16, Hatirkool Oil 15/4, Howrah Sheakhala Railway 92, Kesheram Cotton 19/2, Kumardhubi Engineering 32, Madans Theatres 16/2, Marshal Sons (new) 10/12, New Sevan Sugar 14/4, Pioneer Mills 14/14, Russa Engineering 308 small lot, Tata Industrial Bank 39/8 prem, Titaghar Paper 422/8, United Flour 28/4.

Government Papers:—3½ per cent. was quoted at Rs. 58/14 small lots at 59/4. War Bonds (short loans) 99/8 per cent. 1925 at 99/6 per cent and 1928 at 100/ per cent.

CALCUTTA, May 4.

The market opened after three days holidays without much animation and dull tone at opening continued throught day. Jute shares were not in demand but business in coal shares was on a more extensive scale and prices were on whole fairly well maintained. In miscellaneous section there was feature of special interest both cotton and sugars ruling easier without finding buyers. The following were the closing quotations:—

Coal:—Baraboni 13/8, Bhalgora 39/4, Bengal 796, Bhulanbararee 49, Barrakur 49/8, Caledonian 12, Equitables 45/3, Ghusick 26, Gopalichuck 11/8, Goviapur 18/12, Jainty Central 21/4, Jasnadish, 14/12, Kinuri 12/4, Kesonda 31, Lakurka 53/8, Beerbhoom (new) 38, North Damuda 10/8, Raneegunge 68, Samla Kendra 20/4, South Govendpur 8/4, Sendra 35/8, Seebpore 36 prem, Ratmohna 16/12.

Jute:—Anglo Indian 394, Auckland (old) 503 small lot, Bally 273/8, Budge Budge 654/8, Century 12/12, Craig 3/8 prem, Howrah 49/12, Hooghiy 149/8, Kamarhatty 951, Kamarhatty prefs 96, Kanknarrah 749, Khardah prefs. 95, Lawrence 874, Northbrook 80/8, Reliance 58/10, Waverley 29/12.

Miscellaneous:—Alpha General Insurance at par, Arrah Sasarem Railway 52, Assam Sugar 10/6 10/6, Alliance Bank prefs. 96, Acme Oil 7/12, Behar Rice 9/2, Bank of Bengal 1755, Bengal Potteries 10 prem Bengal Bridge and Bolts 9 prem, Bengal Paper 192, Britannia Engineering 13/12, British India Tobacco 10/12, British India Corporation 14/4, Burma Finance and Mining 12/8, Champaran Sugar 415, Central Provinces Cement 12, Calcutta Oil and Cake 15/8, Dunbar Cotton 625, Frank Ross 16/12 Hatirkool Oil 15/4 Indian Standard Wagon 19 prem, Kesharam Cotton 20/7, Katnani Bank 2 prem, Madans Thetre 16/8 Small lot, Marshalll Sons (old) 12 and (new) 11/4, Russa Engineering 308, Samastipure Sugar 19/8, Surma Valley Saw Mills, 12, Walter Locke ltd. 11.

Government paper three and half per cent was quoted at Rs. 58/14 small lots at 59/6. War bonds (short loans) at 99/6 per cent 1925 at 99/6 per cent 1925 at 99/6 per cent and 1928 at 100/6 per cent.

SEND-OFF TO DELEGATES OF RATNAGIRI CONFERENCE.

As already announced arrangements had been made by Messrs. Killick, Nixon and Co. Bombay to despatch Vijayadrug special with reserved accommodation for the delegates and visitors of the Ratnagiri Conference on Wednesday the 5th instant and there was a large gathering yesterday at the Bunder to wish the President and other delegates a hearty send-off. Except Mr. N. C. Kelkar, the president, Mr. R. P. Karandikar of Satara, Mr. Babasaheb Paranjpe of Berar, Mr. Mahajan of Kalyan and many others left for the Conference.

Sir P. S. Sivaswami Iyer intends to stand as a candidate for election by the Tanjore and Trichinopoly Districts to the Imperial Legislative Assembly.

THE USES OF KHADDAR.

(BY M. K. GANDHI)

While the Swadeshi movement is going forward by leaps and bounds and Mahomedans are taking it up as enthusiastically as Hindus, it is well to consider the best method of promoting Swadeshi. The veriest tyro in Swadeshi knows that we do not manufacture enough cloth to supply our wants. If therefore we merely use mill-made cloth, we simply deprive the poor of what they need, or at least increase the price of mill-made cloth. The only way therefore to encourage Swadeshi is to manufacture more cloth. Mills cannot grow like mushrooms. We must, therefore, fall back upon handwoven and handspun yarn. Yarn has never perhaps been so dear as it is today and mills are making fabulous profits out of yarn. He, therefore, who handspins a yard of yarn, helps its production and cheapens its price.

How to spin yarn and weave cloth is then the question. I know from personal experience that it is possible to flood the market with handspun yarn and handwoven cloth if the standard cloth comes to be recognised as fit for wear. This cloth is called Khaddar in Upper India. It is called Khadi in the Bombay Presidency. Thanks to Sarla Devi, she has shown that it is possible to make even Saris out of Khaddar. She thought that she could best express herself during the National Week by wearing Khaddar Sari and Khaddar blouse. And she did it. She attended parties in her Khaddar Sari. Friends thought it was impossible. They thought a woman who had never worn anything but the finest silk or the finest Dacca Muslin could not possibly bear the weight of heavy Khaddar. She falsified all fears and was no less active or less elegant in her Khaddar Sari than in her finished silk Saries. "If you do not feel awkward in that Sari of yours, you may go anywhere and to any party and you will find it would be well with you." It was with some such words that her great uncle, Dr. Ravindranath Tagore, blessed her when he saw her in her Khaddar Sari. I relate this sacred incident in order to show that two of the most artistic people of India found nothing inartistic in Khaddar. This is the cloth I venture to introduce to the cultured families of India, for on its use hangs the immediate success of the Swadeshi movement during this its infant stage.

To me Khaddar is anyday more artistic than the finest Dacca Muslin, for its associations. Khaddar supports to-day those who were starving. It supports women who have been reclaimed from a life of shame or women who, because they would not go out for work, remained idle and quarrelled among themselves for want of occupation. Khaddar therefore has a soul about it. It has an individuality about it. The wearer is able to trace all the processes of its manufacture to the respective manufacturers. If our tastes were not debased, we would prefer Khaddar to sticky calico even during the summer season. Let those who are now using it certify, if they will, to the truth of my statement.

This Khaddar is now being stocked at the Satyagraha Ashram. And I have accumulated a stock which is beyond the capacity of the space at my disposal. I therefore ask the readers of "Young India" to come to the rescue by introducing Khaddar in their own homes.

Needless to say the Ashram makes no profits from it. Any margin left is devoted to recouping the loss incurred in the initial stages or in reducing the price of Khaddar received from districts where the cost is heavier than elsewhere, for the cost is not the same all over. In inducing weavers to take to their original occupation, I am obliged to pay enough to support them and for the present.

Khaddar can be used for making underwear, even if one is disinclined to use it for personal wear, it can be used for making caps, towels, wipers, teacloths, satchels, bedsheets, beddings, holdalls, carpet pieces, cushions, covers for furniture, etc. I am having it dyed turkey-red in Swadeshi dye. It when becomes more durable and looks less dirty when it is used for carpets or mattress-making or upholstering. I would advise those who wish to support this industry of the poor and the neglected to send for the Khaddar by corresponding with the Manager, Khaddar Department, Satyagraha Ashram, Sabarmati.

RATES.

MILL YARN WARP AND WEFT KHADI.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Double warp and double weft Width 25 inches per yard	0	9	0
Width 27 inches per yard	0	9	6
Width 30 inches per yard	0	10	0

MILL YARN WARP AND HAND-SPUN WEFT KHADI.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Width 27in. 20—Count's warp per yard	0	9	6
8—Count's warp per yard	0	8	0
Width 24in. 20—Count's warp per yard	0	8	0
Lined Khadi per yard	0	8	6
Red Coloured per yard	0	8	6

HAND-SPUN WARP AND WEFT.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Khadi 24in. per yard	0	8	0
Khadi 27in. per yard	0	8	6

For washed Khadi add 0-0-6 to the above rates.

—"Young India."

LATEST CABLES.

ARMENIA AND AZERBAIJAN.

SERIOUS SITUATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 0.30 a.m. May 6.

Azerbaijan has sent an ultimatum to the ...ublic of Erivan, demanding the Armenian ...drawal from the disputed frontier territory, ...otherwise Azerbaijan forces will invade ...ia. Armenia has refused and the situation is regarded as serious.

WAR GRAVES VOTE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., May 6.

The House of Commons, on the Imperial War Graves Commission's vote to-day, discussed whether to adopt the Commission's proposal favouring uniformity in headstones and cemeteries in France or whether relatives should be permitted to follow their own designs. The House generally supported Mr. Asquith, who advocated the former without distinction between officers and men.

Mr. Churchill said that the Commission was considering the erection of a memorial in the cemetery nearest to the scene of fighting on which the names of the missing men would be inscribed on a regimental memorial for similar purposes. It was estimated that the Commission's scheme would take ten years, whereas the independent headstones could not be completed during the present generation. The Commission anticipated that their headstones would last hundreds of years. About 2,000 stones of remembrance, weighing about ten tons and inscribed "Thy Name liveth for Ever", would be erected in France alone and would certainly exist 3,000 years hence, preserving the memory of the common purpose and they would undoubtedly excite wonder and reverence of the posterity.

The amendment in favour of independent designs was negatived and the vote was agreed amid cheers.

REPARATIONS FROM GERMANY.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, May 4.
Recd. 0-30 a.m., May 6.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer states that he is preparing reparations claims, the amount of which would be notified to Germany by the Reparations Commission before May 1st next, for discharge within thirty years. Government would set aside from the first reparation received five million sterling for payments in certain cases to private individuals on account of losses, for which there was a claim for reparation although no legal claim existed.

CRBLE ITEMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

London, May 4th.—The death is announced of Major-General L. H. Sibthorpe an Indian Mutiny veteran.

Speaking in Manchester, Mr. Shackleton expressed the opinion that as the two parties to the cotton dispute had got so near a settlement they would pull through.

In the Commons to-day Mr. Shortt formally introduced a bill regulating importation, exportation, manufacture, sale and use of opium and other dangerous drugs.

Cairo.—A representative of the Sultan, also Viscount Allenby and the Persian Consul-General will welcome the Shah of Persia at Port Said, where he is expected on May 5th. The delegation of the Persian colony in Egypt will present His Majesty with an address in silver casket.

The navigator of the twin Rolls-Royce Kangaroo, which has entered for the "Daily Express" ten thousand sterling England to India flight will be the Australian Captain Wilkins who was the navigator of the Blackburn Kangaroo, which broke down at Crete on a flight to Australia.

Her Highness the Maharanee of Baroda has arrived in London from Paris.

The death of Brigadiergeneral Richard Williams Breeks is announced.

THE DERAJAT COLUMN.

MOVES TO NEW CAMP.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, May 4.

The Associated Press special correspondent wires from Ladha on May 1st. The Derajat column moved to-day to the new camp which is healthier than the old and offers advantage from the strategic point of view. A Jirgha of Mahsuds was held at Shakai on the 28th April but the result is not known. Another Jirgha was held at Kaniguram recently lasting for several days. It is understood a petition has been drawn up asking that the British should withdraw to Jandoola and raise the blockade, when all the terms would be settled without further delay.

News has been received that the Khogal Khel Wazire have been rounded up by three columns operating from Manduri Khal under General Fagan. The Wazirs lost one killed, four wounded. There was no British casualty.

THANA DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

THE REFORMS RESOLUTION.

LIVELY DISCUSSION.

(From our Correspondent.)

DAHANU, May 4.

The Reforms resolution which was takes up after the Khilafat resolution was moved by Mr. N. C. Kelkar.

It runs thus:—"This conference adopts the declaration of the Amritsar Congress that India is fit for full responsible government and repudiates all assumptions and assertions to the contrary wherever made that this conference adheres to the resolutions passed at the Delhi Congress regarding the constitutional reforms. It is of opinion that the Reforms Act is inadequate, unsatisfactory and disappointing. That this Congress further urges that Parliament should take early steps to establish full responsible government in India in accordance with the principle of self determination. Pending such introductions this Congress trusts that so far as may be possible they will so work the reforms as to secure early establishment of full responsible government and this conference offers its thanks to the Right Hon. Mr. E. S. Montagu for his labour in connection with the reforms.

2. That this conference calls upon all taluka Congress committee and affiliated bodies and people of the presidency in general to accept the lead given by the Amritsar Congress in the matter of working the Reforms Act and support at the ensuing council elections the candidature of persons whose allegiance to the Congress is beyond all question.

Mr. Chunilal Adhia, Bar-at-Law seconded the resolution. He vigorously pleaded for equality of opportunity for Indians.

MR. BHAGWAT'S AAMENDMENT.

Mr. Bhagvat, Thana who had previously given notice of an amendment was called upon to move it which runs thus:—

"This conference desires that the Reforms Act should be worked on a constructive spirit by the introduction of suitable legislation for the amelioration of Indian conditions and asks the electors to send to new councils only those men who will pledge themselves to support such legislation. Mr. Bhagvat also wanted the word "disapportion" in the Congress resolution to be dropped after moved explained why he pressed his amendment.

Mr. Mavji Govindji seconded the amendment. Like Mr. Bhagvat Mr. Mavji deplored his misfortune to meet the word "disappointing" in connection with the Reforms Act wherever he went.

The President then called upon the speaker on each side to address the conference. Among those who spoke in favour of Mr. Kelkar's resolution were Messrs. Mucadum, D. R. Gupte, Bassein, Jamnadas Mehta, Rao Bahadur Vaidya, Dr. Savarkar and Mr. Annasahib Khare. Those for the amendment were Professor Jog, Messrs. V. R Gupte, Poona, T. A. Kulkarni and Mr. Davane. Mr. L. R. Gokhale was absent and Mr. D. G. Dalvi excused himself when called upon to speak. The discussion lasted about two hours and half from the outset it was clear notwithstanding the utmost indulgence shown that the supporters of the amendment had very poor chance. As Mr. Davane admitted they were mostly listend to with patience and toleration. As a whole the opposition had no cause for complaint regarding the reception accorded to them by the conference. Only when Mr. Kulkarni was addressing the meeting some little excitement was caused, obviously over the use of some unfortunate expression by the speaker. Otherwise, the audience was perfectly good humoured. A handful of opposition followers undaunted by the overwhelming majority on the other side, made some faint efforts to cheer. up there own speakers. Effect was heightened by contrast when Messrs. Kelkar, Savarkar Mucadum and other speakers in favour of the original resolution were accorded tremendous ovation and repeatedly cheered. There could be no two opinions as to whose side lay predominant strength. It was not that the dissentients did not realise their hopeless position. That had been brought home to them, I am reliably informed, at the Subjects Committees sittings yesterday morning.

THE NEW TACTICS.

It seems that they have adopted since the Sholapur Conference the day's new tactics of keeping themselves in limelight and what they did was quite consistent with these tactics. While Mr. Bhagwat reasoned according to his lights in support of his motion Mr. Mavji was very emotional and if he gave shoulder to logic and facts he amply made up for it by his eloquence. The irony of the situation was two brother Guptes one V. R. of Poona and the other D. R. of Bassein were ranged against each other on one and the same platform. Elder Gupte was frankly moderate and fought shy of the word 'disappointing' and was rather not happy in his choice of an analogy to place before the audience. Younger Gupte was quite sure that the Reforms Act was not only disappointing. He might have gone further perhaps but his loyalty to the Congress impelled him to stop short at it and support Mr. Kelkar's resolutions. Mr. Muccadum following Mr. Mavji's contagious example spoke with great emotion and when he declared that just as the Webster's dictionary was an authority on English language, so was the Congress their authority in matters national. There was loud cheering and the cries of *bande-mataram* greeted the speaker.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta supporting the resolution referred to the attempts made by some leading moderates to discredit the Congress and mentioned the Hon. Mr. Sastri while in England had sent a telegram disparaging the the Congress. Mr. Gupte of Poona shouted "no, no", but Mr. Jamnadas challenged him and said he was in a position to prove it. There was some more interruption and one moderate shouted, "Is it Parliamentary language"?

Rao Bahadur Vaidya said the dissentions had not understood the root principle of self-government. That root principle was the respect for the opinion of the majority and he pointed out the absurdity of the demand to override that principle. The Rao Bahadur asked the audience to give their votes to those who were always ready to forward the majority view in the country. Mr. Gupte of Poona speaking as a dissentient admitted none had said the Reform Act was satisfactory or that they should be content with it. Further speeches were made both for and against and after both Messrs. Bhagwat and Kelkar had replied, the amendment was first put to the vote. 36 raised their hands in favour of it. The amendment was declared lost.

ORIGINAL RESOLUTION CARRIED.

On the original resolution next being put to the vote an overwhelming majority voted for it and only twenty were against it. The resolution was carried enthusiastically and with acclamations. The conference then adjourned till this morning.

LODGING HOUSE BYE-LAWS.

PUBLIC RESENTMENT AT MUTTRA.

(From a Correspondent.)

MUTTRA, May 4.

Muttra had been seething with discontent owing to the enforcement of unjust lodging house bye-laws. A regular and fully representative society was formed yesterday mainly to oppose and agitate against this measure. Municipal members were approached to sign a note because the Dharamsalas are now-a-days closed. Pilgrims are much inconvenienced; trades are sustaining heavy losses. It is highly desirable, that the bye-laws should be revised and till then their enforcement should be postponed. Nine members out of twelve have signed. Immediate attention of the authorities is drawn to the situation. Owners of Dharamsalas specially and pilgrims and devotees of Muttra are generally requested to render pecuniary help and send donations to Radhrarishan Bhargava, President of the society.

B. B. AND C. I. RY. STAFF.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I shall deem it a great favour if you will kindly publish the follwing few lines in the columns of your popular paper:—

In the middle of February last, the Agent the B.B. & C.I. Ry. had appointed a committee to enquire into and report upon the question of high cost of living in Bombay. The recommendations of the committee have been accepted by him and he as notified in a recent draft-circular his intention of granting a substantial increment of 40 to 50 per cent. to the men excepting Loco-Foremen, Inspectors and others whose scales of salaries were revised recently. The revised scale of pay will take retrospective effect from 1st September 1919. This proposed percentage of increment if granted is a very liberal one indeed but it is. I presume, only meant for those who were in the company's employment from 1914 since it is to be calculated over the salaries of 1914. If this is so, more than 40 per cent. of the company's staff, who are surely as much affected by the high cost of living in Bombay as the other more fortunate brother-clerks for whom the above relief is intended, are mercilessly excluded from its benefits. If in the case of men of 1914, the length of their service is taken to consideration, it is but equitable that the case of those who joined the company's staff after that period, their educational qualifications, the quality of their work, and lastly the question of high prices must arrest the kind attention of the Agent, I may point out here that the starting salaries offered even in these hard days are not at all invitings as will be seen from the fact that a non-matriculate invariably starts on Rs. 25, an under-graduate on Rs. 35, and a graduate on Rs. 50. Very handsome starts indeed? in these times when the purchasing value of the rupee is not even half of what it was a decade of years ago when a man drawing Rs. 20 only could easily support a family of 2 adults without running himself into debts. The agent is a sympathetic man and it is sincerely hoped that he will display his generosity and nobility on this occasion by extending the benefits of the new scale of revision to those men also who joined the company's service after 1914 by granting to them the same percentage of increase over their starting salaries. Such a step, I am sure, will never involve the company in a loss.—Yours, etc.

"HARD LUCK"

LABOUR AND CAPITAL.

IMPROVEMENT BY CONSULTATION.

The following is a free rendering of Mr. Gandhi's address to the millhands of Ahmedabad on the occasion of the second anniversary of the struggle that took place in 1917, between the mill owners and the millhands:—

This is the second anniversary of the peaceful triumph of justice. I call it a victory both for the mill owners and the mill-hands. I call this a victory of justice because the demand of the mill-hands was just and the means adopted by them to secure acceptance were pure. I should not wish victory for the mill-hands by unjust means.

Last year Swami Shraddhanandji graced our last anniversary by his presence. Between then and now many things have happened and they have altered materially the state of India. A new spirit fires us, a new atmosphere pervades Indian society. But I do not propose to detain you on the general position in our country.

It would however ill become me to call myself your friend and I pride myself on being considered a fellow-labourer if I omitted all mention of the part that the mill-hands played in the events of April of last year. During that month as arrested at the instance of Government there is no doubt that it was a serious matter. But could the mill-hands undo that mischief by incendiarism and bloodshed? You are deeply attached to Ansuyaben. She is worthy of your adoration. You heard a rumour to the effect that she was arrested; you were staggered; you were indignant. You felt that you were like birds with clipped wings. All this does credit to you our love for her. But I would again ask: Was incendiarism a fit expression of your love for her? Nor may we escape responsibility by pleading that others too were concerned in the mis-deeds. It is impossible for me to describe to you in adequate language the deep grief both she and I felt when we heard of the happenings in Ahmedabad. I can see nothing but catastrophe for India from methods of violence. Workmen would be committing suicide and India would have to suffer indescribable misery if working men were to vent their anger by criminal disobedience of the laws of the land. I do wish that you would not be misled into acts of violence because sometimes you see violence seemingly answer the purpose for which it is intended.

When I began to preach Satyagraha and civil disobedience it was never meant to cover criminal disobedience. My experience teaches me that truth can never be propagated by doing violence. Those who believe in the justice of their cause have need to possess boundless patience and those alone are fit to offer civil disobedience who are above committing civil disobedience or using violence. A man cannot commit both civil and criminal disobedience at the same time even as he cannot be both temperate and furious at the same time and just as self-restraint is acquired only after one has been able to master his passions, so is the capacity for civil disobedience acquired after one has disciplined oneself in complete and voluntary obedience of the laws of the land. Again, just as he alone can be said to be proof against temptation who having been exposed to them has succeeded in resisting them, so may we be said to have conquered anger when having sufficient cause for it we have succeeded in controlling ourselves. We failed last year in this test. It is my earnest prayer to you that on this auspicious day you will recall the mistakes of April last and make a fine determination never to repeat them.

I shall now say a few words about the condition in general of the mill-hands, of which they need to know a great deal. We cannot become rich by merely getting more wages; nor is becoming wealthy the all in all. Anasuyabai has not dedicated her life to you merely for the purpose of securing for you better wages. Her object in doing so is, that you may get enough to make you happy, to make you truly religious, that you may observe the eternal laws of ethics, that you may give up bad habits such as drink, gambling, etc., that you may keep your houses clean and that you may educate your children.

Your economic condition has improved. There is room for yet more improvement. This can take place in two ways by consultation with the mill-owners or by using undue pressure. The first is the only true remedy. In the west an eternal conflict has set up between capital and labour. Each party considers the other as his natural enemy. That spirit seems to have entered India also, and if it finds a permanent lodgment, it would be the end of our industry and of our peace. If both the parties were to realise that each is dependent upon the other, there will be little cause for quarrel.—"Young India."

(To be Continued.)

CHILDREN'S HOWLERS.

One who has recently handled a number of children's essays on "Manners" and "A Healthy Home" sends to the "Daily Chronicle" the following selection of genuine "howlers":—

If I pass in front of my teacher I must say "Excise me."

The way to have nice manners is to pick up any food with your fork.

When you are drinking anything you should not pour it in your saucer but drink it by the handle.

If a gentleman is out with his wife or sweetheart, he should walk on the curve.

Windows should be cleaned sometimes.

Windows of all the rooms should face east and west.

The habits of the family are very few; the one I like best is to have a game of dominoes.

The cleanliness of the house is always the hardest work mother has to do: in fact I always like to be out of the house when it is going on in case they call upon me.

Always choose a good neighbour, and if you are lucky enough to get a good bath, have it at once.—Daily Chronicle."

SIROHI STATE.

H. H. SARUP RAM SINGHJI INSTALLED

(From a Correspondent,)

His Highness Maharao Sir Kesri Singh Bahadur, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., of Sirohi has, recently, owing to his advanced age and the necessity of recruiting his health abdicated the Gaddi after occupying it nearly 45 years His Highness received a farewell Kharita from His Excellency the Viceroy, expressing appreciation of His Highness' Loyal service to the British Government and of his long and arduous labours on behalf of his State. The installation of his son His Highness Maharao Sarup Ram Singhji Bahadur took place at Sirohi on April the 29th. The religious ceremonies marking the installation were celebrated at 8.30 a.m., and at 10.30 a.m., a Durbar was held for the presentation of His Excellency the Viceroy's Kharita. The Hon. Mr. R. E. Holland, C.I.E., I.C.S., Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana accompanied by Mr. W.H.J. Wilkinson, C.I.E., I.C.S., Political Agent, Kotah and Mr. R. R. Maconachie, I.C.S., First Assistant, drove in state to the Palace where he was received by His Highness Maharao Sarup Ram Singhji. The palace, which is said to be 600 years old, is a massive building situated on a spur of the Aravalies and wearing picturesquely above the ancient town of Sirohi commands a wide view over the adjoining plains. The Durbar was held in a Shamiana pitched in the upper court of the Palace. After the presentation of the "Kharita" from His Excellency the Viceroy, which was made with a salute of 17 guns, the Hon. the Agent to the Governor-General made a speech congratulating His Highness on his accession to the Gaddi".

His Highness having suitably replied the Durbar terminated.

After a short interval His Highness paid a formal visit to the Hon. the Agent to the Governor-General at the Agency House.

In the afternoon a farewell address was presented by the citizens of Sirohi to His Highness Sir Kesri Singh in the evening. And the function was attended by the Agent to the Governor-General and his staff, who were entertained at dinner in the evening by His Highness Maharao Sarup Ram Singhji. A display of fireworks closed the celebrations.

The New Ruler is 32 years of age and is well-known figure at Mount Abu the Rajputana Sanitarium, which was leased from the Sirohi State three years ago. As he has acted for nine years as Chief Minister to his father, His Highness has already acquired an intimate knowledge of the requirements of his people and the prospects of the State under his administration are most favourable.

TENANTS FROM ALL NATIONS

TO DISCUSS WORLD'S HOUSING NEEDS

The Scottish Labour Housing Association, Glasgow, has instructed the secretary, Councillor David Kirkwood, to collect data as to housing needs and policy in Scotland in view of the proposal to hold a Tenants' International Congress in France this year.

The idea of a Tenants' International has come from the French Socialists, who are hopeful that their proposal will meet with sufficient response to warrant a congress being held in Paris during the summer.

New branches of the Scottish Labour Housing Association have been formed in Dumbarton, Yoker, Stirling, Greenock, Aberdeen, and Johnstone.—The "Daily Herald."

LUCKY TENANT.

WILL BOMBAY HOUSEOWNERS NOTE.

A cottage at Cowley was sold for £225, with the condition that the present occupant should be tenant for life at a rent of 6s. per week.

A PAGODA BELL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

RANGOON, May 4.

A large bell taken from Shwesandaw Pagoda at Prome during the Burmese war, 1853, which was given as a present to General Godan has been returned by his grandson Lt.-Col. Godan Austen and was formally handed back to the Pagoda Trustees by Mr. Grahame I.C.S. Commissioner, Pegu Division on Saturday. Mr. Grahame who is a fluent Burmese speaker emphasised the occasion and alluded to the opportunities for Burma within the British Empire, if people acted on ideas which the sound of the pagoda bell evoked. The return of the bell was made the occasion of great local rejoicing.

GREATNESS OF DICKENS.

"When I speak of him as 'great', I mean that he is one of the few great men of the earth to be classed with Alexander, Julius Caesar, Napoleon and Shakespeare."

Such was the eulogy delivered by Mr. Edwin Charles—the pen-name of Mr. Charles Edwin Grigsby, author of "Keys to the Drood Mystery"—when entertaining in mail week members of the London Institution to "An Hour with Dickens."

"Look through all the novels you have read, and try and find a greater hero than 'Sidney Carton', the wastrel", said the lecturer.

Could they, he asked, recall to mind any one character who stood out as prominently in public imagination as any one of Dicken's characters? He could think of one only, and that was "Sherlock Holmes", who occupied all the stage and took up all the limelight in the long series of works of Sir Arthur Conan Doyle.—The "Daily Chronicle."

LABOUR UNREST IN AHMEDABAD.

SPINNERS STRIKE WORK.

FAILURE OF ARBITRATION.

(From our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, May 5.

The spinners of some of the mills of Ahmedabad have struck work. The demands of the spinners were to be settled by arbitration. The arbitrators are to declare the award on 1st May. Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Mangaldas met and deliberated many a time, but the differences could not be settled. The case could not be referred to Mr. Chatfield, Collector, owing to the reluctance of Mr. Mangaldas. Hence no award was declared by the 1st of May. The spinners struck work on 3rd May. Mr. Gandhi arrived here from Sivhgarh to-day.

KHILAFAT.

NAWAB OF DACCA DISAPPROVES ANGRY SPEECHES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, May 4.

The Nawab of Dacca has issued a statement strongly dissociating himself from angry speeches and demonstrations regarding the Khilafat. When he took part in these demonstrations his sole idea was to impress upon the British Government that if justice were done to the Sultan, it would have the wholesale effect of increasing the popularity of the British Government with the Mussalmans of India but he strongly disapproved of violent speeches.

KARACHI PORT INTERESTS.

MR. WEBB MEETS THE RAILWAY BOARD.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, May 4.

Mr. M. De P. Webb, the Chairman of the Karachi Chamber of Commerce, had a meeting with the Railway Board on Monday, the 3rd May, at Simla, when various matters relating to the interests of the Port of Karachi were discussed, more especially with reference to the safeguarding of Kaarchi in the matter of supply of rolling stock and the question of broad guage connections from Karachi to Delhi, Agra and Bombay.

INFLUENZA IN INDIA.

(From our own Correspondent.)

SIMLA, May 3.

The main sea port towns of India are still infected with influenza, but in none is there evidence of a serious epidemic. The mortality from respiratory diseases in Bombay City is high. In the Bombay Presidency the telegraphic reports dated between the 22nd and 28th April show fresh infection in 81 villages, 35 of these being situated in the Thana district. Cases and deaths are reported from every province in India and from Burma but except in Bombay and perhaps in the Central Provinces there is little evidence of a spreading epidemic. Simla is infected and a few deaths are reported from Mussoorie and Nainital. The epidemic in Central India is definitely abating. During the week ending April 3rd there was a slight fall in the number of deaths from influenza reported from 96 great towns of England and Wales.

CHAMAN INCIDENT CLOSED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, May 4.

The Chaman incident as it is known on the border may now be said to be closed. The Alokosai individuals who were recently abducted and carried over the border were brought back to Chaman on 3rd May under an Afghan escort.

CALCUTTA RENT ACT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, May 5.

The Calcutta Rent Act is in force from to-day. Rai Bangsidhar Bannerjee Bahadur is appointed as the Rent Controller.

WHY KIPLING WAS NOT ANSWERED.

Mr. Rudyard Kipling has arrived at Biarritz with lots of luggage says an English paper. An amusing story is told of his endeavours to recover some luggage left at an American hotel. He could get no answer to his letters, and when he went again in person to the hotel was told by the manager that his letters had not been answered as they wanted him to keep on writing. "Your autographs are worth about 100 dollars each," he was told.

WANTED.

THE public to know that our book, "The Guide to conjugal Happiness." (family life.) is the best on the Science of Sexes. Contains the recent discoveries and invaluable advice by American, French, German, and English Doctors and Scientists. Indisponsable to those married and about to marry. The cheapest and the most exhaustive on the subject. Outcome of a long and labourious study. Very cheap. Price per copy Rupee one only (Re. 1). Postage Free. Only few copies.

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INFLUENZA AGAIN?

The British Medical Journal on commenting on the prophylactic measures advocated by Sir G. Newman, M. O. to the Health Ministry emphasises on strict "Daily attention to the Toilet of the nose and Throat."

Use, therefore, The Antiseptic Throat Paint, Gargle and Nasal Douche to prevent Influensa.

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Awake! Modern man! the needs of the hour,
Come girdle thy limbs with superb strength and Power,
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By moulding the temple which guards the Soul,
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To the vigorus man whose body is wrought
In bands of steel, and temper so fine
For him life holds naught but glorious Sunshine.
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DR. S. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR
"DIABETES SPECIALIST"

A RARE SPECIFIC FOR THE CURE OF "DIABETES."

OF the latest cases he has treated and got completely cured are Messrs. Kanhayalal Badridas, a cotton merchant and Balubhai Kalyanchand, of Bombay, who were suffering from "Diabetes" for the last 12 years and 6 years respectively. Both the Urines were examined by the Bombay Municipal Analyst before and after treatment The following result is obtained and the true abstract from Memorandums—dated 29-9-19, 8-11-19, 7-1-20 and 27-1-20, show that the Specific Gravity and the percentage of Sugar with the presence of other matters before the treatment was Sp. 1037 and 1036 and Sugar 5.62 per cent. and 5.65 per cent., and after treatment the result is:—Sp. Gra. 1013 and 1016 and Sugar "Nil" and "Nil" with other matters as normal respectively.

Mr. Kanayalal Badidass Cotton Merchant, Bombay, writes on 31st Jan., 1020:—"It gives me great pleasure in testifying to real efficacy of Dr. S. R. Iyengar's medicinal drugs. I was suffering from "Diabetes for the last 12 years. When I Commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment my urines were examined on 29.9.19 by the Bombay Municipal Analyst, the sp. gravity was 1037 and suggar 5—62 per cent. After treatment in the Examination of the same Municipal Analyst; and Dr. N. H. Clubwala M.D., B.Hy. (Boy) at Dr. Masina Hospital Pathological Laboratory on 23rd and 27th January, 1920. "Sugar was found" "nil," and sp. 1013.

Miss Banoo F. Poacha, of Raipur, and Mr. N. H. Gazder, Bombay, write on 11-11-19:—"We are pleased to inform that Dr. S. R. Iyengar, 'Specialist in Diabetes', cured Mrs. Framji Dadabhoy Poacha, of Raipur, who was suffering from 'Diabetes' for the last five years. When she commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment on 27-9-19, the percentage of Sugar in the Urine was more than 5 per cent. when examined by Dr. Billimoria, M.D. After the treatment the Urine was examined on 1-11-19 by the Chemical Analyser, Bombay Municipal Laboratory, and was found to be: Sugar—"Nil." "We wish him all success."

CONSULTATION:—9 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 7 p.m.

ADDRESS:—Janmashtami Building, "opp. Cama Bagh", Khetwadi Main Road, Girgaon, Bombay.

Telegrams:—"DIABETES", Bombay.

HYDROCELE

No More Risk of Operation.

Specific which guarantees radical cure of Hydrocele, Tumour, Varicocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis of any nature and duration, by external use only. It is harmless and free from injurious ingredients and gaining reputation far and wide.

Re. 2-8 per os. phial Ib bottle Rs. 80.

Mr. V. T. Stephen, Hyderabad (Sind) says:—I thank you for 1 lb. Hydrocele specific which cured me radically.

BE A MAN
WONDERFUL PILLS.

A genuine cure for Impotency whatever is the cause. It operates a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinary organs. Price Rs. 2.

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The only house in Bombay for fashionable and genuine Jewellery, undertake orders for platinum work of any design.

A Trial order will convince you

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ARE YOU IN INDIA ARE YOU

Then by means of the renowned Bhargava's

HEALTH of INDIA
India's Leading Salt

You can always keep yourself in condition, healthy, hearty, full of life, free from all stomach troubles and disorders and also from the most serious diseases due to the Impurity of Bood This Salt is prepared from the pure Indian vegetables and herbs and can be used with the utmost confidence for the

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'Health of India' is a certain and absolutely safe cure for Constipation, Indigestion, Hearturn, Headache, Stomach Disorders, Impure Blood, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Dyspepsia, Cholera, Loss of Appetite, Cough, and Asthuma, General Debility and Monthly Disorders peculiar to Females.

Price Rs. 5 per bottle of 700 doses.
" " 1 " 100 "
Hundreds have Already Tried—
WHY NOT YOU?
Order from:

The Manager,
'HEALTH OF INDIA' OFFICE,
BENARES CITY.

SHEAVES.

(BY AN IDLER.)

Pity the convict. Condemn him not. Remember he is a poor human-being who has simply been caught by the seductive looks of crime. He has lost his moral path and got entangled into the thick "jungle" of Vice. Pick him up, impress him with the terrors of the wild jungles, and restore him back to his place. This can be achieved by kindness and not by care.

American Example.

The story of the wonders worked by kind treatment of convicts comes from America. There is a penitentiary, called the Michigan State Penitentiary, at Jackson, in the U. S. A. The warder or governor's name is Mr. Hulbert. At one time the prison was one of the most notorious and hardened penal institutions of the —— country. But, within the few years that Mr. Hulbert has been there he has transformed the jail into an industrial colony. And the secret of it all is Kindness. The password is Trust.

Convicts' Contract.

Mr. Herbert in an interview to a reporter of the "Kanas City Post', said:—

"'Every one that comes to me as a prisoner makes a contract with me, I absolutely forget what I may know of the dark spots in his life. It's so easy for any one to make a mistake that will lead him to prison. My mission is to help that man over the rough places of his path. But I must have his help and that aid from him comes in the form of a verbal contract entered into with me, wherein he says that he will obey the rules of the institution, accept my proffers of assistance, and help me to minimise the days that he must remain there. That contract is just as sacred as any that is ever drawn. And if it is not respected by the other party, he must suffer.' . . . We confine a man in his cell, thus denying him the privilege of the recreation yards, and let him think over his error. They invariably see the right side."

State Industrial Plant.

Mr. Herbert began his mission of mending the mind of the fallen men by first creating an atmosphere of trust and goodwill. Next he abolished some of the horrible-soul-sickening systems of punishments. And thirdly he urged the men to be "square" and promised rewards for that. Not only this, but he occasionally took the men to hotels, theatres and other places of amusements, which made them forget their position for the time being at any rate. Mr. Hurlbert does not call the institution a penitentiary. He calls it "State Industrial Board." He has put up posters on the walls to the effect, "Do not climb over the wire fence or cut the wire, but go to the gate if you want to escape." There are about 1,054 inmates in the prison of whom nearly 200 are allowed to move about or sleep outside the walls unguarded.

Lessons in Handicrafts.

But this is not all. He has purchased modern machineries to teach the men how to handle them. There are materials for all sorts of handicrafts, and the men are taught the craft, best suited to them. Mr. Hulbert encourages them by securing for their products place at the fairs of Michigan, and allowing them to be the exhibitors.

Peshawar's Ways.

Peshawar's ways are the same old ways of old. Patriots have still no place in the regard of the officialdom. Still they are despised, still they are hated. O'Dwyer is gone, but not O'Dwyerism from the land. Recently the citizens of Peshawar resolved to invite Lala Lajpat Rai, and the Secretary of the District Association, accordingly booked the following telegrams:—

To "Jallianwalla", Amritsar,

"Please do not publish my letter regarding unjust and uncivil warning of Deputy Commissioner to stop meetings. Send lecturers immediately. Request Lala Lajpat Rai. Anxiously waiting."

To Lala Dunichand, Lahore,

"Kindly request Lala Lajpat Rai to visit Peshawar during National Week. Resolution passed unanimously congratulating, welcoming and inviting Lalaji." And a third telegram was sent to Lala Girdhari Lal, Secretary, Jallianwalla Memorial, informing him of the "urgent need of lecturers."

Messages Refused.

But, the messages were refused. The Telegraph Office did not tackle them. Here is the letter which the sender was sent by the Telegraph Superintendent:—

"With reference to your letter dated the 8th instant, received last night, I have the honour to make a refund of Rs. 4-13-0 on account of charges of your three telegrams, receipt No. Press 1, 4 and 5 dated the 7th instant to Amritsar and Lahore which have been held under orders of Local Government, in accordance with Telegraph Guide, Rule 15."

However, it must be pointed out that, according to the "Patrika", the Secretary was informed, subsequently, that telegram to 'Jallianwalla" could be transmitted if the words "Send lecturers immediately. Request Lala Lajpat Rai. Anxiously awaiting", were deleted.

Authority.

The Rule 15, of the Indian Telegraph Guide, which the authorities called to their aid, runs thus:—

"Telegraph Offices are required to refuse to accept any telegram which may be of a decidedly objectionable or alarming character. Should the character of a telegram be open to doubt, the matter shall be referred to a Secretary to Government if the telegram be tendered at a seat of Government, or to the Chief Civil or Military Officer if tendered at another place."

Red Humour.

According to the Central News at the final session of the Ninth Russian Communist Conference held at Moscow, recently, it was decided to confer the Order of the Red Flag on M. Clemenceau and Mr. Winston Churchill "in recognition of their great work for the international revolution." The Order of the Red Flag is the highest distinction that Soviet Russia can bestow. It consists of a miniature flag in enamel, and is worn over the heart. Hitherto Trotzky alone has been recipient of the Order.

Blind Men's March.

The blind men of England have started on a march to London They go from all parts of the country, and when they reach the metropolis they form one procession. They seek an interview with the Premier, and by their pathetic demonstration they hope to excite public sympathy for their sufferings. They ask that State should provide them with adequate technical training and with employment. The pathetic procession has already commenced. The "Daily News" says:—"They carry nothing with them, but white banners proclaiming the purpose of their pilgrimage. They have neither change of underclothing nor food. They trust to friendly organizations to provide them with both food and shelter on the way, and they hope the weather will not beat them into surrender."

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Specific guarantees radical cure of Hydrocele, Tumour, Varicocele. Hernia Elephantiasis of any nature and duration by external use only. It is harmless and free from injurious ingredients and gaining reputation far and wide. Rs. 2.8 per Phial of 1 oz.; 1 lb. Rs. 30.

European Medical Officer, Tanjore, says:—Patronising your specific for Elephantiasis. I found these really good and efficacious.

Mr. Maung Ba Tin, Rangoon, says: Thanks. The Hernia specific did me much good. Please send 6 Phials more.

Mr. V. T. Stephen Hyderabad (Sind) says. I thank you for 1 lb. Hydrocele specific which cured me radically.

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OF ALL SORTS OF TYPTWRITERS AND ASSESSORIES.

Rebuilt Remington and Oliver Typewriter are offered to the Public at a reduced price to make room for February shipment. Trial solicited.

Mangaldas Dayabhai & Coy.

73, Apollo Street, Fort.
BOMBAY.

M. P's. AS NIGHT-BIRDS.

MOTION TO ALTER HOURS.

The Labour Party wants the House of Commons to sit early in the day instead of late at night. Notice was given in mail week of a motion to that effect, says a London daily.

"We know that morning sittings will be opposed by professional men", said Mr. Tyson Wilson, Chief Labour Whip, "but we think the present hours of sitting detrimental to the efficiency of the House. Important debates are crowded into the late hours of the night or the early hours of the morning."

A FATAL SCUFFLE.

The Deputy Coroner held an inquest touching the death of a bricklayer, Sonoo Bhikoo, aged 40, who was killed in a scuffle in Hanuman Lane on Monday night. It was stated that Vithal Babaji, the suspected man, lived in a room near that of the deceased. On Monday night the deceased's wife was cooking in her room at about 8-30 p.m. and she heard some quarrel going on between the deceased and Vithal. They then came into the room and the suspect caught the deceased by the throat and slapped him on the face. The deceased fell down. She did not know if the deceased had been beaten before he came into the room. Sonoo died soon after.

The Police Surgeon was of the opinion that the cause of death was asphyxiation.

The jury returned a verdict accordingly—asphyxia from pressure on the throat by the hand of Vithal Babaji.

THE BATH IN THE WEST.

Indians, with many of whom the daily bath is an item of religious duty, will read with mingled feelings the following appearing in the "Saturday Review":—

No one expects accurate history from the "Daily Mail"; but when we read an article opening with the words "the long cherished British tradition of daily baths," we fairly gasped. There are very many English country houses with no bath-room, the occupiers contenting themselves with splashing in a pannikin. Even in more luxurious establishments, there is generally not more than one bath-room to ten people. It is the Americans, who are cleaner than the British as a nation, who demand a bath-room to every bedroom; and to American travellers we owe the improvement in baths and sanitary arrangements in French and Italian hotels. The bath, of course, comes from Southern and Eastern Europe. When the civilisation of the Romans and Greeks passed away, no man or woman had a bath in Europe for a thousand years. Christianity made dirt sacred. When the Turks came to Constantinople in the fifteenth century, they found and adopted the Roman bath, which Urquhart introduced into this country about seventy years ago. It was Whyte Melville who made the cold tub (neither cleansing nor healthy) fashionable amongst the upper class. Its adoption by the upper middle and middle classes is of quite recent date.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 5.

S S Meichi Maru, Shinomaru, Kobe.

May 5.

S S Bandra, Wibmer, Persian Gulf.
S S Mandala, Swanson, Karachi.
S S Nagpur, Jorden, Rangoon.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—

Steamer War Cuta, for Persian Gulf.

S S Meichi Maru:—The Japan Line steamer Meichi Maru, 1981 tons, Captain H. Shinomara, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe, with a general cargo.

S S Bandra:—The B. I. S N Company's steamer Bandra, 1877 tons, Captain W. Wigger, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Persian Gulf, with a general cargo and passengers.

S S Mandala:—The P. and O. S. N. Coy's steamer Mandala, 5,189 tons, Captain C. J. Swanson, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Karachi, with same bottom cargo.

S S Nagpur: The steamer Nagpur, 682 tons, Captain B. Jordan, sailed yesterday from Bombay harbour for Rangoon, with a general cargo.

EXPORTS.

May 5.

S S City of Karachi for Liverpool:—46 bales cotton, C. Chandoolal and Co.; 152 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 58 bales wool, F. Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

S S Margha for London:—10 cases Bristles, C N S Ghiwalla and Co.

S S Margha for Ghent, 330 bales cotton, The Bombay Co. Ltd.

S S Margha for Antwerp—220 bales cotton, The Bombay Co. Ltd.

S S Glenocven for Antwerp—65 bales cotton, N M K Raisha; 2 bales cotton fly, V A Save; 200 bales cotton fly, K Visram and Co.; 100 bales cotton waste, K. Visram and Co. 75 bales hemp, K Visram and Co.; 100 bales cotton, K H Kayani and Co.

S S Glenocven for Rotterdam—200 bales cotton fly, K. Visram and Co.;

S S Adolph Woerman for Hull—500 tons manganese, J. Finlay and Co., Ltd; 2990 cwts. cottonseed, Sanday and Co.; 3744 cwts. cottonseed, L & F Barraclough and Co., Ltd.

S S Adolph Woerman for New York—1982 cwts Java Sugar, Ralli Bros.

S S Othello for Hull—50 bales hemp, F. Forbes Campbell and Co., Ltd.; 6266 cwts. cotton seeds, L. and F. Barraclough and Co., Ltd.

S S Capri for Genoa 300 bales bales cotton, Ralli Bros.; 100 bales cotton, J. A. Begbie and Co.

S S Gangesmaru for Kobe—300 bales cotton Samalbhai Nathoobhai and Co.; 27 bales cotton, J. Peermahomed and Co.; 100 bales cotton, R. D. Tata and Co.; 500 bales cotton Ralli Bros.

S S Ganges Maru for Yokkaichi—800 bales cotton, N W K. Kaisha.

S S Ganges Maru for Osaka—195 bales cotton, N. M K Kaisha.

S. S. Shinzui Maru for Nagasaki:—700 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha Ltd.; 314 bales cotton N. M. K. Kaisha.

S. S. Shinzui Maru for Yokohama:—77 bales cotton, N. M K. Kaisha.

S. S. Shinzui Maru for Shanghai:—355 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha; 881 bales cotton twist, E. D. Sassoon & Co.

S. S. Betland Maru for Shanghai:—225 bales cotton twist, E. D. Sassoon & Co.

S. S. Portland Maru for Hongkong:—75 bales cotton twist, E. D. Sassoon & Co

S. S. Shinzui Maru for Hongkong:—561 bales cotton twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 50 bales cotton yarn, The Japan Cotton Trading Co. Ltd.

IMPORTS.

May 5.

S S Bankr from Basrah Agents—M. M. and Co.:—38 bags K. seeds, 48 bags tobacco, 40 bags leaves, 2 bales carpets, 4 bales badanch, 36 bdles G. skins, 2 bdles Arab coats, 56 Bdles Specia, 12 bdles sharkin, 11 cases P. sheets, 271 cases sardines 10 bundles cotton with seed; 2941 bales cotton, 30 cases kishmish resins, 50 cases opium.

S S Margha from Karachi, Agents:—M. M. and Co.:— 91 bdles goat skins, 8 bales skins, 583 bales cotton, 34947 bags rapeseed, 1503 bags linseed, 53 bales Ox and cow hides, 5100 bags salt petre, 12 cases dry fish maws, 30 bales buffalo hides.

S S Gambada from Moulmein, Agents M M and Co.;—92539 bags white rice.

S. S. Queda from Calcutta, Agents M. M. and Co. 10893 bags coal, 101 pieces M. S. angles, 4 cases machinery, 9 cases stationery.

ACWORTH LEPER ASYLUM.

The President, Acworth Leper Asylum, Matunga, acknowledges the following donations to the Asylum during the months of January, February and March 1920:

"A Friend" Rs. 1,000; Mr P D Khandalawalla Rs. 150; The Bombay Women's Victoria Memorial Fund Rs. 118-12; "A Friend of the Poor" Rs. 101; Mr F C Patel, (Bhusawal) Rs. 85; Mr M S Pandit Rs. 25; Mr Sorabji R Patell Rs. 25; "A Sympathiser" Rs. 12; Mrs L Almeida Rs. 10; Miss Macfarlane Matson Rs. 5; Messrs. The Potdar Engineering Co Rs. 1-4. Sweets, etc. from:—Messrs Keshavji Shiwji; Keshavji Jethabhai; Kanji Dewsi; Nawalchand Malookchand; Rao Bahadur Sundardas Narandas; Harjiwan Walji; Gordhandas Karsondas Malji Moolji; Karamsy Hirji; Tokari Moolji & Co; Moolji Khetsey and Co; Shah Malsi Nathoo; Poonja Hira; Ramkison Harikison; Morarji Keshavji; Wiram Rayasi; and Miss Poorbai Damaji Manek.

HEALTH OF BOMBAY.

Compared with the preceding week, the total mortality 856 was 94 less; the death-rate registered was 45.44. These figures compare favourably with (1) those for the corresponding week of 1919 when the mortality was 1,863 and the death-rate 88.29; and (2) those for the week during the preceding quinquennium (1915-1919) —mortality 866 and the death-rate 45.97.

The number of deaths from influenza during the week was 31 and that from the diseases of the respiratory organs 347 against 39 and 400 respectively in the preceding week. 14 notifications of influenzal pneumonia, including 8 from the War Hospitals, were received during the week. Of the total mortality, 179 deaths were among infants under one year of age. Deducting 40 deaths among recent arrivals from the mofussil and not belonging to the city, the mortality for the week is reduced to 816 giving the death-rate of 43.32.

Cholera remained absent. Small-pox registered 49 attacks (including 2 imported cases) and 20 deaths; and plague 25 attacks (including 1 imported case) and 18 deaths.

The number of live-births registered during the week was 369 against 373 in the corresponding week of 1919 and 337 the average of the week during 1915-1919.

The Nawab of Rampur has intimated that he proposes to waive the recovery of the sum of Rs. 2,28,813 due to the Rampur Durbar from the Government on account of expenditure incurred by them during the war on the Rampur Imperial Service troops over and above ordinary peace charges. His Highness desires that this amount may be considered as a war contribution to the British Government. The offer has been accepted.

THE WEATHER.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 4th May 1920.

Names of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barrometer corrected to 32 deg. Fans.	29.721	Inches.
Temperature of Air	85.0	Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78.7	"
Dew Point	76.6	"
Relative humidity of Air	0.764	"
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy =10)	3.4	"
Maximum temparature of Air	90.8	"
Minimum do. do.	79.4	"
Central Directions of Wind from midnight to midnight	WNW.W.	
Movement of Wind	117	Miles.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.		Day of Month	LOW WATER Bombay Mean time.		Depth on Still.	
	May	h.	m.	ft.	in	May	h.	m.	ft.	in
Wed.	5	0	54a	25	6	5	m 6	8	15	8
		m		28	1		6	47a	18	9
Thu.	6	1	25a	26	2	6	m 6	37	15	11
		m	1	27	8		7	18a	19	1
Fri	7	1	55a	25	8	7	m 9	6	16	5
		m	1	40	27	2	7	54a	19	6
Sat.	8	2	27a	25	2	8	m 7	37	17	0
		m	2	17	26	8	8	34a	20	0
Sun	9	m	3	3a	24	7	9	m 8	12	17	9
							9	21a	20	4
Mon	10	m	3	2	26	1	10	m 8	53	18	6
		m	3	42a	24			10	22a	20	6
Tues.	11	m	4	6	23	8	11	m 9	57	19	4
		m	4	42a	25	2		11	4 a	20	4

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

May 5	(Wednesday)	Sunrise 6h. 6m	Sunset.	7h.	1m.
" 6	(Thursday)	" 6h. 10m	"	7h.	1m
" 7	(Friday)	" 6h 10m	"	7h.	2m.
" 8	(Saturday)	" 6h 9m	"	7h	2m.
" 9	(Sunday)	" 6h. 8m	"	7h.	3m
" 3	(Monday)	" 6h. 8m.	"	7h.	3m
" 4	(Tuesday	" 6h. 7m.	"	7h.	4m.

Phases of the Moon:—

Full Moon	1920 April.	3d.	4h. 24-7m.	p.m.
Last Quarter	"	11d.	6h. 54-2m	p.m
New Moon	"	19d.	8h. 13-1m.	a.m
First Quarter	"	25d.	6h. 57-5m.	p.m

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 5th May, 1920, giving data for the preceding 24 hours:—

The Punjab.—The sky is lightly clouded at Ambala and Hissar. Humidity is generally in defect. Day temperature is above the average at Ambala.

The United Provinces.—The sky is clear and the air is drier than usual. Day temperature is above normal; night temperature is above the average at Cawnpore.

Sind and Rajputana.—The sky is clear except at Bikaner and Karachi where it is lightly clouded. Humidity is in defect in upper Sind and north Rajputana. Day temperature is above normal except at Karachi, Jacobabad recording a maximum of 115 deg. F.; night temperature is above the average in west Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—The sky is generally clear except at Rajkot and Veraval where it is heavily clouded. Humidity is slightly in excess in Cutch and Gujarat. Day temperature is above the average except in south Gujarat and on the Kathiawar coast; night temperature is generally above normal except at Indore.

The Central Provinces.—The sky is lightly clouded in the east, but is clear elsewhere. The air is drier than usual except in the south-west. Night temperature is below the average in the eastern half of the reporting area.

The Konkan.—The sky is moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are about normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—The sky is lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is in defect in Hyderabad, but is in excess in the south Bombay Deccan. Day temperature is above normal at Malegaon, Ahmednagar and Nizamabad, while night temperature is below normal in east Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—Light showers have occurred in suoth Malabar; elsewhere weather has been dry. The sea is slight to rough on the south Malabar coast and on the west coast of Ceylon. Hot weather conditions continue over the whole area and day temperature is higher than usual in northern India, Jacobabad again recording a maximum of 115 deg. F.

Dry weather is likely to continue except in the extreme south.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 4th May, 1920:—

The storm in the Bay is approaching the Arakan coast, but is still two hundred miles from Akyab. It has given nearly general rain in Burma. A few falls have also occurred in Bengal. Chief amounts are:—Tavoy, Kyaukpyu one and a half inches; Moulmein two; Toungoo, Akyab one; Rangoon, Mandalay four; Lashio one; Maymyo three; Mymensingh a half.

A western disturbance is entering Kashmir.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometer:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 6-45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 4th May, 1920 was 29.952 inches on the 2nd February, 1920 was 30.124 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to morcurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by 0.13 inch. for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 60 deg. F. In case of the anercid the temperature correction is needed but for comparison at 90 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide in the stream at 8-40 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer readings should be increased by 0.10 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it coming given.

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*SERIAL STORY**

NILIMA.

BY SUNALINI RAJAM.

CHAPTER IV—CONTINUED.

"Things must come to a head very soon", Babu had assured Maya. And indeed, the climax was not long in coming.

Nikhil was away again on one of his mofussil trips—a circumstance that, small and insignificant in itself, was still entirely responsible for the sudden and lightning rapidity with which the end came!

Jamini Babu saw his chance and made the most of it. He was almost sure that the woman Rohini, at any rate, was enamoured of Nikhil, or what led her to venture out of the house, as the servant had told him, only when Nikhil was out of the way? Why should she wish to avoid him especially? Even if he were wrong, he decided to trust to his usual luck—it would never desert him!

It was at his suggestion that Maya asked Rohini to go upstairs to Nikhil's private office-room and have it well-cleaned and dusted. "I would not trust anybody, but you with this work", Maya told Rohini, with a smile "so I hope you do not mind doing it." It seemed to Maya that for a moment or two, Rohini hesitated before she answered "Very well—I shall see that it is done."

When Jamini Babu had first suggested to Maya that the only way in which he could prove his story, was to watch Rohini in some place where she would fancy herself alone in the midst of Nikhil's special belongings, she had refused to take up the suggestion. "Pardon me, Jamini, I cannot do it", she had said; but Jamini Babu's power over Maya was such that she soon yielded and fall in with his plan.

So she took Jamini Babu upstairs to a passage, rather dark and gloomy with its heavy, embroidered hangings and they stationed themselves in a dark corner, behind a screen of stamped velvet, where they could remain invisible to the unconscious occupant of Nikhil's room, but from where they could watch her every movement quite well.

Maya and Jamini Babu noticed with some surprise that the first thing Rohini did, on entering the room, was to send the servant away—she evidently intended doing all the work herself! As they sat and watched to see if Rohini would betray herself, Jamini Babu prayed to all the evil powers in existence to come to his aid and help him to find something in the woman's conduct, which he could turn to his advantage! And his prayer was more than answered.

For a few minutes after the servant left Rohini alone in Nikhil's private room, she stood, quiet and still, with her hands pressed against her heart as if to still its beating; her eyes grew dim and she swayed a little, nearly overcome with agitation. Then, with a supreme effort, she recovered something like her usual calm and went from shelf to shelf of books, dusting and arranging them, but more in the manner of a figure in a dream than a living, feeling woman.

Jamini Babu sat forward eagerly as he noticed these strange movements—he pressed Maya's hand, as much as to say "Watch carefully." They watched, and saw how Rohini touched every book, every article in the room with lingering hands which trembled with the strength of some hidden emotion. Maya's face set hard as she noticed these things—she could hardly keep herself from rushing in and confronting this woman whom she hated, not from any feeling of jealousy, but because she saw now that Rohini was, indeed, the cause of the shame and disgrace she felt must be her lot in the fast approaching future! Jamini Babu did not relax his clasp on Maya's arm for one single moment—he knew her impulsive nature and retained his hold of her all through this awful scene.

Rohini came finally to Nikhil's office-table; her steps were slow and uncertain; her face had the pallor of death and her eyes looked unnaturally large and dark and full of some dreadful suppressed agony. She remained standing beside the table for a minute or two, staring with hungry, yearning eyes at a photograph of Nikhil, which stood on the table; her lips quivered and she reeled slightly as she stretched out both hands to lift the photograph up; she held it before her and looked long at the handsome face—a spasm of pain convulsed her features, and, with a long cry, Rohini clasped the photograph to her heart, while heart-rending, tearless sobs shook her slender frame!

Maya started to her feet—her face writhed with anger—she could not control herself a moment longer. But Jamini Babu, himself not a little surprised by these strange things, never ceased to watch Maya keenly; he pulled her back to her seat, with blazing eyes and finger on his lips in angry warning—"As you value your happiness—be quiet" he hissed into her ear. "Not a word—not a sound or you ruin all. Be patient."

Maya was at once influenced by his tone of command. They continued their spying.

Strange though it may sound, it was nevertheless true beyond the slightest doubt that good and evil powers were, in this particular instance, working in unison!

While Rohini remained in this attitude convulsed with sobs as she jealously pressed Nikhil's photograph to her bursting heart, the door at the further end of the room, exactly opposite to the corner which sheltered the two spies, opened quite noiselessly and—the most unexpected of all things on earth and one quite outside the calculations of everyone concerned—Nikhil entered!

Maya and Jamini Babu exchanged horrified glances—what would happen now? Before they had time to consider how Nikhil's totally unexpected return would affect the situation, before they even collected their rudely disturbed impressions, the end came!

Nikhil entered; passing a hand over his weary brow, he took a step forward in the direction of his table. Suddenly he stood still, as his eyes encountered the figure of a woman leaning against the side of the table with bowed head and trembling limbs.

Rohini heard a faint sound—she stood erect.

Nikhil stared at her as at a ghost; his eyes dilated with horror; he staggered back violently against the door like a man staggering under a mortal blow. Then, in strained, hoarse accents, only half-articulate and inaudible to the spying pair, with a tremendous effort he burst forth, "You—you! By God! Nilima—you!"

Nilima, for it was, indeed, she— swayed violently under the shock of this unexpected and sudden meeting with the husband who had deserted her. The photograph fell heavily to the ground as with a gesture of ineffable love and appeal, with lips struggling to frame the words "Forgive me", she stretched out her arms to Nikhil, who continued to stare with the eyes of a man suddenly and violently deprived of his senses!

Jamini Babu leapt to his feet. "Proved! proved!" he whispered triumphantly to Maya, blessing all the powers of evil that had aided him so wonderfully. Maya scarcely heard him—she shook off his hand and rushed into the room straight up to Nilima. Her face was distorted with the violence of her passion; her eyes blazed in their sockets like live coals; her body trembled with uncontrollable anger!

"You evil, ungrateful hussy!" she shrieked "Is this the game you have been playing here so long?" Maya's passion choked her utterance; she tried to speak—her lips refused to utter the imprecations and curses that rose to them. She did not even look at Nikhil; the whole force of her violent anger she concentrated on the motionless figure before her. She lost all control over her actions and raised her hand high to strike her enemy to the ground!

Nikhil's bewildered brain only dimly felt Maya's presence in the room; his ears only dimly heard Maya's shrieking; his eyes only dimly saw the uplifted hand. But in the same moment, his confused mind seemed to realise that harm was intended to the beloved! He stumbled forward, only half conscious of his actions.

"Maya, Maya! You dare not", he shouted, "You dare not touch her! At your peril you harm her!" Nikhil's feet caught in a fold of the carpet and he fell heavily to the floor, but not before he saw the cruel hand strike Nilima's delicate cheek and leave there a blood-red mark to stain its pure, transparent pallor.

Nilima shivered as with ague; she was dazed and stupefied. She moved towards the door in this semi-conscious condition—then suddenly, as though her senses returned to her in a rush, her eyes lost their look of dull pain and stupefaction; she realised all that had happened. She threw at Maya a look in which pity and contempt struggled for mastery and on her prostrate husband one of infinite love and compassion. Then she turned and fled like a mad woman out of the room and out of the house!

Maya rushed back the way she had entered, away from the sight of Nikhil whom she now hated, and straight into the arms of the unprincipled villain who smiled evilly and triumphantly as the wildly sobbing girl threw herself into his embrace and alas! sought his protection! . . . Two hours later, beautiful reckless Maya left Nikhil's house and went—to what fate, who knows?

It was some hours after all this that Nikhil, still lying where he had stumbled and fallen in the afternoon, at last opened his eyes and stared blankly around him. Every nerve in his body was tense; wider and wider grew his eyes as he gazed with returning horror at the spot where he had seen Nilima. Slowly he rose to his feet—his knees shook and a sort of paralysis seemed to deny him all power of action. He was conscious of one desire only at that moment—to seek refuge in his room. Unsteadily but without accident, he passed through the door and somehow, he never quite knew how, he found himself a moment later safe in his own room with the door bolted! He threw himself upon the bed and it seemed to him afterwards that he must have lost consciousness.

To try to describe the agony Nikhil endured when his senses returned, would be futile. Such torment as was his while he lay tossing, such utter misery and hopelessness as filled his heart to bursting as he strode up and down with restless, uneven steps, are beyond all description. In his intense agony, in his terrible repentance, the prayer which rose from his suffering heart, parted his death-white lips, but remained unuttered. How could he pray? What forgiveness could there be for a wretch like him?

"Oh, my God! My God!" at last burst forth from Nikhil, as he suddenly threw himself on his knees beside the bed, "Hast Thou mercy for such as I am? Friend of the fallen, have mercy on me. My punishment is more than I can bear, oh, God!" He writhed, he groaned bitterly as he gasped out the words; he knelt with his face buried in the bed clothes and his nails digging deep into the palms of his clenched hands. A strong man's tears are always terrible, but the sobs that shook Nikhil while scalding, bitter tears gushed from his burning eyes, were rendered unspeakably so by the tragedy of his situation! "Oh, Nilima, Nilima, my wife, my beloved! Come to me and save me!" the poor, repentant husband called aloud in his agony. "Where is Nilima Where has she gone to? How can I ever face her? How can she ever forgive me?" These questions ceaselessly tortured his bewildered brain All else, everybody else was forgotten—he only wanted Nilima, his deserted wife—his angel, who had suffered and braevd so much for his unworthy sake!

"She still loves me, then", moaned Nikhil, as he thought with a deep shudder of all Nilima must have had to endure during these past months; he could scarcely even now believe that it was she, his wife, who had been his ministering angel all this time. Surely, then, she loved him, he thought? Yes, but "Oh!" he wept bitterly, "How dare I go to her? How dare I hope for her pardon?"

It was past midnight—the room was dark. Light is only for the innocent and happy; darkness is the friend of the fallen and the wretched. Nikhil prayed to-night as he had never prayed in his life before; every appeal to Heaven for courage to rush and throw himself at his wife's feet and crave the pardon he did not deserve, wrung his very soul! The awful paroxysm of tears was over—Nikhil was calmer now; he remained by the bed with bowed head—he neither raved nor even spoke his pain aloud. Worn out with suffering, he was silent except for the pathetic sob "Nilima! Nilima!" that came every few moments from his fevered lips, in heart-broken tones.

When the dawn of a new day began to break, the dawn of a brighter day broke as well for the repentant, weary sufferer, chasing away with its smiles of light, the tears of the terrible dark night that was past.

A door on the inner side of the room opened quietly, and there entered in silence, the figure of a woman—a figure that, in the light of the early dawn, looked that of an angel of peace carrying comfort to the lonely sufferer!

For one tense moment, she stood as if carved in stone, gazing with eyes of almost divine love and pardon on the kneeling figure of the man before her. No prayer for pardon could have appealed to her so surely as did the sight of that beloved head bowed in grief! The next moment, she approached and laid a hand on Nikhil's burning head. He leapt to his feet in a kind of unreasoning terror and faced the intruder. A sudden shivering seized Nikhil as he saw the face of his wife so close to his; he panted for speech—a lump rose in his throat and choked him. With a terrible effort, he found his voice.

"Nilima, Nilima, beloved wife—you! Oh, have you come to heap on me the curses I so richly deserve?"

"My love, my husband", replied Nilima taking his hand in both her own and looking at his haggard face with eyes dimmed with tears of love and compassion, "I have come to take you back to my heart which has loved you faithfully through all these weary weeks and months."

With a heart-broken sob which pierced Nilima's loving heart to its depths, Nikhil threw himself at her feet.

"Can it be possible that you forgive me? I cannot believe it, my beloved—my sin is beyond all pardon of God and man!" His voice broke into a wail as he ended. Nilima raised Nikhil to his feet, tenderly, lovingly, while she said through the sobs that choked her.

"If you have erred, husband, God pardon and comfort you. Between you and me, my beloved, there need be no talk of forgiveness—there is nothing to forgive!" And Nilima clasped her husband close to her faithful heart in deep, eloquent silence.

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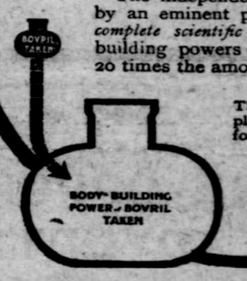

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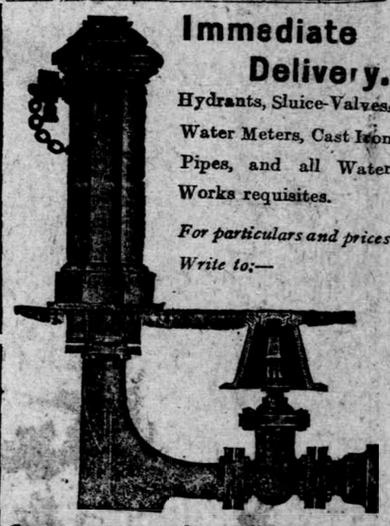

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